

ILLINOIS COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT 518
GALESBURG, ILLINOIS
www.sandburg.edu

JULY 1, 2017 – JUNE 30, 2018 BUDGET

Educational & Financial Plan

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I. Strategic Forecast



CARL SANDBURG COLLEGE

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

TO: Board of Trustees, Carl Sandburg College

Community College District #518

FROM: Lori L. Sundberg, President

SUBJECT: Budget for Fiscal Year 2018

Transmitted herewith is the budget for Carl Sandburg College District #518 for fiscal year 2018 (beginning July 1, 2017, and ending June 30, 2018).

The College rolled out a new strategic plan for 2016-2018. Many components of the plan remain constant such as the vision statement, core values and priorities. New KPI targets have been adopted and the College dashboards reflect a more cohesive effort to draw all components of the strategic plan into one location.

This budget was developed in light of the overall strategic plan and its priorities but most importantly, in light of the Illinois budget crisis. Given that higher education has received no funding except a small amount of stopgap funding, the administration wanted to develop a budget that required little to no State money.

Enrollment continues to be a top priority as it is one way to stabilize the institution. However, population declines are continuing in the district and the average age of those remaining is increasing. Our Recruitment team has been challenged with considering ways to increase enrollment in the coming years. In addition, student success and completion is at the forefront of everything we do at the College. Increasing persistence and retention will continue to help stabilize the College's financial situation as well.

The FY-2018 budget is developed on credit hour projections developed in conjunction with the Instructional Team. Given that two (2) of our three (3) major funding sources are directly affected by the number of credit hours produced in each program, the College's Administration placed a high priority on this aspect of our planning process.

The FY-2018 budget incorporates and reflects recognition of several significant factors:

- 1. We still face one of the most financially challenging landscapes ever faced by the State of Illinois and the Country as a whole.
- 2. Despite uncertainty over the local and state economy, the College budget will be adopted in accordance with the timeline approved by the Board of Trustees in January 2017.
- 3. Consistent with our assessment process, there is a commitment to look inward on the quality and efficiencies of current programs/activities to determine ways to provide better academic programming and services.
- 4. Our labor agreement successfully extended through June 30, 2019, as a result of our Interest Based Bargaining (IBB) process with the Sandburg Education Association (SEA).

While the College continues to face the most challenging financial times it has faced in its history, we remain committed internally and externally to achieving excellence in all that we do. Above all else, we remain committed to the students we serve.

May 02, 2017

To the Carl Sandburg College Board of Trustees:

Presented in this document is the Budget for Carl Sandburg College for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. The Annual Budget serves as the financial plan for all funds of the College. It has been developed utilizing a comprehensive, quality-enhancing approach designed to make the budget easily understood. We believe the following budget information presents the College's future plans and financial impact and includes information that has been suggested by the Board of Trustees, community members, and staff. All interested parties are encouraged to interact with College administration. Interaction among interested groups consistently leads to operational and educational improvements.

Organizational Summary

Background

Carl Sandburg College was established, by authority of the Illinois Community College Act of 1965, and was approved by voters in a September 1966 referendum. In 2010, The Higher Learning Commission North Central Association of College and Schools continued accreditation for ten years and indicated that fiscal management was a strong asset of the College.

The budget involves evaluating historical information and planning to meet future needs of our district as per our strategic plan. Budget managers have the ability to review all budgets and external audit reports as well as all financial transactions related to their responsibilities in a budget to actual format. With this information and their commitment to teaching and learning, they are able to contribute meaningful information for the budget.

The goal of any strategic planning process is simply to identify current needs and trends of an organization as well as to anticipate future necessities and opportunities. This reflective and proactive approach thereby allows an institution to develop a framework for considering both the current and future opportunities it has. Additionally, it provides a guiding light for everyone in the organization to see and understand where the organization is headed and why. The planning process also allows for formal action plans with measurable objectives to be developed so the organization can determine how best to allocate its scarce resources and also to have a mechanism in place to determine if it has met its goals.

The strategic planning process for Carl Sandburg College has these same goals. Carl Sandburg College has a rich and varied history; however, it has, over time, consistently maintained a strong commitment to its students and to all of the communities it serves. Additionally, it has come to be known as the Sandburg family to its employees. It is with this strong commitment to students, outreach and to each other, this strategic plan was formulated.

Strategic Planning Process

The Strategic Planning process for Carl Sandburg College includes an environmental scan, SWOT (Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities and Threats) analysis with the entire College community, a review of the mission statement, current focal points and goals, and a determination of core values. In addition to the planning process shared by the greater college community, the Board of Trustees participated in a planning process at their winter retreat.

Based upon feedback from the process, the following **Mission Statement** was crafted:

The mission of Carl Sandburg College is to provide all students with opportunities for success.

The following four **Core Values** have been affirmed:

Excellence, Collaboration, Integrity and Respect

Based upon feedback from the previous strategic planning process, the following **Vision Statement** was crafted:

Where dreams come to life, and lives come to change.

Strategic Planning Principles

Five Strategic Questions to Answer:

- 1. Are there resources to support our mission and vision?
- 2. Are the sources and use of funds matched appropriately?
- 3. Is the organization sustainable? (Can it survive?)
- 4. Is the organization practicing sustainable decision-making? (Are we making decisions for today AND five years from now?)
- 5. Is effectiveness (the right thing to do) and efficiency (doing it right) considered?

Strategic Plan Components: Awareness of current state

- ➤ Benchmark competitors and guidelines from accrediting bodies
- > SMART goals: specific, measureable, attainable, relevant and timely
- > Action steps
- > Assignments
- Assess progress formally--Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) for every goal
- ➤ Annual assessment
- > Assess, analyze and act on needed changes

As an institution, we need to think in terms of Return on Investment (ROI). What is our return on investment for various strategies or what can we expect for the money we are spending. ROI needs to be considered in the greater context of academics and learning and in our overall mission. In other words, we cannot make decisions solely on ROI, but ultimately, we have to be able to keep the College afloat.

Ultimate Question: What, if anything, are we going to do differently based on our mission and the data?

"In the absence of a strategic plan the budget becomes the strategic plan."

Process Design



Environmental Scan

The Reality

- 1. Enrollment is down (1995 levels)
- 2. Population is down
- 3. Market penetration is down
- 4. State funding is down
- 5. Mandates continue to increase

What Can We Do?

- 1. Increase market penetration
- 2. Increase retention
- 3. Increase graduation rates
- 4. Reallocate space to accommodate growth where possible
- 5. Increase efforts by Foundation/Advancement to provide additional funding for students without financial aid
- 6. Downsize operations*

Short Term: Enrollment Management Plan (1, 2, 3)

Long Term: Increasing efforts of the Foundation/Advancement (5)

*Downsize if above efforts do not produce additional enrollment (6)

The college has seen declining credit hour production over the last several years. We generate approximately 25% of our fiscal year credit hours in the occupational area, offering various career, technical and health education options as listed previously. The ability to earn an associate in applied science degree is an option to students in addition to the various certificates that may be achieved. The college continues to generate over 50% in the baccalaureate area, offering associate degrees for students who may wish to continue their education with a four-year university.

The enrollment of Carl Sandburg College has declined due to: declining district population, increasing age of district population and to completion of retraining offered to laid off workers from plant closures.

Briggs Manufacturing (Abingdon) closed in 2000, 300 jobs lost

Maytag Refrigeration Products (Knox County's largest employer) downsized 300 workers in July 2002, followed by October 2002 announcement of closing, additional loss of 2,400 jobs

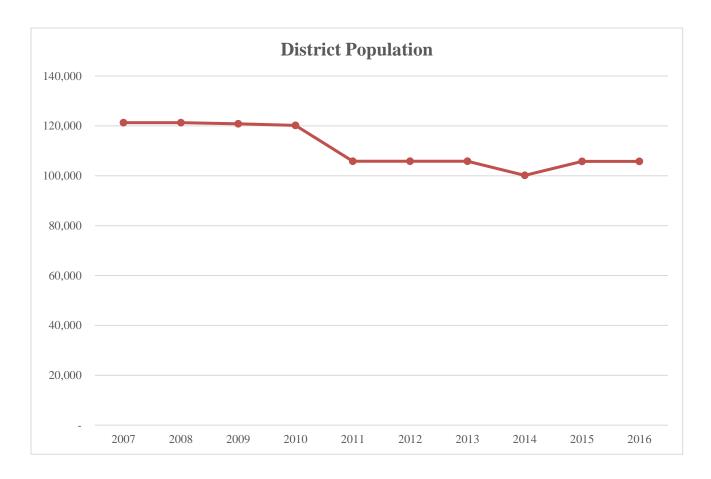
Methode Electronics (Carthage) announced restructuring, January 2008, estimated 550 jobs lost.

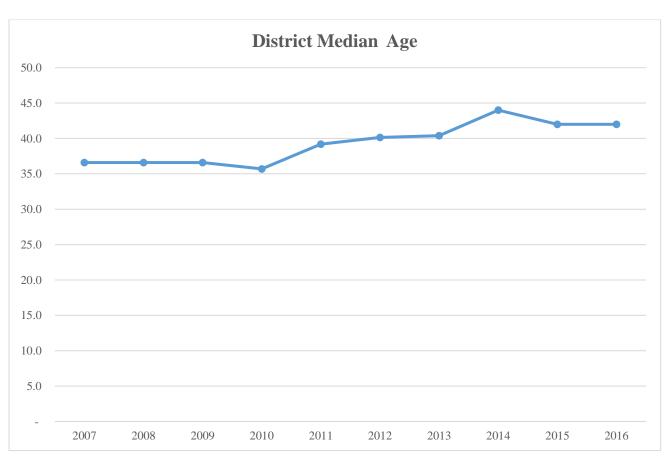
PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

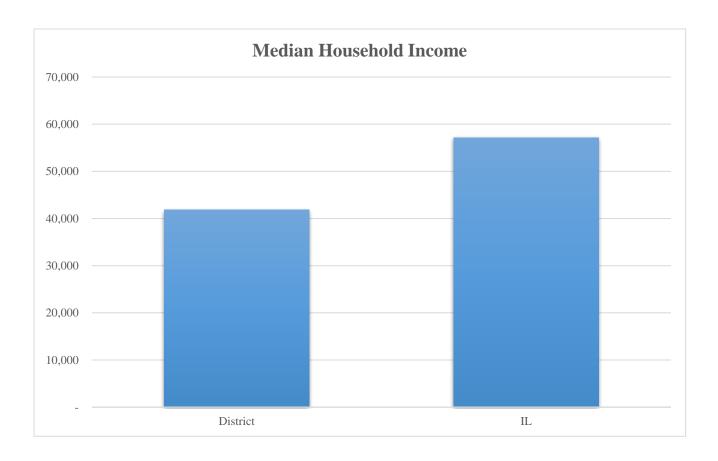
		2016			2007	
			Percentage			Percentage
			of Total			of Total
			District			District
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Smithfield Foods (Farmland)	1,600	1	1.91%	1,275	1	2.12%
Burlington Northern Santa Fe Railroad	1,100	2	1.31%	850	2	1.41%
OSF (Galesburg, Monmouth)	856	3	1.02%	525	4	0.87%
Community School District #205	594	4	0.71%	800	3	1.33%
Hy-Vee Food Stores	574	5	0.68%	450	6	0.75%
Dick Blick Art Materials	530	6	0.63%	300	10	0.50%
Galesburg Cottage Hospital	500	7	0.60%	500	5	0.83%
Bridgeway/Bridgeway Training	450	8	0.54%			
Knox County	420	9	0.50%	447	7	0.74%
Carl Sandburg College	332	10	0.40%			
Knox College				347	8	0.58%
H.C. Hill Correctional Center				316	9	0.53%
Total	6,956		8.30%	5,810		9.66%

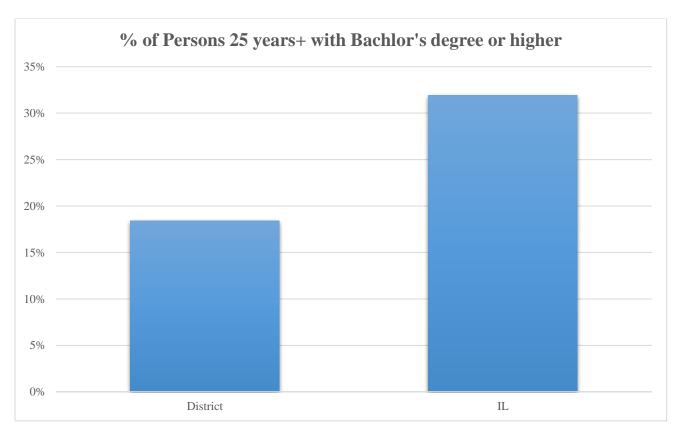
While these are not unique occurrences across the American landscape, when they happen in a sparsely populated, 3,000 square mile community college district, their impact is greatly amplified when:

- 1. Half of our district households earn less than \$25,000 a year.
- 2. Nearly (1/3) of families are eligible for free/reduced lunches.
- 3. 40% of single parent families live in poverty.
- 4. Only 18% of area residents hold bachelor's degrees (31% statewide).
- 5. Nearly 1/5 of adults lack a high school diploma.
- 6. 93% of students are "underprepared" based on ACT, SAT, ASSET, or COMPASS Scores (41% nationally).









SWOT Analysis

The SWOT analysis revealed the following Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities and Threats. Keeping in mind that strengths and weaknesses are internal to the College and opportunities and threats are external.

Strengths: caring faculty and staff

small class sizes

affordable

beautiful campuses and facilities

technology

customer services (student services)

student success efforts

mindset to collaborate with business and community partners

Weaknesses: lack of cohesive and well-planned online education

communication aging facilities

lack of a college-wide culture of assessment

Opportunities: student housing

international recruitment

recruitment of minority populations

expanded partnerships with other academic institutions (four-year colleges/universities

and K-12 schools) and business partners

Threats: a stagnant economy

declining population and enrollment

shrinking state funding

lack of growth in assessed valuations

loss of jobs in the region

increased federal and state regulations

increased unfunded mandates

academically underprepared students with additional financial and personal

challenges

increased consumerism expectations on the part of students and parents

Strategic Priorities

Carl Sandburg College Strategic Plan 2015-2018

Priorities: Areas of focus taking precedence in an environment of limited resources

A. Student Access and Success

- 1. Create, market, and implement educational programs to meet the needs of our district.
- 2. Create opportunities for students to have access to higher education.
- 3. Prepare students for their educational goals (i.e. adult and developmental education, financial aid, counseling, employability skills).
- 4. Provide student support services to ensure student success.
- 5. Create opportunities for lifelong learning.

B. Teaching and Learning

- 1. Ensure student learning and outcomes are achieved at all program levels (i.e. class, course, and program levels including general education outcomes).
- 2. Ensure and increase student retention and success.
- 3. Re-affirm a commitment, which recognizes the need for diversity.
- 4. Create opportunities for all within the College community to interact with understanding, appreciation and respect for others.
- 5. Ensure quality of educational programs, learning environments and support services through continuous improvement.

C. Community Alliances

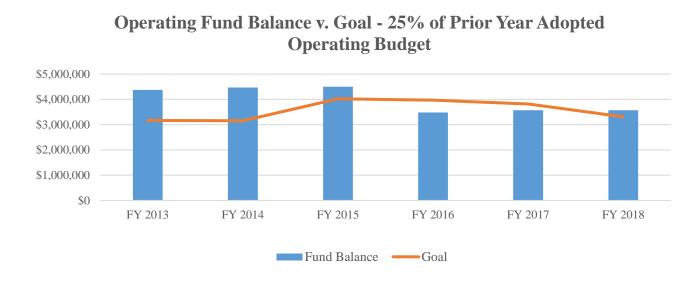
- 1. Expand partnerships with four-year colleges and universities.
- 2. Work collaboratively with K-12 school districts.
- 3. Develop programs in cooperation with neighboring institutions.
- 4. Work with local industry and workforce partners to build relationships to strengthen the workforce.

D. Operational Sustainability and Excellence

- 1. Embed the use of data into the culture for decision-making.
- 2. Develop and utilize an enrollment management plan to stabilize and guide the institution's enrollment.
- 3. Establish and maintain effective technology in academic programs and support functions.
- 4. Ensure professional development opportunities are available to all employees.
- 5. Ensure the financial stability of the College.
- 6. Maintain a competitive compensation program to enable the College to attract and retain a quality workforce.
- 7. Commit to diversity in hiring.
- 8. Maintain and refresh all College facilities.
- 9. Commit to all feasible sustainability efforts.
- 10. Insure compliance with accrediting bodies and governmental agencies.

Long Range Financial Forecast

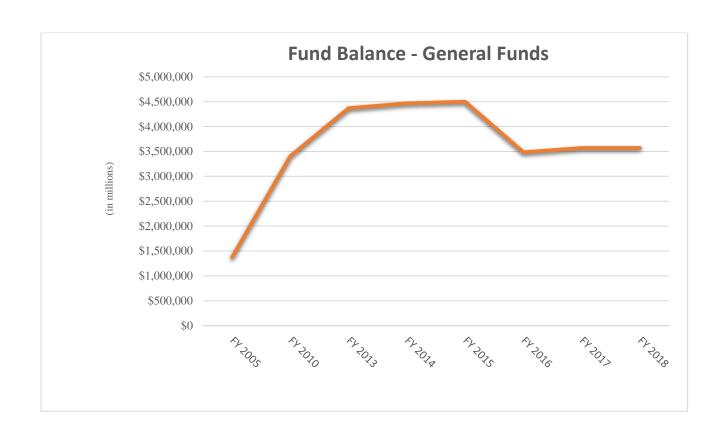
The College strategic plan adopted a financial goal of maintaining an operating fund balance equal to 25% of the previous year's adopted operating budget. The College had increased the average operating fund balance over the last several years. This allowed the College to be more adaptable in periods of economic downturn. With the lack of a state budget and higher education appropriation, FY 2016 fund balance dropped. There is a slight chance of receiving state funds; but, the budget reflects a more conservative approach with no state funding shown for FY 2018.



General Funds Projected Fund Balance

The college has constructed the FY 2018 operating budget as conservatively as possible, especially with the continued uncertainty with state funding. Still, the college will use fund balance appropriations of approximately \$469,000 in FY 2018 to upgrade technology and extend student services through tutoring efforts.

At year end, unexpended and unencumbered monies held within a particular fund accumulate from year to year and are designated as fund balances. Various reasons can account for the accumulation of fund balances. In some instances, conservative spending of budgeted monies creates a surplus at year end. In other instances, monies are received in one fiscal year with the intent to be expended in a subsequent year for a particular purpose. This would be typical for a capital construction project that takes potentially longer to complete. Accumulated fund balances are available for appropriation in subsequent years. The graph below reflects the use of general fund balance in FY 2016, due to lack of state funding.

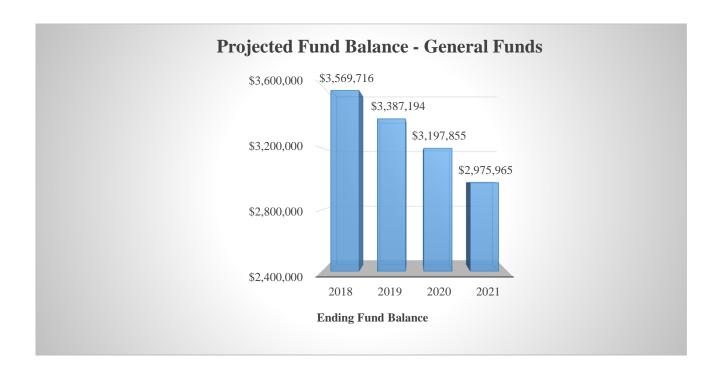


Carl Sandburg College General Funds-Projected Changes in Fund Balance

	2018	2019	2020	2021
Beginning Balance	\$ 3,569,1	17 \$ 3,569,716	\$ 3,387,194	\$ 3,197,855
Revenues	\$12,339,6	\$12,316,651	\$12,492,515	\$12,671,192
Expenditures	12,670,0	45 \$12,822,086	\$13,001,595	\$13,209,620
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ (330,4	01) \$ (505,434)	\$ (509,080)	\$ (538,428)
Transfers	331,0	00 322,912	319,741	316,539
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 3,569,7	16 \$ 3,387,194	\$ 3,197,855	\$ 2,975,965

Transfers in for capital expenditures funded from STEF and Working Cash.

Transfers out for student activities.



Budget Development

Planning is a continuous process, which takes place at various management levels of the College and involves students, administrators, faculty, staff and stakeholders in a coordinated effort to constantly improve the College's ability to best serve the residents of the District. Energies focus on stakeholder concerns, community condition, capital asset assessment, debt levels, performance measures and safety.

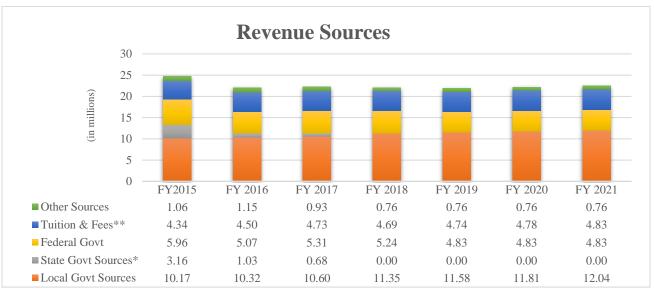
It is the philosophy of the College, that a balanced budget is a fundamental element of financial accountability. Expenditures for a given year should be no greater than projected resources available. Thus, the first step in the budgeting process is development of a comprehensive revenue estimate. This estimate is extracted from the most recent known data and projections from the five-year forecasting model of assumptions used by the budget committee. Revenue projections are refined as the College progresses through the budget process.

Significant Financial and Demographic Changes

The most critical issues facing the College in the near future are enrollment, property tax base changes or state mandated property tax freeze and lack of state budget or cuts. Many factors affect student enrollment including economic factors, financial aid factors, population trends and barriers specific to individual students. The college continues to work diligently to assure that all students apply to receive all financial aid they are qualified to receive. This can include federal funding sources such as Pell Grants, Direct Loans, and/or state monetary award grants, if funded by the State of Illinois. In recent years, these sources have been reduced. The Department of Education rules now state that loans are to be disbursed by the college financial aid department. The college has seen an 8% increase in the average amount of aid our students receive. Population for the district and the K-12 schools within our district has declined and unemployment rates remain above the state average.

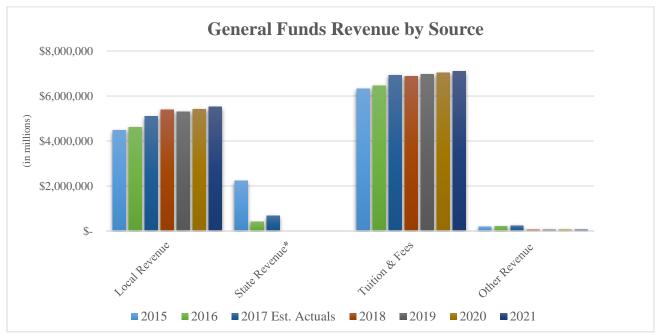
Revenue

Revenue within each fund is classified according to source: Local Sources, State Sources, Federal Sources, Tuition and Fees, and Other Sources (not including Transfers In). The chart below illustrates revenue sources for the FY 2018 Budget thru the projected FY 2021 budget. In the past, the College has relied on three major sources of revenue for operating — Local Government Sources (property taxes), State Government Sources (ICCB grants), and Tuition and fees. Federal Sources reflect grants received and restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Fund balance appropriations are not included. The FY 2018 budget reflects a more conservative approach to state funds. State government sources have been eliminated.



*Excluding SURS on behalf

^{**}Net of Scholarship Allowances



^{*}Excluding SURS on behalf

Tax Base Trends

Taxes are generated from a general property tax placed upon all real property within the College district. For fiscal year 2018, local tax revenues include taxes levied on property owners for calendar year 2016, payable in June and September of 2017. The taxable value or equalized assessed valuation (EAV) approximates one-third of the market value of the land in the district. The underlying value of this real property has experienced long-term growth of approximately 2% annually.

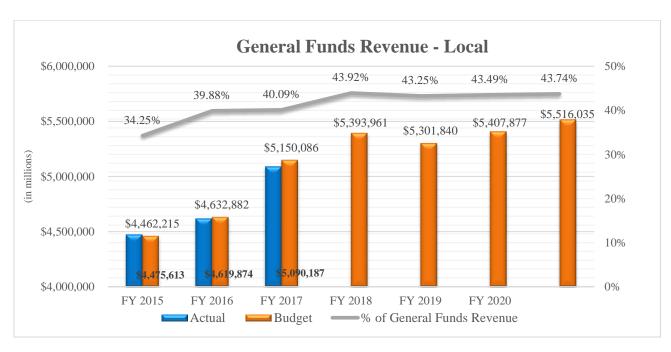
Economic conditions in the communities served by Carl Sandburg College District 518 are such that many industries have moved from the area. We are also faced with 40% of our district being comprised of farmland. The loss of industry has affected our tax base; however, future possibilities for the community look promising and we anticipate level to small increases in FY 2018-2021.

Property Taxes

The following table illustrates the College's property tax levy rates and EAV over the last fiscal years.

EAV supporting our fiscal year:

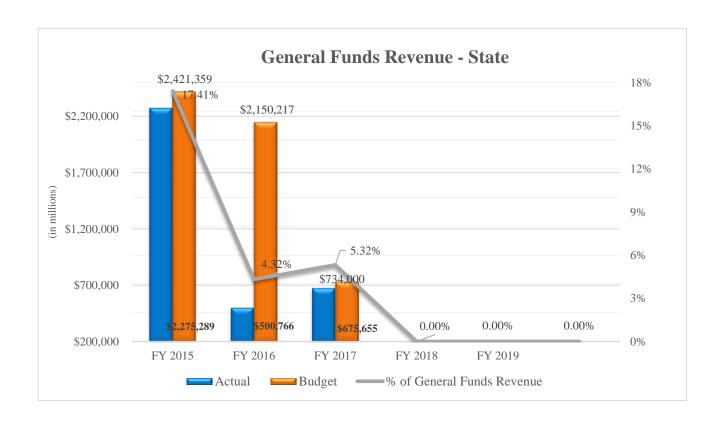
swpp or time our rise and y care									
FY		2015		2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Assessed Valuation	\$	1,567,752,501	\$	1,621,847,863	\$1,666,378,733	\$1,716,370,095	\$1,755,846,607	\$1,790,963,539	\$1,826,782,810
% increase/(decrease)		2.4%		3.5%	2.7%	3.0%	2.3%	2.0%	2.0%
Levy Rate (per \$100 of assessed val	\$ luatio	0.6252 on per levey yea		0.6192	0.6317	0.6468	0.6449	0.645	0.645
% increase/(decrease)		0.4%		-1.0%	2.0%	2.4%	-0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Change in tax extension	\$	261,706	\$	241,520	\$ 484,032	\$ 574,967	\$ 221,973	\$ 228,260	\$ 231,034
% increase/(decrease)		2.74%		2.46%	4.82%	5.46%	2.00%	2.02%	2.00%



State Revenue

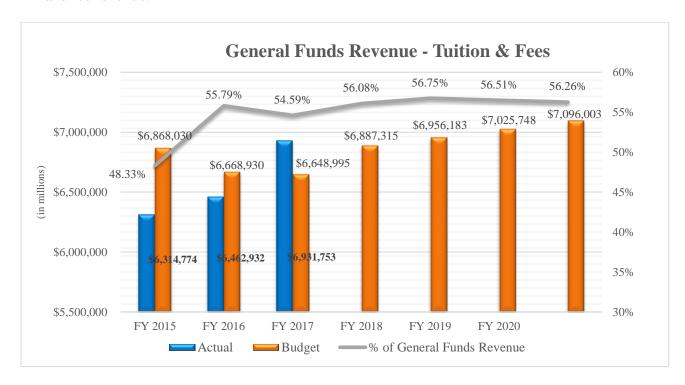
FY 2018 State of Illinois appropriations remain unknown due to the financial difficulties the state faces. With no specific state budget for FY 2016 or FY 2017 and no information available, the College has budgeted no state funding for FY 2018. With continuing shortfalls in state funding, the college is prepared to utilize our Working Cash fund to ensure that payments of all obligations are met in a timely fashion.

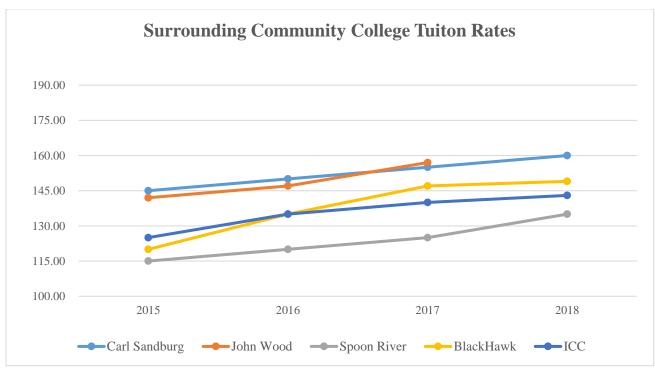
Substantially all employer contributions to the State University Retirement System have been recorded by the State of Illinois on behalf of the individual employers at an actuarially determined rate. These contributions have not been fully funded. The College recognizes the proportionate share of collective pension expense as both revenue and matching expenditure in the financial statements. These amounts are not being shown in the budget.



Tuition and Fee Revenues

• Tuition rates per credit hour will be between 80 and 100% of the College's most recently audited per capita cost (excluding bond and interest payments) per board resolution in January 2008. Tuition is expected to increase an average of 2% annually over the next four years. With a small increase in the per credit hour tuition rate and fairly flat credit hours projected, there will be small increases in tuition and fee revenue.

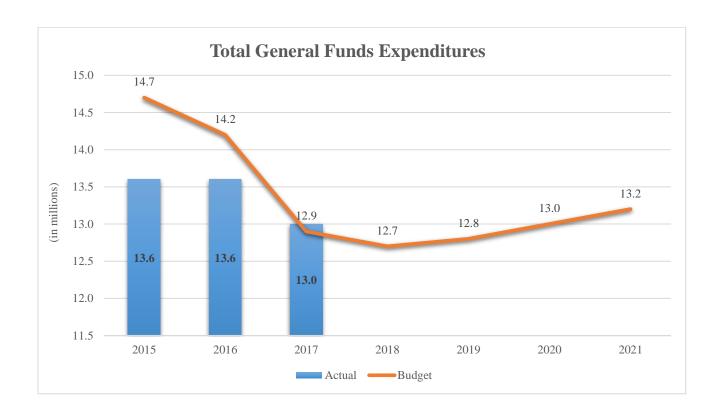




^{*(}John Wood has not figured their 2018 tuition rates – as of 04/13/17)

Expenditures

The rolling salary agreement in effect through Fiscal Year 2019 allows the College to project known salary increases. Fiscal Year 2018 includes a 3.0% increase in salaries. As medical costs continue to soar, the administration, in an effort to operate knowing maximum costs, changed the employee health insurance to a wholly funded plan, which began January 1, 2006. This enabled us to budget with known costs for the balance of calendar year 2017 of \$8,374 per full-time employee. College scholarships for students have been budgeted based on prior actual figures as tuition revenue and student service other expense at \$625,000.

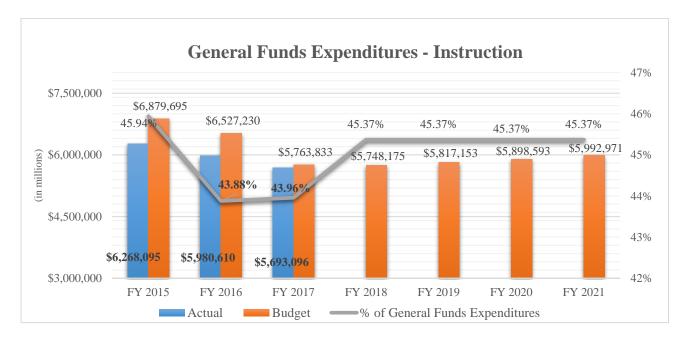


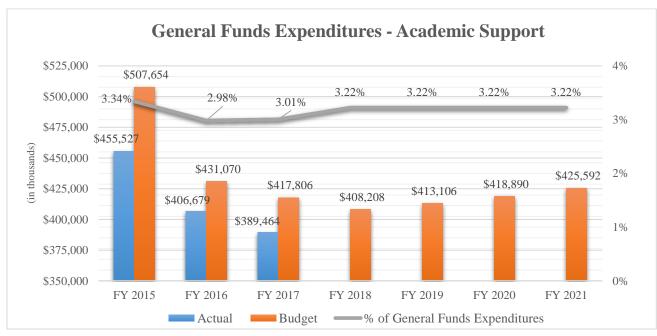
General Funds Expenditures cost per credit hour

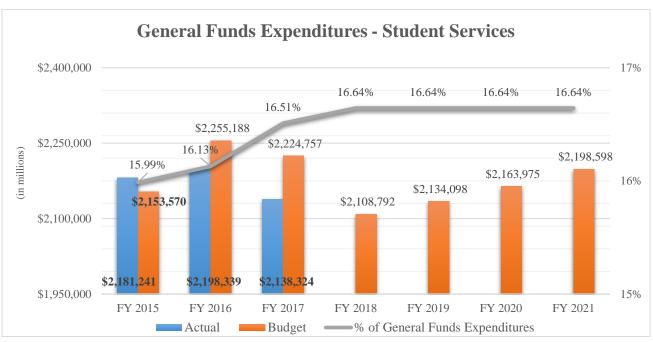
		Ed/O&M						
	Certified	(Operating	C	ost per			
	credit hours	Expenses		cre	credit hour			
2016	37,747.8	\$	13,578,896	\$	359.73			
2015	40,171.5	\$	13,585,934	\$	338.20			
2014	43,525.3	\$	13,552,996	\$	311.38			

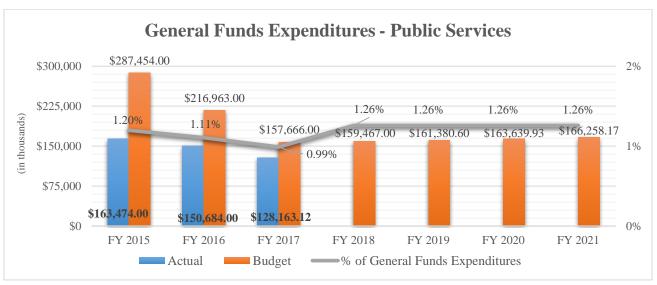
Projected General Funds Expenditures

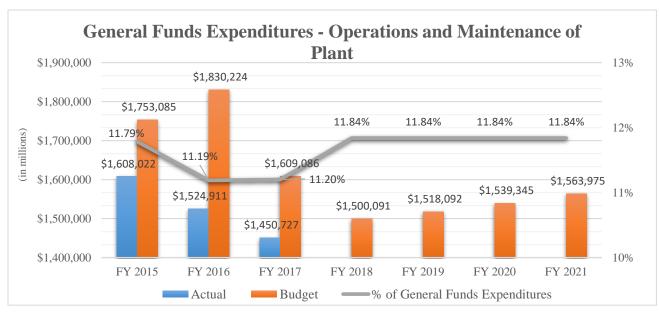
- Projected expenditures reflect the known 3% negotiated increase in salary in FY 2018. FY 2019 is shown with a negotiated rate of 3.25%. Small projected retirements/layoff are also shown.
- Benefits reflect a 5% increase annually to cover potential health insurance increases, possible contributions to SURS and a potential decrease in full-time employees.
- Contractual services and general materials and supplies are adjusted by 1.5% annually for a cost of living adjustment.
- Utilities assume a 3% increase in 2018-2019. The College has locked in electric rates by extending our contract thru November 2018. We have also negotiated a natural gas contract thru June 2018.
- All other expenses are assumed to remain flat.
- State on behalf payments to SURS are not shown in the budget.

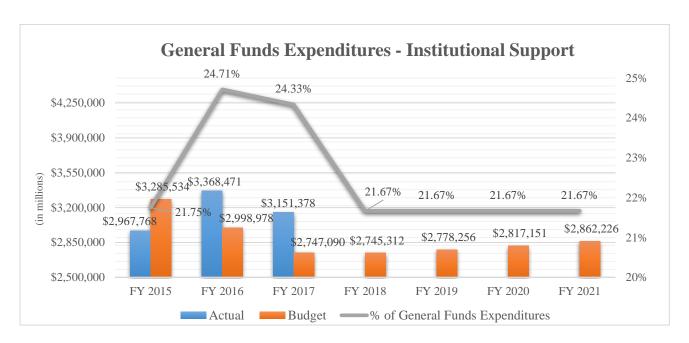












Student Enrollment Trends

We serve a diverse group of students. In the fall of 2016, the College enrolled 1,927 students, with an average age of 24 years. Women represented 61 percent of the student body and 55 percent of the student body were part-time students. Many students balance the demands of College with work and family responsibilities.

The following table illustrates enrollments and total credit hours for FY 2015-2017, and projected information for FY 2018, 2019, 2020, and 2021.

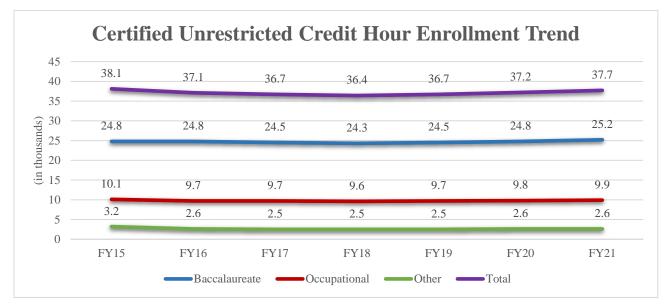
			Estimated	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected
Fiscal Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Fall College Enrollment	2,200	2,082	1,927	1,888	1,888	1,917	1,955
Annual Full-time equivalent students	1,339	1,258	1,237	1,212	1,212	1,230	1,255
Continuing Education CH	696	517	649	649	652	659	665
Total Annual CH	40,172	37,748	37,098	36,356	36,356	36,901	37,639

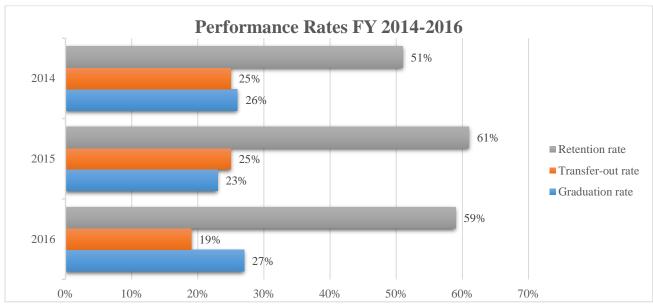
The College has the resources required to serve student enrollment. We have demonstrated our ability to serve increasing enrollments due to dislocated workers but also acknowledge those students have completed their education and reentered the workforce. We are now faced with the continued unemployment rate rising and retraining needed due to the economic condition of the area.

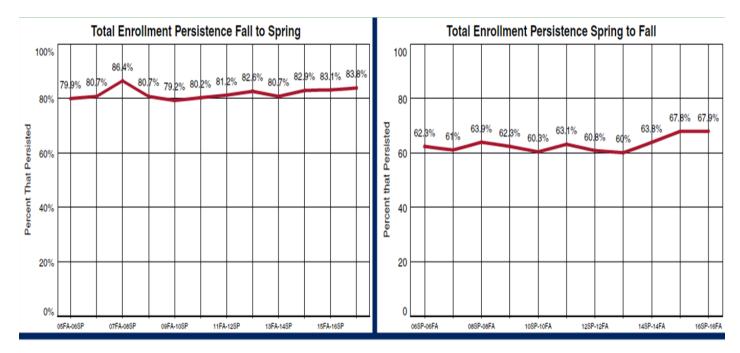
Enrollment Data

Historically, most employment in the Carl Sandburg College district had been in manufacturing and farming. However, our district has experienced continued economic stress with the loss of several manufacturing plants over the last several years.

- New programs are being designed to meet potential employment opportunities within our district.
- The administration estimates that currently 20% of our full-time students are participating in our athletic programs. The College has recently added Men's and Women's Golf, Cross Country, and Soccer to meet our students' interests.
- Baccalaureate/Transfer enrollment will continue to be steady to small growth. There can be significant savings in completing general education requirements through the community college and then transferring to complete your degree. Projections show a 1% 2% increase per year.
- The Enrollment Management commission has also been established to develop a comprehensive enrollment management program. Implementation will increase recruitment and retention. Initial calculations show FTE students increasing an average of 6% annually over the next four years. For budget purposes, a more conservative 0 2% increase is shown

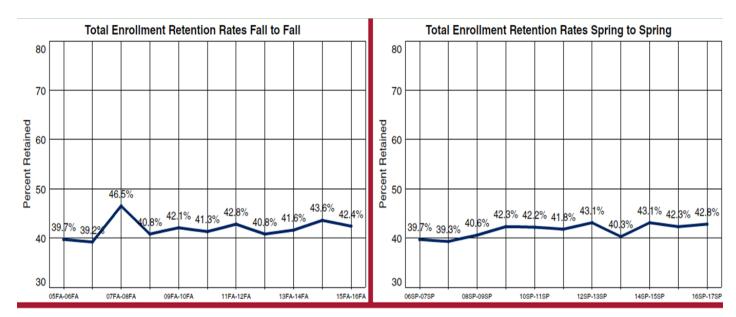






Aggregated Data Not reported to IPEDS

Registered Anyone within the specified term who was ever registered in an undergraduate level (UG) class with a credit hour value greater than zero. 1st Day Anyone from the Registered group who is actively registered in at least one of their classes on the first day of that class. 10th Day Anyone from the 1st Day group who is actively registered in at least one of their classes on the 10th day of that class. Mid-Term Anyone from the 10th Day group who is actively registered in at least one of their classes on the midterm date of that class. Final Anyone from the Mid-Term group who is actively registered in at least one of their classes on the final day of that class regardless of final grade. Retained Anyone from the Final group who is actively registered in at least one of their classes on the 10th day of the same term in the next year.

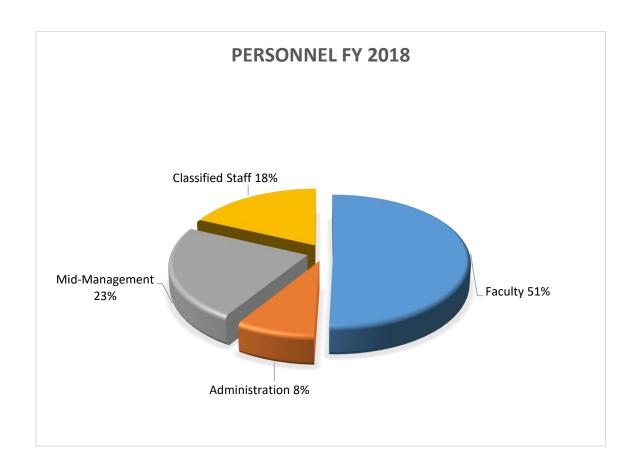


Aggregated Data
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Personnel Resource Allocations

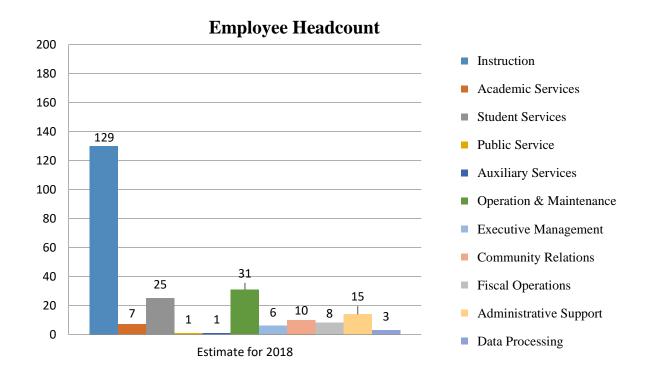
The College continues to evaluate positions and responsibilities in order to maintain an effective and efficient learning process. Faculty represents the number of employees in instruction for the College. This is currently projected to be 51% of the College workforce. Administration includes primary officers of the College including the President, Vice Presidents, Deans of the instructional divisions of the College, and Directors of non-academic divisions or major departments of the College. Mid-Management personnel have consistent exercise of discretion and judgment in performing support activities. This category also includes technical staff. Classified staff includes clerical and physical plant employees.



Fiscal Year	2015	2016	2017	Projected 2018
Faculty				
Full-Time	51	50	47	46
Part-Time	111	99	73	72
Subtotal	162	149	120	118
Administration				
Full-Time	23	21	19	19
Part-Time	0	0	1	1
Subtotal	23	21	20	20
Mid-Management				
Full-Time	56	53	51	52
Part-Time	3	3	3	3
Subtotal	59	56	54	55
Classified Staff				
Full-Time	47	43	40	40
Part-Time	7	4	3	3
Subtotal	54	47	43	43
GRAND TOTAL	298	273	237	236

- In the past five years, faculty have been able to serve the fluctuation of the number of students by adjusting the number of part-time instructors and class sizes. The College demonstrated the ability to serve the increasing enrollments due to dislocated workers.
- The President's Cabinet now monitors all non-instructional hiring in an effort to use College resources in the most conservative way and to ensure that requests for replacements are essential to College operations.

- FY 2015 began with restructuring faculty from the prior fiscal year due to retirements. Classified and mid-management staff are reduced with the recent closure of the Children's School as well as retirements in those classifications too. One administrator moves from part-time to full-time with additional duties in the new Institutional Effectiveness program.
- FY 2016 includes many restructured programs and employee re-classifications with the on-going absence of state funding. This includes the suspension of the Adult Education site in Galesburg, as well as the programs available at that location. We made the transition away from maintaining a brick-and-mortar facility in Bushnell and are providing more access to online education. By making these changes, administration was reduced by two positions and staff by three. Full-time faculty was reduced by one and the average employment of adjunct faculty reduced from 111 in 2015 to 99 in 2016. These changes allow us to budget personnel in a more effective manner to better serve our district.



Personnel Resources

Carl Sandburg College is committed to its employees. Our faculty and staff are paramount to our mission to provide all students with opportunities for success. The College dedicates approximately 73% of the operating budget to salaries and benefits. Total general fund salaries include 56% for direct instruction and 16% for student services salaries. This critical investment in people equates to a total of 47 full-time and 73 part-time faculty in FY 2017 and projected 46 full-time and 72 part-time faculty in FY 2018.

The workforce is determined by projected student enrollment and curriculum requirements. With the concentration on meeting the changing needs in our community to provide quality education, the College continues to search for professional, skilled employees.

Acknowledgments:

We would like to express our appreciation to the Board of Trustees for their continued interest in planning and conducting the fiscal operations of the College in a responsible and accountable manner.

Respectfully submitted,

By: s/s Julie Gibb

Julie Gibb Vice President of Academic Services

By: s/s Lisa Blake

Lisa Blake Chief Financial Officer

II. Resource Allocation



Budget Development

Planning is a continuous process, which takes place at various management levels of the College and involves students, administrators, faculty, staff and stakeholders in a coordinated effort to constantly improve the College's ability to best serve the residents of the District. Energies focus on stakeholder concerns, community condition, capital asset assessment, debt levels, performance measures and safety.

Major programs are:

- **Instruction** consists of those activities dealing directly with the teaching of students. It includes the activities of faculty in the baccalaureate-oriented/transfer, occupational-technical career, general studies, and remedial and ABE/ASE programs (associate degree credit and certificate credit). It includes expenditures for department chairpersons, administrators, and support staff for whom instruction is an important role. It also includes all equipment, materials, supplies, and costs that are necessary to support the instructional program.
- **Academic Support** includes the operation of the library, educational media services, instructional materials center, and academic computing used in the learning process. Some other activities include tutoring, leaning skills centers, and reading and writing centers.
- **Student Services** function provides assistance in the areas of financial aid, admissions and records, placement, testing, counseling, and student activities.
- **Public Service/Continuing Education** consists of noncredit classes and other activities of an educational nature, such as workshops, seminars, forums, exhibits, and the provision of college facilities and expertise to the community designed to be of service to the public.
- Auxiliary Services provides for the operation of the cafeteria, bookstore, student organizations, athletics, and other related activities. Activities included in Auxiliary Services should be selfsupporting.
- Operation and Maintenance of Plant consists of housekeeping activities necessary in order to keep the physical facilities open and ready for use. Maintenance of plant consists of those activities necessary to keep the grounds, buildings, and equipment operating efficiently. This function also provides for plant utilities as well as equipment, materials, supplies, fire protection, property insurance, and other costs that are necessary to support this function.
- **Institutional Support** includes expenditures for central executive-level activities and support services that benefit the entire institution. Examples include expenses for the governing board, administrative data processing, fiscal operations, legal services, public relations, etc.

Use of Funds

	Student	Teaching	Community	Operational
	Access &	&	Alliances	Sustainability
	Success	Learning		& Excellence
Instruction Activities				
Activities dealing directly with the teaching of students.	X	X	X	
VP of Academic Services				
Deans & Associate Deans				
Director of Corporate & Leisure Colleges				
Academic Support				
Activities designed to provide support services for instruction				
and research, including the library, educational media				
services and academic computing used in the learning	X	X		X
process.				
VP of Academic Services				
VP of Student Services				
Dean of Institutional Effectiveness & Human Resources				
Associate Director of Technology Services				
Student Services				
Provides assistance in the areas of financial aid, admissions				
and records, placement, testing, counseling and student	X	X	X	X
activities.				
VP of Student Services				
Dean of Student Success				
Director of Admissions & Records				
Athletic Director				
Director of Financial Aid				
Director of Recruiting				
Director of TRIO Student Support Services				
Director of TRIO Upward Bound				
Public Service/Continuing Education				
Non-credit classes and other activities of an educational	X	X	X	
nature, such as workshops and seminars.				
VP of Academic Services				
Dean of Career and Corporate Development				
Director of Corporate & Leisure Colleges				
Institutional Support				
Central executive-level activities and support services that	X	X	X	X
benefit the entire institution.				
President				
Chief Financial Officer				
Dean of Extension Services				
Dean of Institutional Effectiveness & Human Resources				
Director of Human Resources				
Director of Institutional Effectiveness				
Director of Marketing & Public Relations				
Associate Director of Technology Services				
Operations & Maintenance				
Housekeeping activities necessary in order to keep the	X	X		X
physical facilities open and ready for use, security and plant				
utilities.				
VP of Student Services				
Chief Financial Officer				
Director of Public Safety				
	1	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

	General Fund	Special Revenue	Bond & Interest	Capital Projects	Auxiliary Fund	Working Cash Fund
Instruction	X	X				
Academic Instruction	X	X				
Academic Support	X					
Library	X					
Student Services	X	X			X	
Admissions/Records	X					
Enrollment Services	X	X				
Financial Aid	X	X				
Recruitment	X				X	
Athletic Director					X	
Public Services	X					
Community Service	X					
Continuing Education	X					
- G						
O&M Physical Plant	X					
Building Maintenance	X					
Custodial Services	X					
Utilities	X					
Auxiliary Fund					X	
Bookstore					X	
Student Activities					X	
Institutional Support	X	X	X	X		X
Audit		X				
Bond & Interest			X			
Payments						
Cash Transfers	X	X		X		X
Communications	X					
Human Resources	X					
Marketing & Public Relations	X					
PHS				X		
Security/Risk		X		71		
Management		Λ				

Challenges

- a stagnant economy
- declining population and enrollment
- > shrinking state funding
- > lack of growth in assessed valuations
- loss of jobs in the region
- > increased federal and state regulations
- > increased unfunded mandates
- > academically underprepared students with additional financial and personal challenges
- increased consumerism expectations on the part of students and parents

The most critical issues facing the College in the near future are enrollment, property tax base changes or state mandated property tax freeze and lack of state budget or cuts. Many factors affect student enrollment including economic factors, financial aid factors, population trends and barriers specific to individual students. The college continues to work diligently to assure that all students apply to receive all financial aid they are qualified to receive. This can include federal funding sources such as Pell Grants, Direct Loans, and/or state monetary award grants, if funded by the State of Illinois. In recent years, these sources have been reduced. The Department of Education rules now state that loans are to be disbursed by the college financial aid department. The college has seen an 8% increase in the average amount of aid our students receive. Population for the district and the K-12 schools within our district has declined and unemployment rates remain above the state average.

Economic conditions in the communities served by Carl Sandburg College District 518 are such that many industries have moved from the area. We are also faced with 40% of our district being comprised of farmland. The loss of industry has affected our tax base; however future possibilities for the community look promising and we anticipate level to small increases in FY 2017-2019.

Strategic Priorities

Carl Sandburg College Strategic Plan 2015-2018

Priorities: Areas of focus taking precedence in an environment of limited resources

A. Student Access and Success

- 1. Create, market and implement educational programs to meet the needs of our district.
- 2. Create opportunities for students to have access to higher education.
- 3. Prepare students for their educational goals (i.e. adult and developmental education, financial aid, counseling, employability skills).
- 4. Provide student support services to ensure student success (instruction, student services, cohorts, TRIO and 24/7 tutor).
- 5. Create opportunities for lifelong learning.

B. Teaching and Learning

- 1. Ensure student learning and outcomes are achieved at all program levels (i.e. class, course, and program levels including general education outcomes).
- 2. Ensure and increase student retention and success.
- 3. Re-affirm a commitment which recognizes the need for diversity.
- 4. Create opportunities for all within the College community to interact with understanding, appreciation and respect for others.
- 5. Ensure quality of educational programs (increase pass rates, CARS, PARS), learning environments (revenue/cost) and support services (advisory committees) through continuous improvement.

C. Community Alliances

- 1. Expand partnerships with four-year colleges and universities.
- 2. Work collaboratively with K-12 school districts.
- 3. Develop programs in cooperation with neighboring institutions.
- 4. Work with local industry and workforce partners to build relationships to strengthen the workforce.

D. Operational Sustainability and Excellence

- 1. Embed the use of data into the culture for decision-making.
- 2. Develop and utilize an enrollment management plan to stabilize and guide the institution's enrollment.
- 3. Establish and maintain effective technology in academic programs and support functions (STEF).
- 4. Ensure professional development opportunities are available to all employees.
- 5. Ensure the financial stability of the College.
- 6. Maintain a competitive compensation program to enable the College to attract and retain a quality workforce.
- 7. Commit to diversity in hiring.
- 8. Maintain and refresh all College facilities.
- 9. Commit to all feasible sustainability efforts.
- 10. Insure compliance with accrediting bodies and governmental agencies.

Carl Sandburg College Strategic Plan 2015-2018

Institutional Key Performance Indicators

A. Student Access and Success

- 1. Increase persistence of all students to 85% by the end of FY 18.
- 2. Retain 65% of all students by the end of FY 18.
- 3. Increase the completion rate, using FY 15 data as a baseline, by 3% by the end of FY 16, 4% by the end of FY 17, and 5% by the end of FY 18.
- 4. Increase Graduation/Transfer Rate (IPEDS) to a total of 55% by the end of FY 18.
- 5. Score in the top 15% of the cohort/comparison group institutions in all benchmark areas of the CCSSE by the end FY 18.

B. Teaching and Learning

- 1. 100% of faculty will annually assess, analyze and implement an action as documented on the Classroom Assessment Reports (CAR) by the end of FY 16.
- 2. 100% of all disciplines and programs are annually assessed, analyzed and acted upon with actions documented on the Program Assessment Reports (PAR) by the end of FY 17.
- 3. 100% of transfer faculty will assess, analyze and act on at least one General Education Outcome (Communication, Critical Thinking, Cultural Diversity, Information Technology and Quantitative Skills) annually through FY 18.

C. Community Alliances (These KPIs will be on ongoing through the end of FY 18.)

- 1. Determine community workforce needs (through Advisory Committees, DOL statistics, business partner feedback, Work Force Investment Board feedback, Graduate follow-up study, etc.).
- 2. Expand awareness and opportunities for 2 + 2 college/university partnerships while maintaining established partnerships.
- 3. Sustain and expand efforts with K-12 and business partners.

D. Operational Sustainability and Excellence

- 1. Increase enrollment by 10% by the end of FY 18.
- 2. Maintain an annual operating balance of 25% of previous year's budget annually through FY 18.
- 3. Maintain a cash balance of 60 operating days annually through FY 18.
- 4. 100% compliance with all accrediting bodies and governmental agencies annually through FY 18.
- 5. 100% of all programs will be positive on the revenue/cost report annually through FY 18.
- 6. Create and maintain alignment of goals and priorities between the Carl Sandburg College Foundation and the College to expand the Foundation's support of the College annually through FY 18.
- 7. Decrease salary support by 25% to the Carl Sandburg College Foundation by the end of FY 18.

Student Access and Success

- Dual Enrollment Pell Grant Experiment
 - Carl Sandburg College was selected as one of only 44 postsecondary institutions in the country to take part in an experimental program from the US Department of Education that allows dual enrollment students to access Federal Pell Grants during their high school careers. Pell grants are awarded to low-income students and do not have to be repaid. During the 2015-2016 academic year, 438 students from 12 high schools in Sandburg's district were enrolled in dual credit courses. According to www.illinoisreportcard.com, 12 of the 14 high school districts within Sandburg's district have more than 40 percent of their students classified as low-income.
 - The College's objectives as part of the plan are to:
 - Expend access to dual enrollment courses for low-income, first generation students
 - Increase postsecondary education enrollment for students who participate in the dual enrollment program
 - Increase persistence rates for students in the program
 - Increase collaboration with high school district partners
 - Research shows that participation in dual enrollment courses can lead to better grades in high school, higher rates of persistence in college, greater credit accumulation and increased rates of credential attainment.
- The College has also embedded an Associate in Arts degree in a local high school with interest in expanding to additional district high schools.
- The Carl Sandburg College Tutoring Program is a fantastic, free resource for all Carl Sandburg College students. Through tutoring, our goal is to provide friendly, accessible academic assistance in all subject areas. Tutoring is available primarily on a walk-in basis, though students can call ahead to schedule an appointment.
 - Students have access to tutoring any day, any time with Brainfuse. If you have internet
 access and a Carl Sandburg College student email account, you can take advantage of
 this resource.
 - Online tutoring is free, one-on-one, real-time tutoring via your computer, tablet, or smart phone. Brainfuse records your documents and tutoring sessions, so they are easily accessible as study notes later, or sent to your instructor. Best of all, it is a tutoring service that conforms to *your* schedule—even if that means you are getting tutored at 3 AM! Brainfuse also offers skill building exercises, video tutorials, practice tests, and much more.
 - o In addition to Brainfuse online tutoring, Skype sessions with tutors at the Galesburg campus's Tutoring Center are available by arrangement.

Teaching and Learning

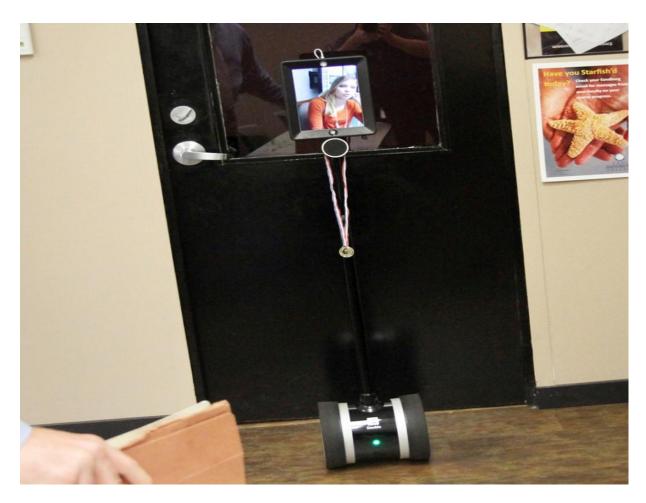
• Changing the traditional classroom structure has allowed team-based learning environments. Rather than a traditional desk and chair setup, the classroom has students arranged in "pods" with comfortable, living room style chairs. Students like the relaxed setting and the discussion aspects. Students are engaged.



• Some classes are not utilizing a textbook. The College Open Education Resource Course Initiative (OERCI) is looking to save the student money and still provide quality education.

Operational Sustainability and Excellence

- Technology in academic programs continues to expand. The biology lab is using a MiPlatform, a device that mounts smartphones to microscopes. The instrument allows students to see the same image on a larger screen at the same time rather than taking turns on the same microscope or using several microscopes for the entire class.
- Telepresence robots, which look like iPads mounted on small Segway self-balancing, battery powered machines, are making distance learning easier, clearer and more realistic for online students. The remote student simply connects to the robot via a smartphone, desktop computer or tablet using a Chrome browser. This allows the remote students to roam across a classroom, listen in to conversations, "sit" at a table and participate in group projects. The learner's image and voice are broadcast from a screen on the robot.



• The One Button Studio allows students and staff an area to easily record video and audio. The content is stored on a flash drive in an mp4 and mp3 format. One Button Studio provides high quality video and audio at the push of a button.



Carl Sandburg College Summary of All Funds FY 2015-2021

	FY 2015	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Est Actuals	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget
General Funds										
Education Fund	\$11,959,479	\$11,626,356	\$11,780,900	\$10,105,132	\$11,029,022	\$11,228,263	\$10,740,954	\$10,692,182	\$10,841,811	\$10,993,791
Operations & Maintenance Fund	\$ 1,834,909	\$ 1,744,309	\$ 1,703,489	\$ 1,837,819	\$ 1,561,359	\$ 1,702,628	\$ 1,598,690	\$ 1,624,470	\$ 1,650,704	\$ 1,677,401
Special Revenue Funds										
Restricted Purpose Fund	\$ 7,979,377	\$ 6,968,882	\$ 7,259,684	\$ 5,725,339	\$ 5,786,399	\$ 5,309,281	\$ 5,241,813	\$ 4,832,800	\$ 4,832,800	\$ 4,832,800
Audit Fund	\$ 80,491	\$ 79,207	\$ 82,425	\$ 81,384	\$ 82,863	\$ 82,631	\$ 85,989	\$ 87,708	\$ 89,461	\$ 91,250
Liability Protection Settlement Fund	\$ 2,155,696	\$ 2,124,755	\$ 2,197,935	\$ 2,192,543	\$ 2,177,550	\$ 2,141,273	\$ 2,183,046	\$ 2,226,289	\$ 2,270,390	\$ 2,315,367
SILO Fund	\$ 5,500	\$ 6,000	\$ 5,500	\$ 6,050	\$ 5,500	\$ 6,119	\$ 5,500	\$ 5,583	\$ 5,666	\$ 5,751
Debt Service Fund	\$ 3,430,330	\$13,340,482	\$ 3,398,463	\$ 7,492,935	\$ 2,572,210	\$ 2,547,373	\$ 2,916,144	\$ 3,136,359	\$ 2,624,514	\$ 4,035,870
Capital Projects Funds										
Operations & Maintenance Restricted Fund	\$ 90,525	\$ 91,427	\$ 94,145	\$ 122,373	\$ 820,880	\$ 807,387	\$ 859,030	\$ 876,206	\$ 893,726	\$ 911,596
Strategic Technology Endowment Fund	\$ 232,500	\$ 269,955	\$ 232,500	\$ 257,190	\$ 200,000	\$ 224,775	\$ 240,625	\$ 244,234	\$ 247,898	\$ 251,616
Auxiliary Fund	\$ 664,426	\$ 682,382	\$ 586,569	\$ 578,598	\$ 332,023	\$ 325,065	\$ 303,875	\$ 273,488	\$ 259,813	\$ 252,019
Working Cash Fund	\$ 79,625	\$ 50,535	\$ 79,625	\$ 112,331	\$ 63,000	\$ 71,945	\$ 67,575	\$ 68,589	\$ 69,617	\$ 70,662
Total Revenues	\$28,512,858	\$36,984,290	\$27,421,235	\$28,511,694	\$24,630,806	\$24,446,741	\$24,243,241	\$24,067,906	\$23,786,402	\$25,438,123
Interfund Transfers	1,826,300	1,301,918	938,755	714,715	1,010,170	675,358	999,800	1,007,088	1,010,259	1,013,462
Funds Used/(Carried Forward)	\$ 1,517,823	\$ 946,875	\$ 435,584	\$ 1,192,706	\$ 258,695	\$ (460,056)	\$ 468,981	\$ 545,646	\$ 543,526	\$ 576,042

Summary of Expenditures by Fund

Summary of Expenditures by I and										
	FY 2015	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Est Actuals	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget
General Funds										
Education Fund	\$12,990,197	\$11,938,478	\$12,422,429	\$11,775,396	\$11,619,022	\$11,598,659	\$11,335,954	\$11,476,365	\$11,635,766	\$11,820,017
Operations & Maintenance Fund	\$ 1,876,795	\$ 1,705,649	\$ 1,837,224	\$ 1,854,298	\$ 1,615,586	\$ 1,620,051	\$ 1,643,091	\$ 1,662,808	\$ 1,686,087	\$ 1,713,065
Special Revenue Funds										
Restricted Purpose Fund	\$ 7,979,377	\$ 6,926,555	\$ 7,259,684	\$ 5,741,813	\$ 5,786,399	\$ 5,309,281	\$ 5,241,813	\$ 4,832,800	\$ 4,832,800	\$ 4,832,800
Audit Fund	\$ 77,973	\$ 71,389	\$ 69,798	\$ 66,298	\$ 70,058	\$ 57,746	\$ 70,326	\$ 71,170	\$ 72,166	\$ 73,321
Liability Protection Settlement Fund	\$ 2,021,939	\$ 2,000,589	\$ 1,981,854	\$ 1,883,718	\$ 2,037,917	\$ 1,977,735	\$ 2,295,326	\$ 2,322,870	\$ 2,355,390	\$ 2,393,076
SILO Fund	\$ 340,000	\$ -	\$ 100,000	\$ 39,720	\$ 48,500	\$ 48,500	\$ 58,500	\$ 13,000	\$ 5,600	\$ 5,700
Debt Service Fund	\$ 3,436,327	\$13,385,912	\$ 3,401,891	\$ 7,404,031	\$ 2,576,801	\$ 2,542,487	\$ 2,913,494	\$ 3,133,669	\$ 2,621,784	\$ 4,033,099
Capital Projects Funds										
Operations & Maintenance Restricted Fund	\$ 975,422	\$ 1,203,059	\$ 209,000	\$ 343,538	\$ 835,000	\$ 556,696	\$ 873,185	\$ 883,663	\$ 896,035	\$ 910,371
Strategic Technology Endowment Fund	\$ 1,407,920	\$ 1,232,193	\$ 760,380	\$ 596,171	\$ 628,250	\$ 339,000	\$ 505,250	\$ 501,250	\$ 501,250	\$ 501,250
Auxiliary Fund	\$ 671,401	\$ 697,876	\$ 673,689	\$ 633,657	\$ 661,838	\$ 590,964	\$ 646,783	\$ 654,544	\$ 663,708	\$ 674,327
Working Cash Fund	\$ 79,630	\$ 71,383	\$ 79,625	\$ 80,475	\$ 20,300	\$ 20,925	\$ 128,300	\$ 68,500	\$ 69,600	\$ 70,600
Total Expenditures	\$31,856,981	\$39,233,083	\$28,795,574	\$30,419,115	\$25,899,671	\$24,662,043	\$25,712,022	\$25,620,640	\$25,340,187	\$27,027,626

CARL SANDBURG COLLEGE SUMMARY OF FISCAL YEAR 2018 FINAL BUDGET BY FUND TYPE

		Special	Debt	Capital	Total
	General	Revenue	Service	Projects	Governmental
	Funds	Funds	Fund	Funds	Funds
Beginning Fund Balance*	\$ 3,569,117	\$ 4,547,581	\$ 327,444	\$ 7,443,482	\$15,887,624
Budgeted Revenues	12,339,644	7,516,348	2,916,144	1,099,655	23,871,791
Local	5,393,961	2,185,255	2,913,494	858,185	11,350,895
State	-	-			-
Federal grants	-	5,182,950			5,182,950
Tuition & Fees	6,887,315	-			6,887,315
Other	58,368	148,143	2,650	241,470	450,631
Budgeted Transfers from Other Funds	640,000	-		15,000	655,000
Budgeted Expenditures	(12,670,045)	(7,607,465)	(2,913,494)	(874,435)	(24,065,439)
Instruction	5,748,175	411,525			6,159,700
Academic Support	408,208				408,208
Student Services	2,108,792	526,447			2,635,239
Public Services	159,467	31,663			191,130
Institutional Support	2,745,312	6,637,830	2,913,494	874,435	13,171,071
Operations & Maintenance	1,500,091				1,500,091
Budgeted Transfers to Other Funds	(309,000)	(58,500)		(504,000)	(871,500)
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 3,569,716	\$ 4,397,964	\$ 330,094	\$ 7,179,702	\$15,477,476
					Total
	Proprietary				Proprietary
	Fund				Fund
Beginning Fund Balance*	\$ 138,940				\$ 138,940
Budgeted Revenues	303,875				303,875
Budgeted Transfers from Other Funds	344,800				344,800
Budgeted Expenditures	(646,783)				(646,783)
Budgeted Transfers to Other Funds	-				-
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 140,832				\$ 140,832
					Total
	Fiduciary				Fiduciary
	Fund				Fund
Beginning Fund Balance*	8,245,764				\$ 8,245,764
Budgeted Revenues	67,575				67,575
Budgeted Transfers from Other Funds	-				-
Budgeted Expenditures	-				-
Budgeted Transfers to Other Funds	(128,300)				(128,300)
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 8,185,039				\$ 8,185,039

^{*}These represent the actual Fund Balances for Fiscal Year 2016 adjusted for expected operating results for Fiscal Year 2017.

Financial Section

Overall Budget Summary

The College budget is primarily a communications document, presenting the College's financial plans to the residents of the District in a reasonably compact but informative format. The budget represents our efforts to control expenditures while still maintaining the quality of education, technological foresight, and responsiveness to community educational needs. Shown below is the projected consolidated financial overview of the College for Fiscal Year 2018. The budgeted decrease in net assets is due primarily to the use of Strategic Technology Endowment Funds and quasi endowment funds in the SILO Fund. Additional technology enhancements are funded with accumulated interest earned on investments.

CARL SANDBURG COLLEGE SUMMARY OF FISCAL YEAR 2018 FINAL BUDGET

Budgeted Operating Revenues	\$	6,887,315
Budgeted Operating Expenditures		(25,209,279)
Budgeted Operating Loss	\$	(18,321,964)
Budgeted Nonoperating Revenues	\$	18,355,726
Budgeted Nonoperating Expenditures	φ	(502,743)
2 dage to a 1 tono postuming 2postumines		(002,7.10)
Budgeted Net Nonoperating Expenditures	\$	17,852,983
Budgeted Decrease in Net Assets	\$	(468,981)

At year end, unexpended and unencumbered monies held within a particular fund accumulate from year to year and are designated as fund balances. Various reasons can account for the accumulation of fund balances. In some instances conservative spending of budgeted monies creates a surplus at year end. In other instances, monies are received in one fiscal year with the intent to be expended in a subsequent year for a particular purpose. This would be typical for a capital construction project that takes potentially longer to complete. Accumulated fund balances are available for appropriation in subsequent years.

General Funds

General Funds Revenue Budget

The General Funds consists of two individual "sub-funds" – the Education Fund and the Operations & Maintenance Fund. These funds are used to account for all revenues and expenditures related to the educational functions of the College. Revenue for the General Funds is derived from the following sources: Local Government, State Government, Tuition and Fees, and Other Sources of Revenue.

Education Fund

One "sub-fund" of the General Funds is the Education Fund. The Education Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures of the academic and service programs of the College. It includes the cost of instructional, administrative and professional salaries, supplies and movable equipment, library books and materials, maintenance of instructional and administrative equipment and other costs pertaining to the educational programs of the College.

Operations and Maintenance Fund

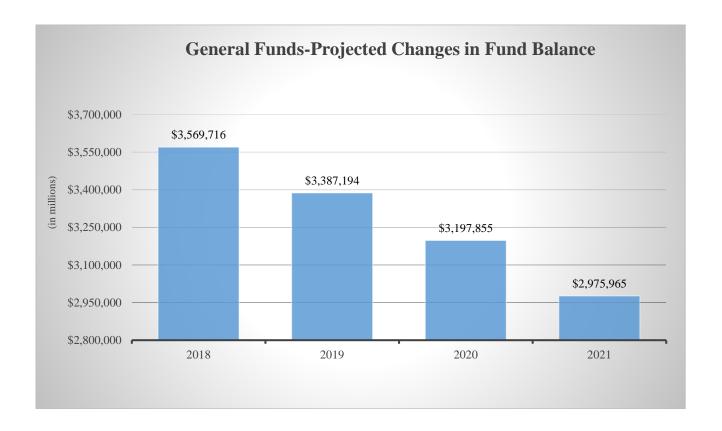
The Operations and Maintenance Fund (O&M) is also a general funds type. The O&M Fund is used to account for expenditures for the improvement, maintenance, repair, or benefit of buildings and property, including the cost of interior decorating and the installation, improvement, repair, replacement, and maintenance of building fixtures; rental of buildings and property for community college purposes; salaries of maintenance and custodial employees; all costs of fuel, lights, gas, water, telephone service and custodial supplies and equipment.

Carl Sandburg College General Funds-Projected Changes in Fund Balance

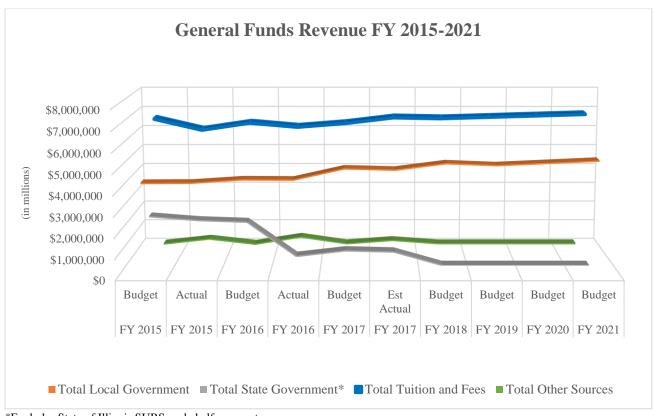
	2018	2019	2020	2021
Beginning Balance	\$ 3,569,117	\$ 3,569,716	\$ 3,387,194	\$ 3,197,855
Revenues	\$12,339,644	\$12,316,651	\$12,492,515	\$12,671,192
Expenditures	12,670,045	\$12,822,086	\$13,001,595	\$13,209,620
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ (330,401)	\$ (505,434)	\$ (509,080)	\$ (538,428)
Transfers	331,000	322,912	319,741	316,539
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 3,569,716	\$ 3,387,194	\$ 3,197,855	\$ 2,975,965

Transfers in for capital expenditures funded from STEF and Working Cash.

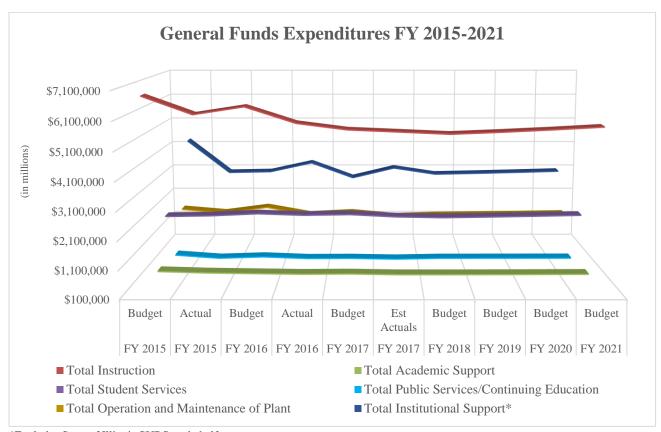
Transfers out for student activities.



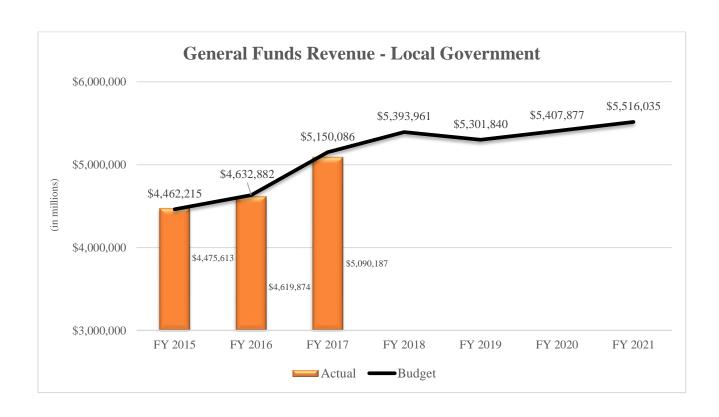
General Funds Revenue and Expenditures Seven Year Comparison

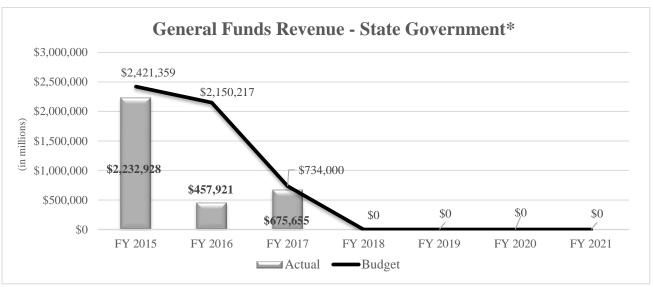


^{*}Excludes State of Illinois SURS on-behalf payments

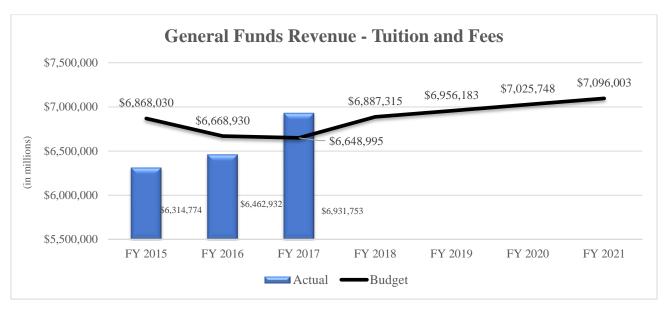


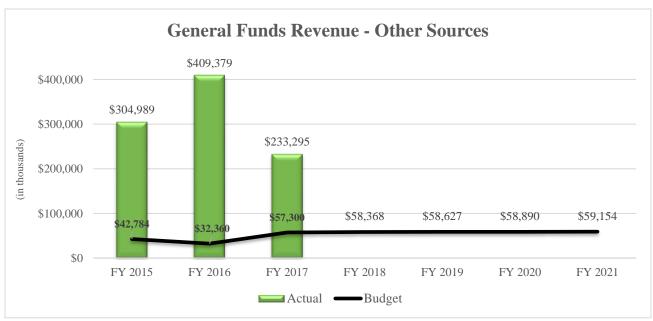
*Excludes State of Illinois SURS on-behalf payments

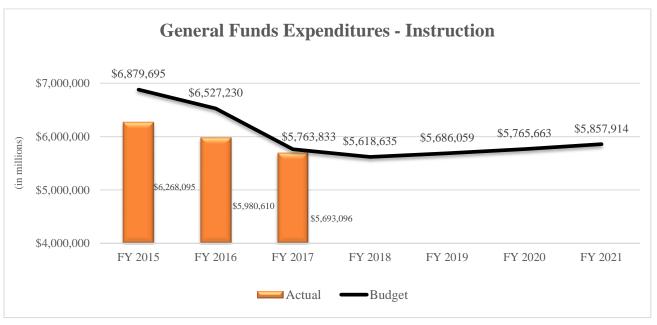


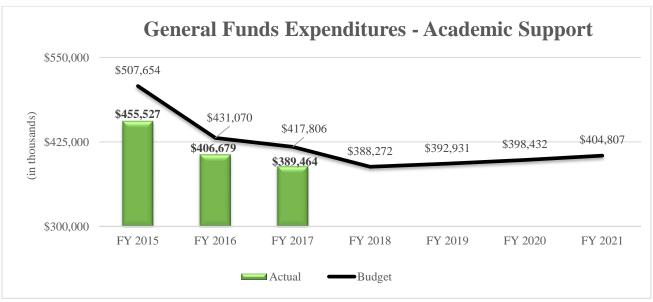


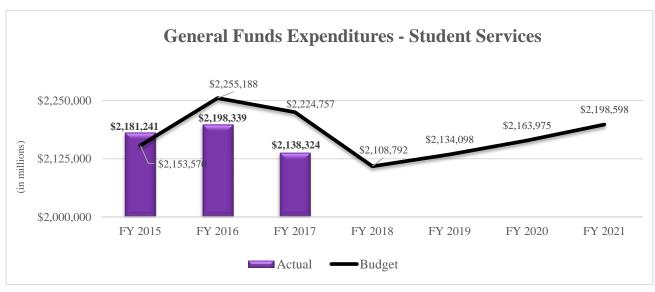
*Excludes State of Illinois SURS on-behalf payments

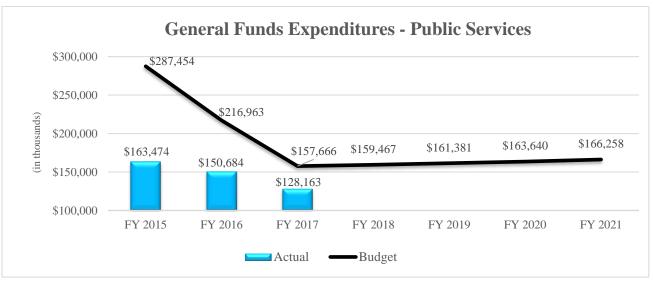


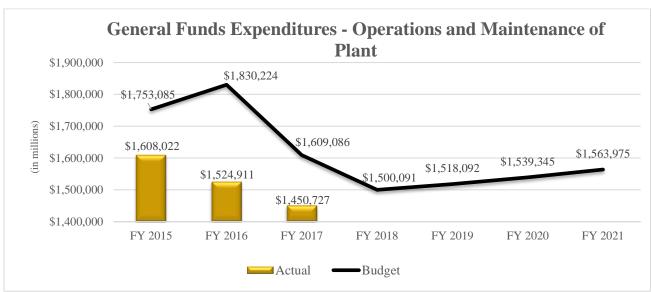


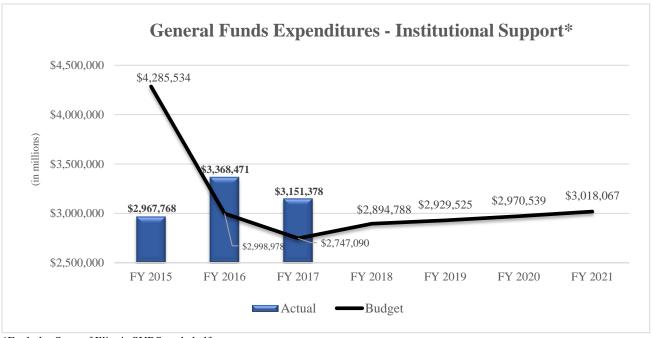




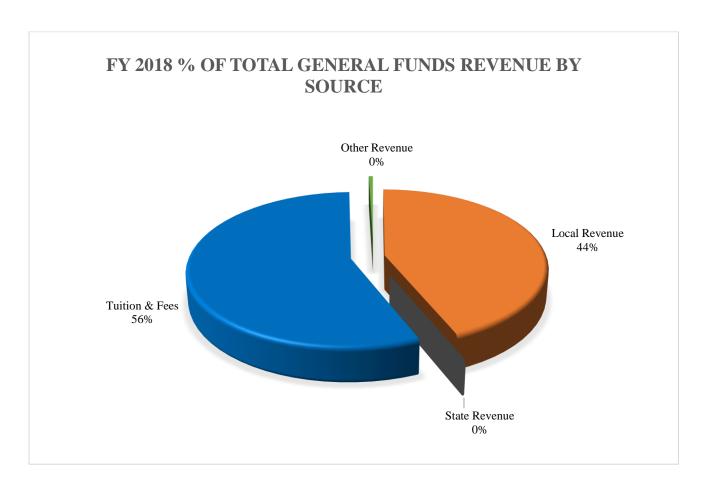


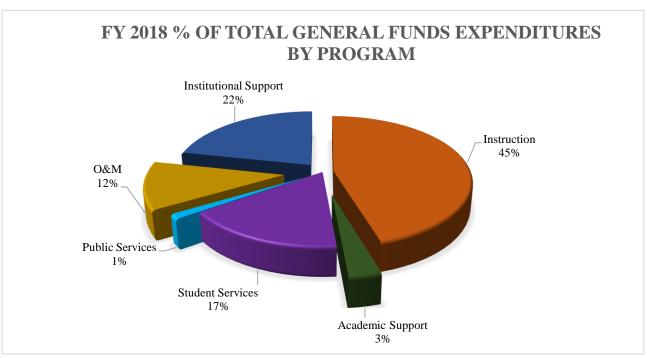




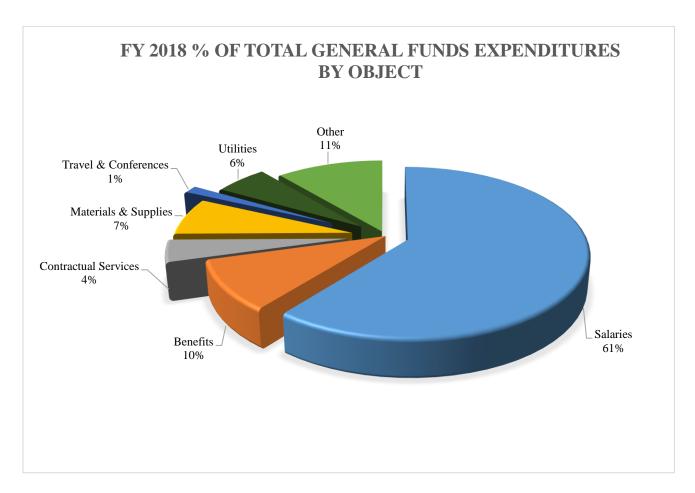


^{*}Excludes State of Illinois SURS on-behalf payments





Instruction represents 45% of the General Funds budget. This proportion is comparable to the state average of 42%. The second largest category, Institutional Support, represents 22% of the budget compared to 22% for the statewide average. (Source: ICCB FY 2015 Audited Operating Expenditures by Function Table in the Data & Characteristics Report).



Salaries and benefits represent 71% of the General Funds budget, compared with a statewide average of 76% (Source: FY 2015 ICCB Audited Operating Expenditures by Object Table in the Data & Characteristics Report).

General Funds Revenue Fiscal Year 2015-2021

Operating Revenue by Sources	FY 2015 Budget	FY 2015 Actual	FY 2016 Budget	FY 2016 Actual	FY 2017 Budget	FY 2017 Est Actual	FY 2018 Budget	FY 2019 Budget	FY 2020 Budget	FY 2021 Budget
operating the venue by bources	Duuget	Actual	Duaget	netuai	Duaget	List retual	Duaget	Duuget	Duuget	Duaget
Local Government:										
Current Taxes	\$ 4,250,215	\$ 4,180,600	\$ 4,412,882	\$ 4,353,674	\$ 4,900,086					
Replacement Taxes	212,000	290,774	220,000	266,200	250,000					
Other	-	-	-	-	-					
Chargeback		4,239	-	-	-					
Total Local Government	\$ 4,462,215	\$ 4,475,613	\$ 4,632,882	\$ 4,619,874	\$ 5,150,086	\$ 5,090,187	\$ 5,393,961	\$ 5,301,840	\$ 5,407,877	\$ 5,516,035
State Government:										
ICCB Credit Hour Grant		\$ 1,551,323	\$ 1,457,655		\$ 684,000					
ICCB Equalization Grant	726,854	547,979	532,562	50,000	-					
ICCB Small College Grant	- 110,000	100.00	50,000	50,000	50,000					
ISBE Vocational Ed/ICCB CTE Gran	110,000	133,626	110,000	-	-					
Other State sources	-	-	-	-	-					
State University Retirement		42,361	-	42,845	-					
Total State Consumment	¢ 2.421.250	¢ 2.275.290	¢ 2.150.217	¢ 500.766	¢ 724,000	¢ 675.655	¢	¢	\$ -	\$ -
Total State Government	\$ 2,421,359	\$ 2,275,289	\$ 2,150,217	\$ 500,766	\$ 734,000	\$ 675,655	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Student Tuition and Fees:										
Tuition	\$ 6551330	\$ 5,925,765	\$ 6203.480	\$ 6,462,932	\$ 6,275,530					
Fees	316,700	389,009	465,450	ψ 0,402,732	373,465					
1003	310,700	307,007	+05,+50		373,403					
Total Tuition and Fees	\$ 6,868,030	\$ 6,314,774	\$ 6,668,930	\$ 6,462,932	\$ 6.648.995	\$ 6.931.753	\$ 6.887.315	\$ 6.956.183	\$ 7,025,748	\$ 7.096.003
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Other Sources:										
Interest Income	\$ 13,084	\$ 19,882	\$ 12,960	\$ 17,000	\$ 16,200	\$ 21,472	\$ 17,268	\$ 17,527	\$ 17,790	\$ 18,054
Federal Government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Income	29,700	285,107	19,400	392,379	41,100	211,823	41,100	41,100	41,100	41,100
Total Other Sources	\$ 42,784	\$ 304,989	\$ 32,360	\$ 409,379	\$ 57,300	\$ 233,295	\$ 58,368	\$ 58,627	\$ 58,890	\$ 59,154
Total Revenue before Interfunds	&									
Nonoperating Items	\$13,794,388	\$13,370,665	\$13,484,389	\$11,992,951	\$12,590,381	\$12,930,891	\$12,339,644	\$12,316,651	\$12,492,515	\$12,671,192
Interfund Transfers	895,500	423,247	777,955	668,915	635,000	375,000	640,000	640,000	640,000	640,000
	# 1 4 600 05	A 10 700 015	0110-22:	410 6 5 1 0 5 1	Φ 10 00 T 05 :	# 12 20 T 00 :	# 12 OF 2 * * * *	A1207	A 10 100 71	Φ10.0/1.10¢
Subtotal	\$ 14,689,888	\$13,793,912	\$14,262,344	\$12,661,866	\$13,225,381	\$13,305,891	\$12,979,644	\$12,956,651	\$13,132,515	\$13,311,192
I O										
Less Operating Items*:		4.220								
Tuition Chargeback Revenue	-	4,239	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjusted Revenue-	\$14.689.888	\$13.789.673	\$14.262.344	\$12,661,866	\$13,225,381	\$13,305,891	\$12,979,644	\$12,956,651	\$13,132,515	\$13,311,192
(After above reduction)	φ 17,002,000	Ψ13,102,013	Ψ 17,202,377	Ψ 12,001,000	Ψ 13,223,301	Ψ13,303,071	Ψ12,777,011	Ψ12,750,051	Ψ10,104,010	Ψ13,311,172

(After above reduction)

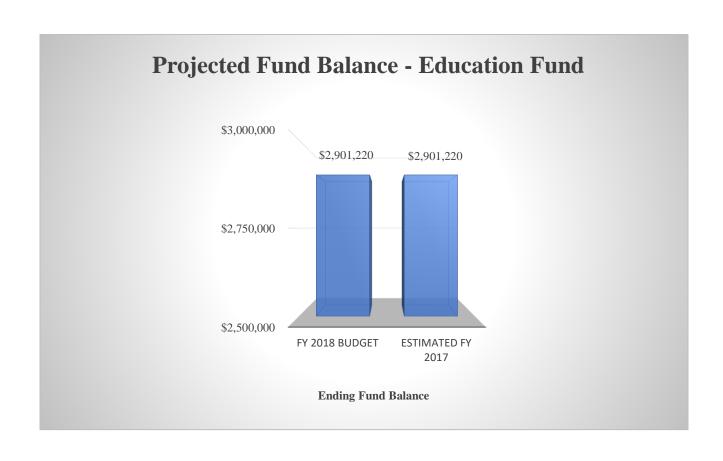
 $[*] Interdistrict\ revenues\ that\ do\ not\ generate\ related\ local\ district\ credit\ hours\ are\ subtracted\ to\ allow\ for\ statewide\ comparison.\ On-Behalf\ revenue\ is\ not\ included.$

General Funds Expenditures Fiscal Year 2015-2021

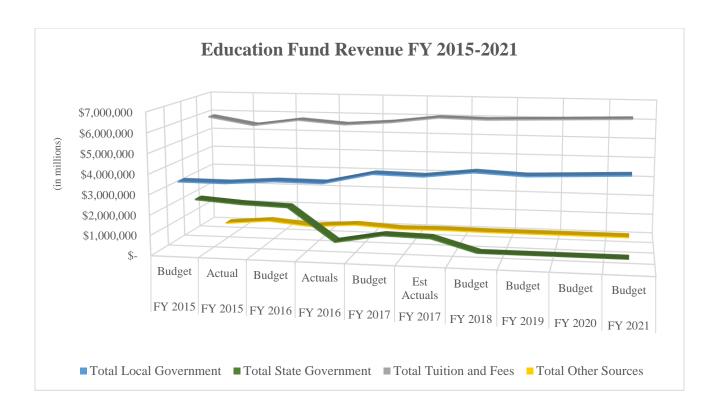
		FY 2015 Budget	1	FY 2015 Actual		FY 2016 Budget	FY 20			FY 2017 Budget	FY 2017 Est Actuals	FY 2018 Budget	FY 2019 Budget	FY 2020 Budget	FY 2021 Budget
											-				
Instruction Salaries	\$	5,334,873	¢	4,864,717	•	5,119,974	¢ 191	7 712	\$	4,529,931					
Employee Benefits	Ф	582,000	Э	536,910	Ф	670,000		2,665	Ф	600,000					
Contractual Services		169,234		177,635		176,538		0,310		175,509					
General Maintenance and Supplies		288,788		232,866		239,812		1,632		222,706					
Travel and Conference/Meeting Expense		99,220		99,548		95,026		8,725		81,547					
Capital Outlay		103,400		147,312		97,700		8,448		79,590					
Other Expenditures		302,180		209,107		128,180	3	1,118		74,550					
Total Instruction	\$	6,879,695	\$	6,268,095	\$	6,527,230	\$ 5,98	0,610	\$	5,763,833	\$ 5,693,096	\$ 5,748,175	\$ 5,817,153	\$ 5,898,593	\$ 5,992,971
Academic Support Salaries	\$	301,515	e.	268,626	e.	252 421	e 24	1.500	\$	240,751					
Employree Benefits	Ф	39,000	Ф	31,314	Ф	253,431 39,000		1,566 1,350	Ф	35,000					
Contractual Services		72,454		61,995		59,954		0,403		83,050					
General Maintenance and Supplies		90,026		91,236		75,526		1,227		57,101					
Travel and Conference/Meeting Expense		4,659		2,356		3,159		2,133		1,904					
	_														
Total Academic Support	\$	507,654	\$	455,527	\$	431,070	\$ 40	6,679	\$	417,806	\$ 389,464	\$ 408,208	\$ 413,106	\$ 418,890	\$ 425,592
Student Services Salaries	\$	1,199,940	\$	1,171,500	\$	1,245,450	\$ 1,22	2 190	\$	1,246,719					
Employee Benefits	ф	171,000	Ф	1,171,500	Φ	232,300		2,189 8,098	ф	207,000					
Contractual Services		23,570		22,130		19,000		8,667		19,000					
General Maintenance and Supplies		37,854		38,573		33,597		5,087		32,285					
Travel and Conference/Meeting Expense		30,951		31,513		39,861		8,379		35,511					
Other		690,255		729,610		684,980		5,919		684,242					
Total Student Services	\$	2,153,570	\$	2,181,241	\$	2,255,188	\$ 2.19	8,339	\$	2,224,757	\$ 2.138.324	\$ 2.108.792	\$ 2.134.098	\$ 2,163,975	\$ 2,198,598
•			_			-,,	7 -,->	.,			,,	4 4,000,000	7 2,20 1,020	7 2,200,000	+ =,,
Public Services/Continuing Education	et.	147.504	e	94,358	e.	122 (22	e 10	2.673	¢.	105 421					
Salaries Employee Benefits	\$	147,504 15,000	Э	15,657	Э	133,633 22,600		3,512	Э	105,431 20,000					
Contractual Services		56,450		24,847		28,400		0,114		16,100					
General Maintenance and Supplies		48,900		22,896		27,270		9,276		11,985					
Travel and Conference/Meeting Expense		16,800		3,649		3,110		1,275		1,800					
Fixed Charges		100		1,050		1,250		1,000		1,200					
Other		2,700		1,017		700		2,834		1,150					
Total Public Services/Continuing Education	\$	287,454	\$	163,474	\$	216,963	\$ 15	0,684	\$	157,666	\$ 128,163	\$ 159,467	\$ 161,381	\$ 163,640	\$ 166,258
Operation & Maintenance of Plant															
Salaries	\$	623,406	\$	590,088	\$	610,824	\$ 54	2,439	\$	565,066					
Employee benefits	·	160,000		156,568		180,000		1,073		174,000					
Contractual Services		97,079		147,868		133,360		3,496		132,700					
General Maintenance and Supplies		100,025		100,209		94,915	7	2,259		85,750					
Travel & Conference/Meeting Expense		2,500		4,750		2,250		2,406		2,250					
Fixed Charges		25,491		22,757		24,750		8,194		1,500					
Utilities		573,084		434,808		626,025		8,239		489,320					
Capital Outlay		14,500		24,924		10,000		6,077		6,000					
Other Expenditures		157,000		126,050		148,100	110	0,728		152,500					
Total Operation and Maintenance of Plant	\$	1,753,085	\$	1,608,022	\$	1,830,224	\$ 1,52	4,911	\$	1,609,086	\$ 1,450,727	\$ 1,500,091	\$ 1,518,092	\$ 1,539,345	\$ 1,563,975
OT I WHIT															
Institutional Support															
Salaries	\$	1,374,778	\$	1,327,932	\$	1,444,696			\$	1,340,074					
Employee Benefits		709,400		424,715		477,400		1,933		394,125					
Contractual Services		147,273		83,622		127,980		9,085		188,530					
General Maintenance and Supplies		585,809		669,280		623,449		1,756		523,103					
Travel and Conference/Meeting Expense		63,905		71,996		66,538		7,272		59,713					
Fixed Charges Utilities		248,566		200,756		131,820		5,890 0,929		125,795					
Other Expenditures		155,803		189,467		127,095		0,883		115,750					
Total Institutional Support	\$	3,285,534	\$	2,967,768	\$	2,998,978	\$ 3,36	8,471	\$	2,747,090	\$ 3,151,378	\$ 2,745,312	\$ 2,778,256	\$ 2,817,151	\$ 2,862,226
Total before transfers	\$	14,866,992	\$	13,644,127	\$	14,259,653	\$13,62	9,694	\$	12,920,238	\$12,951,152	\$12,670,045	\$12,822,086	\$13,001,595	\$13,209,620
Proceeds from capital lease															
Transfers		-		-		-		-		314,370	267,558	309,000	317,088	320,259	323,462
GRAND TOTAL	\$	14,866,992	\$	13,644,127	\$	14,259,653	\$13,62	9,694	\$	13,234,608	\$13,218,710	\$12,979,045	\$13,139,174	\$13,321,854	\$13,533,082

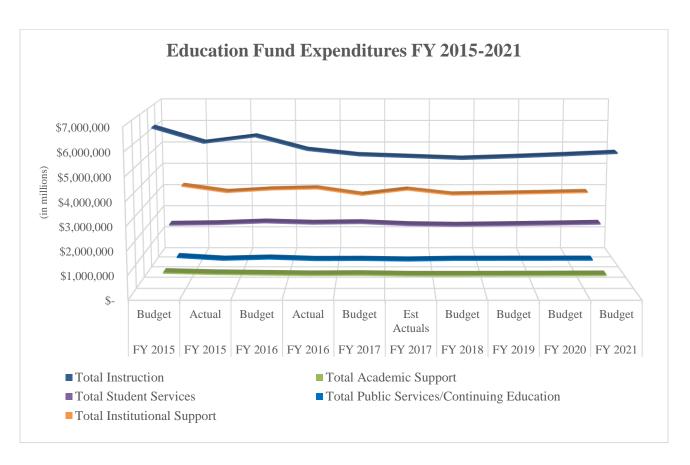
Carl Sandburg College Education Fund-Projected Fund Balance

	FY	2018 Budget	Est	timated FY 2017	Ch	nange	%
Revenues	\$	10,740,954	\$	11,228,263	\$ (4	187,309)	-4.34%
Expenditures		11,026,954		11,331,101	(3	304,147)	-2.68%
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	(286,000)	\$	(102,838)	\$ (1	83,162)	178.11%
Transfers		286,000		107,442	178,558		166.19%
Change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	4,604	\$	(4,604)	-100.00%
Fund equity (deficit) beginning of year		2,901,220		2,896,616		4,604	0.16%
Fund equity (deficit) end of year	\$	2,901,220	\$	2,901,220	\$	-	0.00%



Education Fund Revenue and Expenditures Seven Year Comparison





Education Fund Revenue Fiscal Year 2015-2021

Operating Revenue by Sources	FY 2015 Budget	FY 2015 Actual	FY 2016 Budget	FY 2016 Actuals	FY 2017 Budget	FY 2017 Est Actuals	FY 2018 Budget	FY 2019 Budget	FY 2020 Budget	FY 2021 Budget
operating nevenue by bources	Duager	1100000	Duager	11000000	Duager	2501100000	Duager	Duuger	Duager	Duaget
Local Government:										
Current Taxes	\$ 3,446,164	\$ 3,389,718	\$ 3,589,890	\$ 3,541,724	\$ 4,073,207					
Replacement Taxes	106,000	145,387	116,600	\$ 141,086	125,000					
Other	_	-	-	_	-					
Chargeback	-	4,239	-	-	-					
Total Local Government	\$ 3,552,164	\$ 3,539,344	\$ 3,706,490	\$ 3,682,810	\$ 4,198,207	\$ 4,145,708	\$ 4,410,776	\$ 4,298,992	\$ 4,384,971	\$ 4,472,671
State Government:										
ICCB Credit Hour Grant	\$ 1,457,745	\$ 1,427,129	\$ 1,337,043	\$ 264,857	\$ 684,000					
ICCB Equalization Grant	668,706	504,141	489,957	37,000	-					
ICCB Small College Grant	-	-	50,000	-	50,000					
ISBE Vocational Ed/ICCB CTE Grant	110,000	133,626	110,000	-	-					
Other State sources	-	-	-	-	-					
State University Retirement	-	42,361	-	42,845	-					
Total State Government	\$ 2,236,451	\$ 2,107,257	\$ 1,987,000	\$ 344,702	\$ 734,000	\$ 675,655	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Student Tuition and Fees:										
Tuition	\$ 5,817,110	\$ 5,467,117	\$ 5,720,360	\$ 5,880,566	\$ 5,788,250					
Fees	316,700	272,044	340,450	-	258,465					
Total Tuition and Fees	\$ 6,133,810	\$ 5,739,161	\$ 6,060,810	\$ 5,880,566	\$ 6,046,715	\$ 6,328,756	\$ 6,278,975	\$ 6,341,760	\$ 6,405,180	\$ 6,469,230
Other Sources:										
Interest Income	\$ 11,454	\$ 17,414	\$ 11,200	\$ 14,487	\$ 14,000	\$ 18,511	\$ 15,103	\$ 15,330	\$ 15,560	\$ 15,790
Federal Government	-	-	-	-	-					
Other Income	25,600	223,180	15,400	182,567	36,100	59,633	36,100	36,100	36,100	36,100
Total Other Sources	\$ 37,054	\$ 240,594	\$ 26,600	\$ 197,054	\$ 50,100	\$ 78,144	\$ 51,203	\$ 51,430	\$ 51,660	\$ 51,890
Total Revenue before Interfunds &			*****************************	*****	***					
Nonoperating Items	\$11,959,479	\$11,626,356	\$11,780,900	\$10,105,132	\$11,029,022	\$ 11,228,263	\$ 10,740,954	\$ 10,692,182	\$ 10,841,811	\$ 10,993,791
							#0# 000			*** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
Interfund Transfers	850,500	423,247	642,825	582,545	590,000	375,000	595,000	595,000	595,000	595,000
C-14-4-1	¢ 12 000 070	£12.040.c02	¢ 10 400 707	¢ 10 (07 (77	¢ 11 (10 000	¢ 11.002.202	0 11 225 054	¢ 11.207.102	¢ 11.426.011	¢ 11.500.701
Subtotal	\$12,809,979	\$12,049,603	\$12,423,725	\$10,687,677	\$11,619,022	\$ 11,603,263	\$ 11,335,954	\$ 11,287,182	\$ 11,436,811	\$ 11,588,791
Logo Operating Items*										
Less Operating Items*:		4 220								
Tuition Chargeback Revenue	-	4,239	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjusted Deveryo	\$12,809,979	\$12,045,364	\$12,423,725	\$10,687,677	\$11,610,000	\$ 11,603,263	\$ 11,335,954	¢ 11 207 102	¢ 11.426.011	¢ 11 500 701
Adjusted Revenue-	\$ 12,809,979	\$ 12,045,564	φ12,423,725	\$10,087,077	\$11,619,022	\$ 11,603,263	\$ 11,335,954	\$ 11,287,182	\$ 11,436,811	\$ 11,588,791
(After above reduction)										

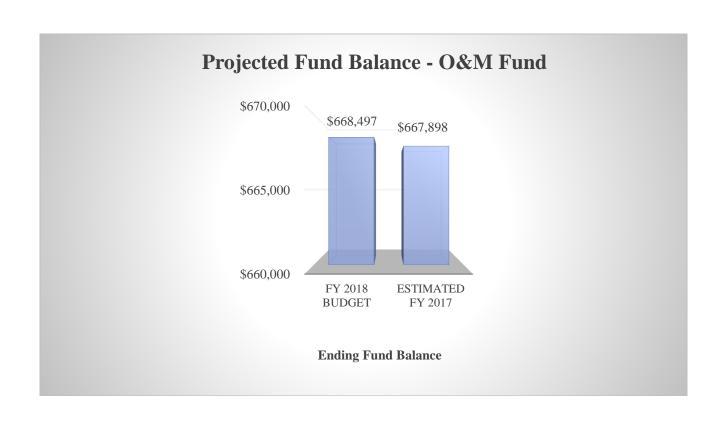
^{*}Interdistrict revenues that do not generate related local district credit hours are subtracted to allow for statewide comparison. On-Behalf revenue is not included.

Education Fund Expenditures Fiscal Year 2015-2021

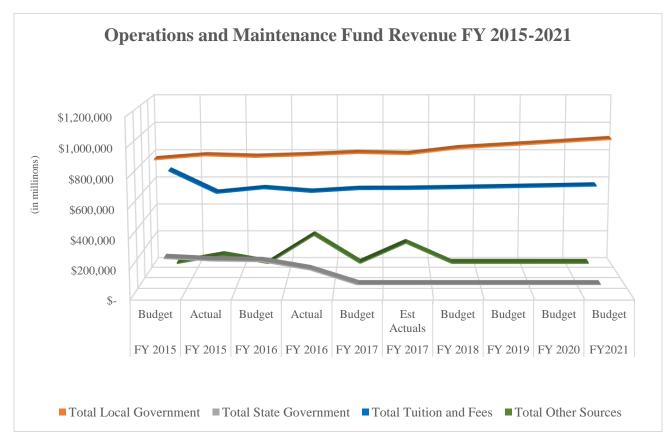
		FY 2015 Budget]	FY 2015 Actual		FY 2016 Budget	FY 2016 Actual		FY 2017 Budget	FY 2017 Est Actuals	FY 2018 Budget	FY 2019 Budget	FY 2020 Budget		Y 2021 Budget
Instruction															
Salaries	\$	5,334,873	\$	4,864,717	\$	5,119,974	\$ 4,847,712	\$	4,529,931						
Employee Benefits		582,000		536,910		670,000	512,665		600,000						
Contractual Services		169,234		177,635		176,538	170,310		175,509						
General Maintenance and Supplies		288,788		232,866		239,812	201,632		222,706						
Travel and Conference/Meeting Expense		99,220		99,548		95,026	98,725		81,547						
Capital Outlay		103,400		147,312		97,700	118,448		79,590						
Other Expenditures		302,180		209,107		128,180	31,118		74,550						
Total Instruction	\$	6,879,695	\$	6,268,095	\$	6,527,230	\$ 5,980,610	\$	5,763,833	\$ 5,693,096	\$ 5,748,175	\$ 5,817,153	\$ 5,898,593	\$	5,992,971
Academic Support															
Salaries	\$	301,515	\$	268,626	\$	253,431	\$ 241,566	\$	240,751						
Employree Benefits		39,000		31,314		39,000	\$ 31,350		35,000						
Contractual Services		72,454		61,995		59,954	80,403		83,050						
General Maintenance and Supplies		90,026		91,236		75,526	51,227		57,101						
Travel and Conference/Meeting Expense		4,659		2,356		3,159	2,133		1,904						
Total Academic Support	\$	507,654	\$	455,527	\$	431,070	\$ 406,679	\$	417,806	\$ 389,464	\$ 408,208	\$ 413,106	\$ 418,890	\$	425,592
Student Services															
Salaries	\$	1,199,940	\$	1,171,500	\$	1,245,450	\$ 1,222,189	\$	1,246,719						
Employee Benefits		171,000	Ċ	187,915		232,300	188,098	·	207,000						
Contractual Services		23,570		22,130		19,000	28,667		19,000						
General Maintenance and Supplies		37,854		38,573		33,597	25,087		32,285						
Travel and Conference/Meeting Expense		30,951		31,513		39,861	28,379		35,511						
Other		690,255		729,610		684,980	705,919		684,242						
Total Student Services	\$	2,153,570	\$	2,181,241	\$	2,255,188	\$ 2,198,339	\$	2,224,757	\$ 2,138,324	\$ 2,108,792	\$ 2,134,098	\$ 2,163,975	\$	2,198,598
Public Services/Continuing Education															
Salaries	\$	147,504	\$	94,358	\$	133,633	\$ 102,673	\$	105,431						
Employee Benefits		15,000		15,657		22,600	\$ 23,512		20,000						
Contractual Services		56,450		24,847		28,400	10,114		16,100						
General Maintenance and Supplies		48,900		22,896		27,270	9,276		11,985						
Travel and Conference/Meeting Expense		16,800		3,649		3,110	1,275		1,800						
Fixed Charges		100		1,050		1,250	1,000		1,200						
Other		2,700		1,017		700	2,834		1,150						
Total Public Services/Continuing Education	\$	287,454	\$	163,474	\$	216,963	\$ 150,684	\$	157,666	\$ 128,163	\$ 159,467	\$ 161,381	\$ 163,640	\$	166,258
Institutional Support															
Institutional Support Salaries	\$	1,374,778	¢	1,327,932	•	1,444,696	\$ 1,300,723	•	1,340,074						
	φ		Ф		Ф			Ф							
Employee Benefits Contractual Services		709,400 138,273		424,715 80,262		477,400 120,980	481,933 92,486		394,125 182,030						
General Maintenance and Supplies		585,809		669,280		623,449	601,756		523,103						
Travel and Conference/Meeting Expense		63,905		71,996		66,538	57,272		59,713						
Fixed Charges		133,856		106,489		131,820	115,890		125,795						
Other Expenditures		155,803		189,467		127,095	389,024		115,750						
Total Institutional Support	\$	3,161,824	\$	2,870,141	\$	2,991,978	\$ 3,039,084	\$	2,740,590	\$ 2,982,054	\$ 2,602,312	\$ 2,633,540	\$ 2,670,409	\$	2,713,136
Total before transfers	\$	12,990,197	\$	11,938,478	\$	12,422,429	\$11,775,396	\$	11,304,652	\$ 11,331,101	\$11,026,954	\$ 11,159,277	\$11,315,507	\$1	1,496,555
Transfers		-		-		-	-		314,370	267,558	309,000.00	317,088	320,259		323,462
GRAND TOTAL	\$	12,990,197	\$	11,938,478	\$	12,422,429	\$11,775,396	\$	11,619,022	\$ 11,598,659	\$11,335,954	\$ 11,476,365	\$11,635,766	\$1	1,820,017

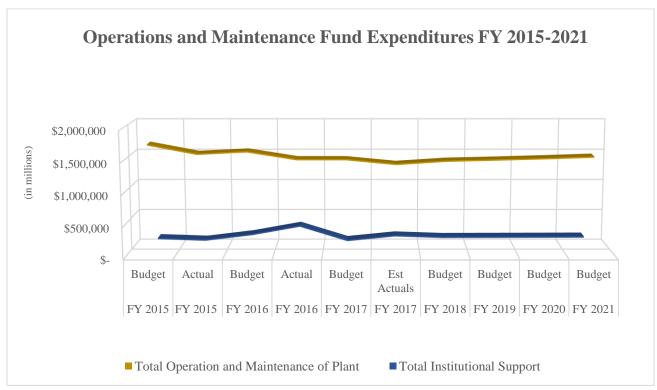
Carl Sandburg College Operations and Maintenance Fund-Projected Fund Balance

	FY	2018 Budget	Es	timated FY 2017	Change	%
Revenues	\$	1,598,690	\$	1,702,628	\$ (103,938)	-6.10%
Expenditures		1,643,091		1,620,051	23,040	1.42%
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditure	\$	(44,401)	\$	82,577	\$ (126,978)	-153.77%
Transfers		45,000		-	45,000	0.00%
Change in fund balance	\$	599	\$	82,577	\$ (81,978)	-99.27%
Fund equity (deficit) beginning of year		667,898		585,321	82,577	14.11%
Fund equity (deficit) end of year	\$	668,497	\$	667,898	\$ 599	0.09%



Operations and Maintenance Fund Revenue and Expenditures Seven Year Comparison





Operations and Maintenance Fund Revenue Fiscal Year 2015-2021

Operating Revenue by Sources		Y 2015 Budget	Y 2015 Actual	FY 2016 Budget]	FY 2016 Actual	_	Y 2017 Budget		2017 t Actuals		2018 dget		2019 dget		2020 dget		2021 dget
Local Government: Current Taxes Replacement Taxes	\$	804,051 106,000	\$ 790,882 145,387	\$ 822,992 103,400	\$	811,950 125,114	\$	826,879 125,000										
Total Local Government	_\$_	910,051	\$ 936,269	\$ 926,392	\$	937,064	\$	951,879	\$	944,479	\$	983,185	\$1	,002,849	\$1	,022,906	\$1	,043,364
State Government: ICCB Credit Hour Grant ICCB Equalization Grant	\$	126,760 58,148	\$ 124,194 43,838	\$ 120,612 42,605	\$	93,064 13,000	\$	-										
Total State Government	\$	184,908	\$ 168,032	\$ 163,217	\$	106,064	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Student Tuition and Fees: Tuition Fees	\$	734,220	\$ 458,648 116,965	\$ 483,120 125,000	\$	582,366	\$	487,280 115,000										
Total Tuition and Fees	\$	734,220	\$ 575,613	\$ 608,120	\$	582,366	\$	602,280	\$	602,997	\$	608,340	\$	614,423	\$	620,568	\$	626,773
Other Sources: Interest Income Federal Government Building Rentals Other Income	\$	1,630 - 4,000 100	\$ 2,468 - 9,594 52,333	\$ 1,760 - 4,000	\$	2,513 - 8,580 201,232	\$	2,200 - 5,000	\$	2,962 5,466 146,724	\$	2,165 5,000	\$	2,197 5,000	\$	2,230 5,000	\$	2,264 5,000
Total Other Sources	\$	5,730	\$ 64,395	\$ 5,760	\$	212,325	\$	7,200	\$	155,152	\$	7,165	\$	7,197	\$	7,230	\$	7,264
Total Revenue before Interfunds & Nonoperating Items	\$	1,834,909	\$ 1,744,309	\$ 1,703,489	\$	1,837,819	\$	1,561,359	\$:	1,702,628	\$1	,598,690	\$1	,624,470	\$1	,650,704	\$1	,677,401
Interfund Transfers		45,000	-	135,130		86,370		45,000		-		45,000		45,000		45,000		45,000
Grand Total	\$	1,879,909	\$ 1,744,309	\$ 1,838,619	\$	1,924,189	\$	1,606,359	\$:	1,702,628	\$1	,643,690	\$1	,669,470	\$1	,695,704	\$1	,722,401

Operations and Maintenance Fund Expenditures Fiscal Year 2015-2021

	FY 2015	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Est Actuals	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget
Operation & Maintenance of Plant										
Salaries	\$ 597,011	\$ 590,088	\$ 610,824	\$ 542,439	\$ 565,066					
Employee benefits	160,000	156,568	180,000	141,073	174,000					
Contractual Services	132,714	147,868	133,360	183,496	132,700					
General Maintenance and Supplies	102,630	100,209	94,915	72,259	85,750					
Travel & Conference/Meeting Expens	3,810	4,750	2,250	2,406	2,250					
Fixed Charges	25,286	22,757	24,750	18,194	1,500					
Utilities	573,084	434,808	441,995	448,239	404,320					
Capital Outlay	13,500	24,924	10,000	6,077	6,000					
Other Expenditures	145,050	126,050	148,100	110,728	152,500					
Total Operation and Maintenance	\$1,753,085	\$1,608,022	\$ 1,646,194	\$ 1,524,911	\$ 1,524,086	\$ 1,450,727	\$ 1,500,091	\$ 1,518,092	\$1,539,345	\$1,563,975
of Plant										
Institutional Support										
Contractual Services	\$ 9,000	\$ 3,360	\$ 7,000		\$ 6,500					
Principal retirement	-	-	-	8,505	-					
Interest	-	-	-	3,354	-					
Utilities	114,710	94,267	184,030	310,929	85,000					
				A 220 20F	A 04 500	A 450 004	* 442.000		 	
Total Institutional Support	\$ 123,710	\$ 97,627	\$ 191,030	\$ 329,387	\$ 91,500	\$ 169,324	\$ 143,000	\$ 144,716	\$ 146,742	\$ 149,090
Total before Interund Transfers	\$1,876,795	\$1,705,649	\$ 1,837,224	\$ 1,854,298	\$ 1,615,586	\$ 1,620,051	\$ 1,643,091	\$ 1,662,808	\$1,686,087	\$1,713,065
Proceeds from capital leases										
Transfers		-	-	-	-					
GRAND TOTAL	\$1.876.795	\$1.705.649	\$ 1,837,224	\$ 1,854,298	\$ 1,615,586	\$ 1,620,051	\$ 1,643,091	\$ 1,662,808	\$1,686,087	\$1,713,065
GLLLID TOTTLE	\$ 1,070,775	\$ 1,700,0T	Ψ 1,037,22T	Ψ 1,051,270	Ψ 1,015,500	Ψ 1,020,031	\$ 1,015,071	ψ 1,00 2 ,000	φ 1,000,007	Ψ 1,7 13,003

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds Revenue

The special revenue funds consists of four individual "sub-funds" - the Restricted Purpose Fund, the Audit Fund, the Liability, Protection & Settlement Fund and the Quasi-Endowment "SILO" Fund. The Restricted Purpose Fund is not reflected in detail in this budget since all revenues are received thru grants and legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Revenue for the Special Revenue Fund is derived from the following sources: Local Government, State Government, Federal Government and Other Sources of Revenue.

Audit Fund

The Audit Fund is used to record revenues and expenditures related to the annual audit. The College levies property taxes for this expense. Each year, the College retains the services of an external independent audit firm to perform the audit and compile related reports and statements. In the winter of 2014, an RFP for audit services was conducted. After reviewing experience, timeliness and cost, our current partner for audit services was renewed. Revenue is derived mainly from property taxes budgeted at \$82,688 for FY 2017.

Liability, Protection, and Settlement Fund

The Liability, Protection & Settlement Fund (LP&S) is used to record revenues and expenditures related to protection of the District's assets. The fund receives property tax revenue for the portion of the annual levy associated with tort liability and insurance. The fund also earns interest on its investments.

Quasi-Endowment "SILO" Fund

The Quasi-Endowment "SILO Fund" is used to generate interest income to be placed under the tutelage of the Vice President of Academic Services, who will in turn work with the College's Instructional Team to prioritize the use of these funds to launch new "SILOS of Opportunity".

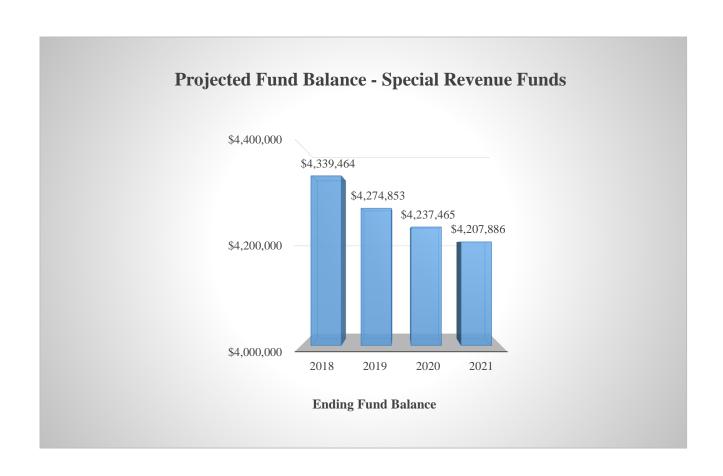
The establishment of the "SILO" Fund was accomplished by transferring existing fund balance from the Education and O&M Funds and accumulated interest from the Working Cash fund.

- Education fund balance transfer in FY 2008, \$400,000.
- O&M fund balance transfer in FY 2008, \$100,000.
- Transfer of accumulated interest from the Working Cash fund in the amount of \$100,000.
- Education fund balance transfer in FY 2009, \$400,000.

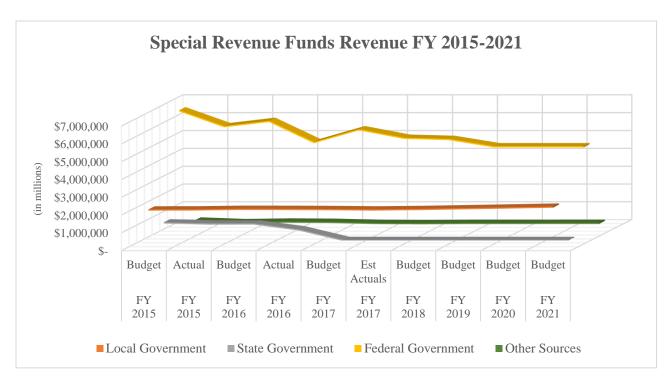
Carl Sandburg College Special Revenue Funds-Projected Changes in Fund Balance

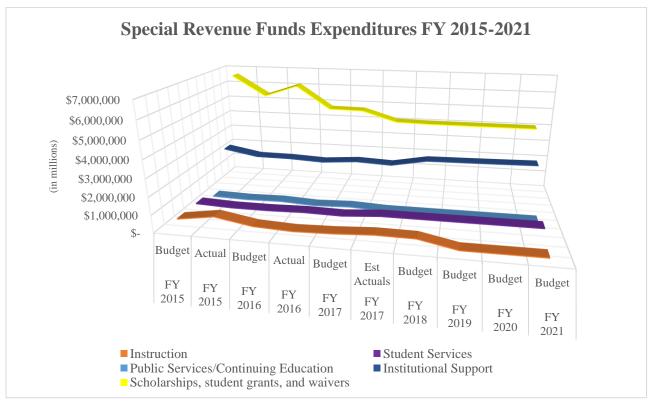
	2018		2019		2020		2021
Beginning Balance	\$	4,547,581	\$	4,339,464	\$	4,274,853	\$ 4,237,465
Revenues	\$	7,516,348	\$	7,152,379	\$	7,198,318	\$ 7,245,168
Expenditures		7,665,965	\$	7,203,990	\$	7,230,106	\$ 7,269,047
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	(149,617)	\$	(51,611)	\$	(31,788)	\$ (23,879)
Transfers		(58,500)		(13,000)		(5,600)	(5,700)
Ending Fund Balance	\$	4,339,464	\$	4,274,853	\$	4,237,465	\$ 4,207,886

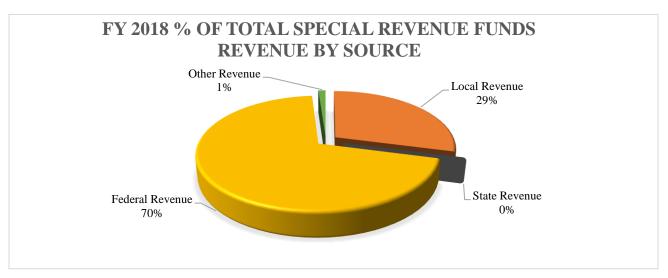
(Transfers out for instructional opportunities)

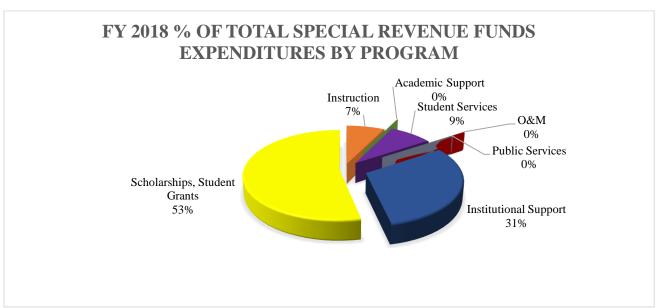


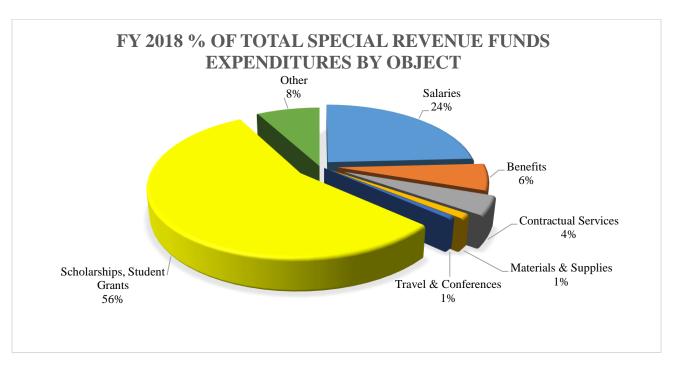
Special Revenue Funds Revenue and Expenditures Seven Year Comparison











Special Revenue Funds Revenue Fiscal Year 2015-2021

Operating Revenue by Sources	FY 2015 Budget	FY 2015 Actual	FY 2016 Budget	FY 2016 Actual	FY 2017 Budget	FY 2017 Est Actuals	FY 2018 Budget	FY 2019 Budget	FY 2020 Budget	FY 2021 Budget
Local Government: Current Taxes Local Government Grants Other	\$ 2,135,192 21,658	\$ 2,153,254 8,183	\$ 2,178,294 16,630	\$ 2,190,965	\$ 2,180,138					
Total Local Government	\$ 2,156,850	\$ 2,161,437	\$ 2,194,924	\$ 2,190,965	\$ 2,180,138	\$ 2,158,083	\$2,185,255	\$2,228,960	\$2,273,539	\$2,319,010
State Government: ICCB Grants Other State Grants Illinois Map Grant Other State sources	\$ 142,992 95,718 753,784	\$ 156,803 62,847 709,060	\$ 134,114 89,775 706,985	599,319	\$ - - -					
Total State Government	\$ 992,494	\$ 928,710	\$ 930,874	\$ 599,319	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Federal Government: Department of Education Department of Labor	527,968	\$ 5,443,761 515,487 \$ 5,959,248	177,968	4,883,780 183,383 \$ 5,067,163	\$ 5,373,478 412,921 \$ 5,786,399	\$ 5.309.281	\$5,241.813	\$4.832.800	\$4.832.800	\$4.832.800
Student Tuition and Fees: Tuition Fees	_	<u> </u>	ψ 0,200,110	\$ 5,001,100	ψ 5,100,D))	φ 5,500,201	40,2 11,010	ψ 1,002,000	¥ 1,002,000	ψ 1,00 2 ,000
Total Tuition and Fees	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other Sources: Interest Income Other Non-Government Gifts, Grants Other Income	\$ 89,869 25,683 106,488	\$ 55,482 - 73,968	\$ 90,940 16,626 56,732	\$ 56,336 7,403 84,130	\$ 68,775 17,000					
Total Other Sources	\$ 222,040	\$ 129,450	\$ 164,298	\$ 147,869	\$ 85,775	\$ 71,940	\$ 89,280	\$ 90,619	\$ 91,978	\$ 93,358
Total Revenue before Interfunds & Nonoperating Items		\$ 9,178,845	\$ 9,545,544	\$ 8,005,316	\$ 8,052,312	\$ 7,539,304	\$7,516,348	\$7,152,379	\$7,198,318	\$7,245,168
Interfund Transfers		-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal	\$10,221,064	\$ 9,178,845	\$ 9,545,544	\$ 8,005,316	\$ 8,052,312	\$ 7,539,304	\$7,516,348	\$7,152,379	\$7,198,318	\$7,245,168
Less Operating Items*: Tuition Chargeback Revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjusted Revenue- (After above reduction)	\$10,221,064	\$ 9,178,845	\$ 9,545,544	\$ 8,005,316	\$ 8,052,312	\$ 7,539,304	\$7,516,348	\$7,152,379	\$7,198,318	\$7,245,168

^{*}Interdistrict revenues that do not generate related local district credit hours are subtracted to allow for statewide comparison. On-Behalf revenue is not included.

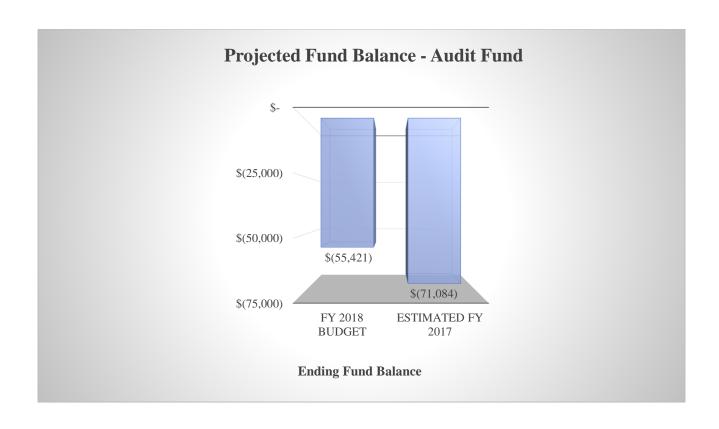
Special Revenue Funds Expenditures Fiscal Year 2015-2021

	FY 2015 Budget]	FY 2015 Actual	FY 2016 Budget	FY 2016 Actual	FY 2017 Budget		Y 2017 t Actuals		Y 2018 udget		Y 2019 Budget		Y 2020 udget		7 2021 udget
Instruction																
Total Instruction	\$ 594,023	\$	894,266	\$ 516,169	\$ 411,525	\$ 463,170	\$	577,819	\$	554,863	\$	110,000	\$	110,000	\$	110,000
Academic Support																
Total Academic Support	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Student Services																
Total Student Services	\$ 578,971	\$	486,604	\$ 479,831	\$ 526,447	\$ 486,604	\$	632,412	\$	632,412	\$	632,412	\$	632,412	\$ (632,412
Public Services/Continuing Education																
Total Public Services/Continuing Education	\$ 161,564	\$	103,006	\$ 139,033	\$ 31,663	\$ 103,006	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Operation & Maintenance of Plant																
Total Operation and Maintenance of Plant	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Institutional Support																
institutional Support																
Total Institutional Support	\$ 2,466,479	\$	2,094,149	\$ 2,076,806	\$ 1,977,573	\$ 2,130,146	\$:	2,035,481	\$2	,365,652	\$2	2,394,040	\$2,	427,556	\$2,	466,397
Scholarships, student grants, and waivers	\$ 6,618,252	\$	5,420,508	\$ 6,099,497	\$ 4,744,621	\$ 4,711,448	\$ 4	4,099,050	\$4	,054,538	\$4	,054,538	\$4,	054,538	\$4,0	054,538
Total before transfers	\$ 10,419,289	\$	8,998,533	\$ 9,311,336	\$ 7,691,829	\$ 7,894,374	\$ '	7,344,762	\$7	,607,465	\$7	7,190,990	\$7,	224,506	\$7,2	263,347
Transfers	 -		-	100,000	39,720	48,500		48,500		58,500		13,000		5,600		5,700
GRAND TOTAL	\$ 10,419,289	\$	8,998,533	\$ 9,411,336	\$ 7,731,549	\$ 7,942,874	\$ '	7,393,262	\$7.	,665,965	\$7	,203,990	\$7,	230,106	\$7,2	269,047

Carl Sandburg College Audit Fund-Projected Fund Balance

	FY 201	8 Budget	Estimate	ed FY 2017	(Change	%
Revenues	\$	85,989	\$	82,631	\$	3,358	4.06%
Expenditures		70,326		57,746		12,580	21.78%
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	15,663	\$	24,885	\$	(9,222)	-37.06%
Transfers		-		-		-	0.00%
Change in fund balance	\$	15,663	\$	24,885	\$	(9,222)	-37.06%
Fund equity (deficit) beginning of year		(71,084)		(95,969)		24,885	-25.93%
Fund equity (deficit) end of year	\$	(55,421)	\$	(71,084)	\$	15,663	-22.03%

Management has realigned the expenditures in this fund to stop the additional losses. Continued monitoring of expenditures and levied revenue will help eliminate this negative position.

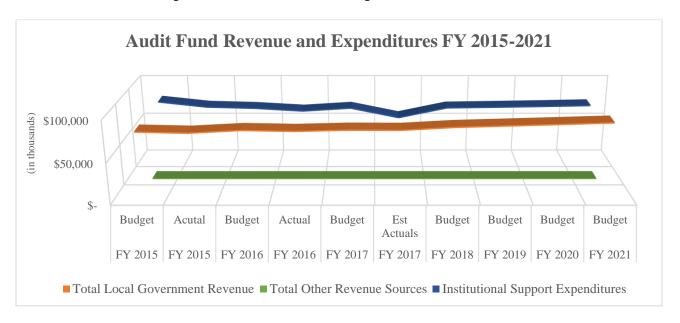


Audit Fund Revenue and Expenditures Seven Year Comparison

FY 2015

FY 2015

FY 2016



Audit Fund Revenue and Expenditures Fiscal Year 2015-2021

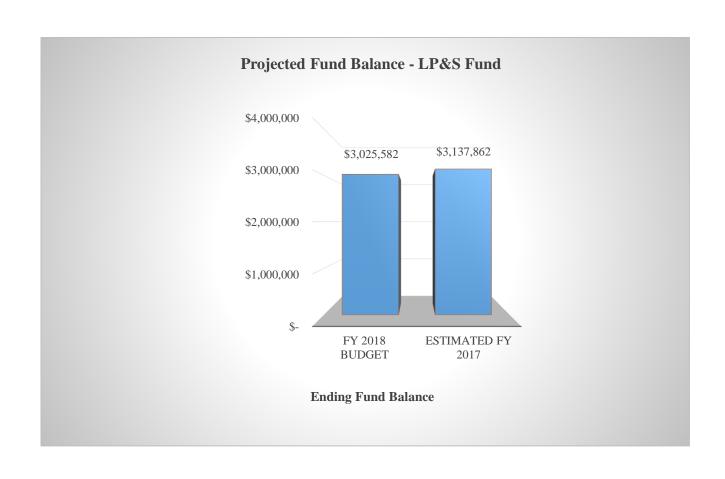
FY 2016

FY 2017 FY 2017 FY 2018 FY 2019 FY 2020 FY 2021

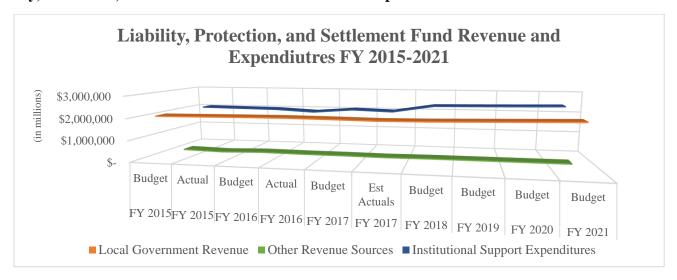
_	В	udget	Ā	Acutal	В	udget	I	Actual	В	Budget	Est	Actuals	Budget	Budg	et	Bud	get	Buc	lget
Local Governmental Sources: Current Taxes	\$	80,405	\$	79,088	\$	82,299	\$	81.195	\$	82.688									
Current Taxes	Ф	60,403	Ф	79,000	Ф	62,299	Ф	61,193	Ф	02,000									
Total Local Government	\$	80,405	\$	79,088	\$	82,299	\$	81,195	\$	82,688	\$	82,483	\$ 85,819	\$ 87,5	35	\$ 89,	286	\$ 91	,072
Other Sources: Interest Income	¢.	86	\$	110	d.	126	Ф	100	Ф	175									
Interest Income	\$	80	Э	119	Э	126	Э	189	Э	1/5									
Total Other Sources	\$	86	\$	119	\$	126	\$	189	\$	175	\$	148	\$ 170	\$ 1	73	\$	175	\$	178
Total Revenue before																			
Interfunds & Nonoperating Ite	\$	80,491	\$	79,207	\$	82,425	\$	81,384	\$	82,863	\$	82,631	\$ 85,989	\$ 87,7	08	\$ 89,	461	\$ 91	,250
Interfund Transfers		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-
GRAND TOTAL	\$	80,491	\$	79,207	\$	82,425	\$	81,384	\$	82,863	\$	82,631	\$ 85,989	\$ 87,7	08	\$ 89,	461	\$ 91	,250
	F	Y 2015	F	Y 2015	F	Y 2016	F	Y 2016	F	Y 2017	F	Y 2017	FY 2018	FY 20	19	FY 20	20	FY 2	021
	В	udget		Actual		udget		Actual			Est	Actuals	Budget	Budg	et	Budg	et	Bud	lget
·						8											,		8
Institutional Support																			
Salaries	\$	8,323	\$	8,323	\$	8,648	\$	8,648	\$	8,908									
Contractual Services		65,000		62,985		56,500		57,650		56,500									
General Material & Supplies		650		81		650		-		650									
Travel/Meeting		4,000		-		4,000		-		4,000									
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-		-									
		•																	
GRAND TOTAL	\$	77,973	\$	71,389	\$	69,798	\$	66,298	\$	70,058	\$	57,746	\$ 70,326	\$ 71,1	70	\$ 72,1	66	\$ 73.	,321

Carl Sandburg College LP&S Fund-Projected Fund Balance

	FY	2018 Budget	Es	timated FY 2017	C	hange	%
Revenues	\$	2,183,046	\$	2,141,273	\$	41,773	1.95%
Expenditures		2,295,326		1,977,735		317,591	16.06%
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	(112,280)	\$	163,538	\$	(275,818)	-168.66%
Transfers		-		-			0.00%
Change in fund balance	\$	(112,280)	\$	163,538	\$	(275,818)	-168.66%
Fund equity (deficit) beginning of year		3,137,862		2,974,324		163,538	5.50%
Fund equity (deficit) end of year	\$	3,025,582	\$	3,137,862	\$	(112,280)	-3.58%



Liability, Protection, and Settlement Fund Seven Year Comparison

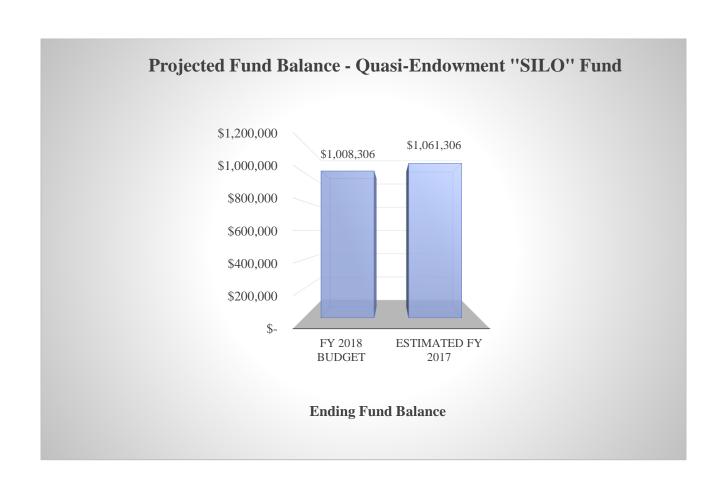


Liability, Protection, and Settlement Fund Revenues and Expenditures Fiscal Year 2015-2021

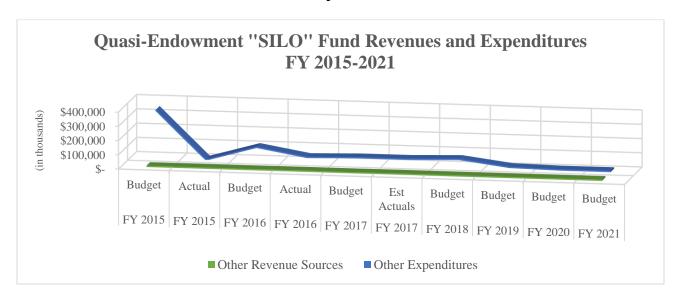
]	FY 2015		FY 2015		FY 2016	FY 2016]	FY 2017	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
		Budget		Actual		Budget	Actual		Budget	Est Actuals	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget
Local Governmental Sources:														
Current Taxes	\$	2,054,787	\$	2,074,166	\$	2.095,995	\$2,109,770	\$	2.097.450					
Carreille Tailles	<u> </u>	2,00 1,707	Ψ_	2,07.,100	Ψ	2,0,0,,,,0	Ψ2,102,770	Ψ	2,057,100					
Total Local Government	\$	2,054,787	\$	2,074,166	\$	2,095,995	\$2,109,770	\$	2,097,450	\$ 2,075,600	\$ 2,099,436	\$2,141,425	\$2,184,253	\$2,227,938
Other Sources:														
Other Sales & Services	\$		\$	-	\$		\$ -	\$	-					
Other Non-Government Gifts, Gran		16,626		-		16,626	-		17,000					
Interest Income		84,283		49,363		85,314	81,948		63,100					
Other Income		-		1,226		-	825		-					
Total Other Sources	\$	100,909	\$	50,589	\$	101,940	\$ 82,773	\$	80,100	\$ 65,673	\$ 83,610	\$ 84,864	\$ 86,137	\$ 87,429
Total Galer Bourees	Ψ	100,707	Ψ	50,507	Ψ	101,710	Ψ 02,773	Ψ	00,100	Ψ 03,073	ψ 05,010	Ψ 01,001	φ 00,137	Ψ 07,122
Total Revenue before														
Interfunds	\$	2,155,696	\$	2,124,755	\$	2.197.935	\$2,192,543	\$	2.177.550	\$ 2,141,273	\$ 2.183.046	\$2,226,289	\$2,270,390	\$2,315,367
		,,		, ,		, ,	, , - ,-	·	, ,	, , , ,	, ,,.	, , ,, .,	, , ,	, ,,
Interfunds				-		-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
CDAND TOTAL	-4-		4		do	2 105 025	A 2 402 542	4	2 177 550	A 2 1 4 1 272	A 2 102 015	A 2 22 5 200	****	00015055
GRAND TOTAL	\$	2,155,696	\$	2,124,755	\$	2,197,935	\$2,192,543	\$	2,177,550	\$ 2,141,273	\$ 2,183,046	\$2,226,289	\$2,270,390	\$2,315,367
GRAND TOTAL										· · ·				
GRAND TOTAL		FY 2015		FY 2015		FY 2016	FY 2016]	FY 2017	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
GRAND TOTAL]		· · ·				
		FY 2015		FY 2015		FY 2016	FY 2016]	FY 2017	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Institutional Support]	FY 2015 Budget		FY 2015 Actual		FY 2016 Budget	FY 2016 Actual]	FY 2017 Budget	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Institutional Support Salaries		FY 2015 Budget		FY 2015 Actual		FY 2016 Budget	FY 2016 Actual \$1,102,469]	FY 2017 Budget	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Institutional Support Salaries Employee Benefits]	FY 2015 Budget 1,108,436 354,771		FY 2015 Actual 1,065,715 286,552		FY 2016 Budget 1,099,451 322,971	FY 2016 Actual \$1,102,469 233,831]	FY 2017 Budget 1,152,111 327,971	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Institutional Support Salaries Employee Benefits Contractual Services]	FY 2015 Budget 1,108,436 354,771 261,018		FY 2015 Actual 1,065,715 286,552 295,574		FY 2016 Budget 1,099,451 322,971 261,018	FY 2016 Actual \$1,102,469 233,831 272,431]	FY 2017 Budget 1,152,111 327,971 261,018	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Institutional Support Salaries Employee Benefits Contractual Services General Material & Supplies]	FY 2015 Budget 1,108,436 354,771 261,018 23,386		FY 2015 Actual 1,065,715 286,552 295,574 21,083		FY 2016 Budget 1,099,451 322,971 261,018 24,086	FY 2016 Actual \$1,102,469 233,831 272,431 22,235]	FY 2017 Budget 1,152,111 327,971 261,018 24,086	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Institutional Support Salaries Employee Benefits Contractual Services General Material & Supplies Travel/Meeting]	FY 2015 Budget 1,108,436 354,771 261,018 23,386 4,747		FY 2015 Actual 1,065,715 286,552 295,574 21,083 1,530		FY 2016 Budget 1,099,451 322,971 261,018 24,086 4,747	FY 2016 Actual \$1,102,469 233,831 272,431 22,235 1,581]	FY 2017 Budget 1,152,111 327,971 261,018 24,086 4,000	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Institutional Support Salaries Employee Benefits Contractual Services General Material & Supplies Travel/Meeting Fixed Charges]	FY 2015 Budget 1,108,436 354,771 261,018 23,386		1,065,715 286,552 295,574 21,083 1,530 255,049		FY 2016 Budget 1,099,451 322,971 261,018 24,086	FY 2016 Actual \$1,102,469 233,831 272,431 22,235]	FY 2017 Budget 1,152,111 327,971 261,018 24,086	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Institutional Support Salaries Employee Benefits Contractual Services General Material & Supplies Travel/Meeting Fixed Charges Capital Equipment]	1,108,436 354,771 261,018 23,386 4,747 265,850		1,065,715 286,552 295,574 21,083 1,530 255,049 61,710		1,099,451 322,971 261,018 24,086 4,747 265,850	FY 2016 Actual \$1,102,469 233,831 272,431 22,235 1,581 243,133]	1,152,111 327,971 261,018 24,086 4,000 265,000	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Institutional Support Salaries Employee Benefits Contractual Services General Material & Supplies Travel/Meeting Fixed Charges]	FY 2015 Budget 1,108,436 354,771 261,018 23,386 4,747		1,065,715 286,552 295,574 21,083 1,530 255,049		FY 2016 Budget 1,099,451 322,971 261,018 24,086 4,747	FY 2016 Actual \$1,102,469 233,831 272,431 22,235 1,581]	FY 2017 Budget 1,152,111 327,971 261,018 24,086 4,000	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Institutional Support Salaries Employee Benefits Contractual Services General Material & Supplies Travel/Meeting Fixed Charges Capital Equipment Other Expenditures]	1,108,436 354,771 261,018 23,386 4,747 265,850		1,065,715 286,552 295,574 21,083 1,530 255,049 61,710		1,099,451 322,971 261,018 24,086 4,747 265,850	FY 2016 Actual \$1,102,469 233,831 272,431 22,235 1,581 243,133]	1,152,111 327,971 261,018 24,086 4,000 265,000	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Institutional Support Salaries Employee Benefits Contractual Services General Material & Supplies Travel/Meeting Fixed Charges Capital Equipment]	1,108,436 354,771 261,018 23,386 4,747 265,850		1,065,715 286,552 295,574 21,083 1,530 255,049 61,710		1,099,451 322,971 261,018 24,086 4,747 265,850	FY 2016 Actual \$1,102,469 233,831 272,431 22,235 1,581 243,133]	1,152,111 327,971 261,018 24,086 4,000 265,000	FY 2017	FY 2018 Budget	FY 2019 Budget	FY 2020	FY 2021 Budget
Institutional Support Salaries Employee Benefits Contractual Services General Material & Supplies Travel/Meeting Fixed Charges Capital Equipment Other Expenditures Total Expenditures before	\$	1,108,436 354,771 261,018 23,386 4,747 265,850	\$	1,065,715 286,552 295,574 21,083 1,530 255,049 61,710 13,376	\$	1,099,451 322,971 261,018 24,086 4,747 265,850	FY 2016 Actual \$1,102,469 233,831 272,431 22,235 1,581 243,133 - 8,038	\$	1,152,111 327,971 261,018 24,086 4,000 265,000	FY 2017 Est Actuals	FY 2018 Budget	FY 2019 Budget	FY 2020 Budget	FY 2021 Budget
Institutional Support Salaries Employee Benefits Contractual Services General Material & Supplies Travel/Meeting Fixed Charges Capital Equipment Other Expenditures Total Expenditures before	\$	1,108,436 354,771 261,018 23,386 4,747 265,850	\$	1,065,715 286,552 295,574 21,083 1,530 255,049 61,710 13,376	\$	1,099,451 322,971 261,018 24,086 4,747 265,850	FY 2016 Actual \$1,102,469 233,831 272,431 22,235 1,581 243,133 - 8,038	\$	1,152,111 327,971 261,018 24,086 4,000 265,000	FY 2017 Est Actuals	FY 2018 Budget	FY 2019 Budget	FY 2020 Budget	FY 2021 Budget
Institutional Support Salaries Employee Benefits Contractual Services General Material & Supplies Travel/Meeting Fixed Charges Capital Equipment Other Expenditures Total Expenditures before Interfunds	\$	1,108,436 354,771 261,018 23,386 4,747 265,850 3,731	\$	1,065,715 286,552 295,574 21,083 1,530 255,049 61,710 13,376	\$	1,099,451 322,971 261,018 24,086 4,747 265,850	FY 2016 Actual \$1,102,469 233,831 272,431 22,235 1,581 243,133 - 8,038	\$	1,152,111 327,971 261,018 24,086 4,000 265,000	FY 2017 Est Actuals	FY 2018 Budget	FY 2019 Budget	FY 2020 Budget	FY 2021 Budget
Institutional Support Salaries Employee Benefits Contractual Services General Material & Supplies Travel/Meeting Fixed Charges Capital Equipment Other Expenditures Total Expenditures before Interfunds	\$	1,108,436 354,771 261,018 23,386 4,747 265,850 3,731	\$	1,065,715 286,552 295,574 21,083 1,530 255,049 61,710 13,376	\$	1,099,451 322,971 261,018 24,086 4,747 265,850	FY 2016 Actual \$1,102,469 233,831 272,431 22,235 1,581 243,133 - 8,038	\$	1,152,111 327,971 261,018 24,086 4,000 265,000 - 3,731	FY 2017 Est Actuals	FY 2018 Budget	FY 2019 Budget	FY 2020 Budget	FY 2021 Budget

Carl Sandburg College "SILO" Fund-Projected Fund Balance

	FY	2018 Budget	Es	timated FY 2017	(Change	%
Revenues	\$	5,500	\$	6,119	\$	(619)	-10.11%
Expenditures		-		-		-	0.00%
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	5,500	\$	6,119	\$	(619)	-10.11%
Transfers		(58,500)		(48,500)		(10,000)	20.62%
Change in fund balance	\$	(53,000)	\$	(42,381)	\$	(10,619)	25.06%
Fund equity (deficit) beginning of year		1,061,306		1,103,687		(42,381)	-3.84%
Fund equity (deficit) end of year	\$	1,008,306	\$	1,061,306	\$	(53,000)	-4.99%



Quasi-Endowment "SILO" Fund Seven Year Comparison



Quasi-Endowment "SILO" Fund Revenues and Expenditures Fiscal Year 2015-2021

	 2015 idget	_	Y 2015 Actual	_	Y 2016 Sudget	FY 2016 Actual	_	Y 2017 Budget	 Z 2017 Actuals	 2018 udget	FY 2019 Budget		
Other Sources: Interest Income Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	\$ 5,500	\$	6,000	\$	5,500	\$ 6,050	\$	5,500					
Total before Nonoperating	\$ 5,500	\$	6,000	\$	5,500	\$ 6,050	\$	5,500	\$ 6,119	\$ 5,500	\$ 5,583	\$ 5,666	\$ 5,751
Transfers	-		_		_	-							
GRAND TOTAL	\$ 5,500	\$	6,000	\$	5,500	\$ 6,050	\$	5,500	\$ 6,119	\$ 5,500	\$ 5,583	\$ 5,666	\$ 5,751

	_	Y 2015 Budget	_	Y 2015 Actual	FY 2016 Budget]	FY 2016 Actual	_	Y 2017 Budget	_	Y 2017 t Actuals	Y 2018 Budget		2019 udget	7 2020 udget	
Other Expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Total before transfers	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Transfers		340,000		-	100,000		39,720		48,500		48,500	58,500		13,000	5,600	5,700
GRAND TOTAL	\$	340,000	\$	-	\$ 100,000	\$	39,720	\$	48,500	\$	48,500	\$ 58,500	\$:	13,000	\$ 5,600	\$ 5,700

Debt Service Fund

Debt Service Fund Narrative

The debt service fund consists of the Bond and Interest Fund. It accounts for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of debt principal, interest, and related costs. The College has used the issuance of general obligation bonds to finance capital projects, energy savings, and to establish a Working Cash fund. Refunding bonds have also been used to take advantage of lower interest rates.

FY 2010 saw the College issued \$2,000,000 of General Obligation Bonds to increase the Working Cash Fund. With State payments delinquent by in excess of 180 days, and little prospects of improvement in the new term, the College determined to issue Working Cash Bonds to provide additional cushion in its reserves, and retain the ability to internally cash flow the operations without interruption.

FY 2010 also allowed the College to issue \$5,895,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds during a highly favorable interest rate environment. The College was able to issue these bonds and deliver to residents a net neutral tax result.

Again in December 2010, the College issued \$2,500,000 of Taxable General Obligation Bonds to increase the Working Cash Fund to the legal limit.

In addition, \$1,610,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds were issued to refund the District's outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 2001A.

FY 2013 included issuing General Obligation Bonds, Series 2012A in the amount of \$5,100,000. Funding will be for the HVAC and water heater replacements and refunding a portion of the Series 2004B bonds. This refunding will help maximize the net debt service savings and manage the College's total tax rate.

With refunding of existing debt obligations in FY 2015 and FY 2016, the college was able to generate debt service savings of approximately \$1,000,000.

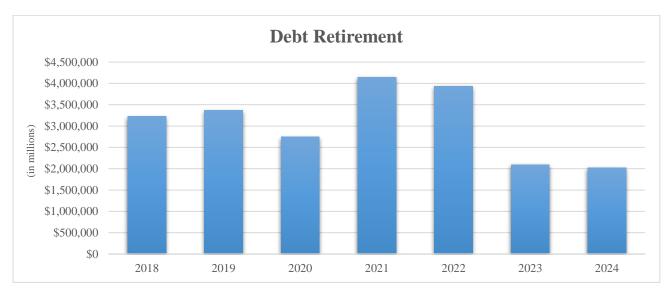
Legally, the College is not allowed to have debt in excess of 2.875% of the District's EAV, or an estimated \$47,908,389. The current general obligation debt of the College is \$21,126,630. Therefore, the amount of debt available to be issued is the difference between these two numbers or the legal debt margin of \$26,781,759. Debt limitations will factor into future possibilities, although the College goal is to aggressively pay down its debt with the total debt service being retired in the coming ten year period.

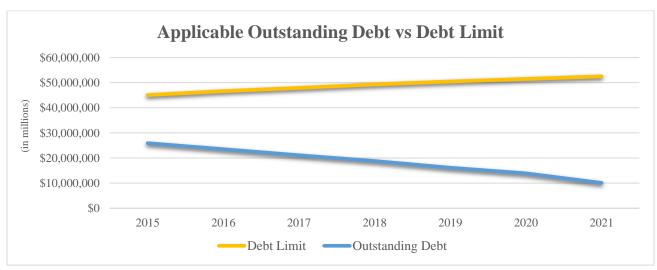
Debt Administration

Debt of the College is comprised of General Obligation Bonds and Capital Leases. The bond payments will be funded through the tax levy. The FY 2018 budget anticipates no new debt issued, to reflect an 11% decrease in outstanding principal.

Debt Amortization

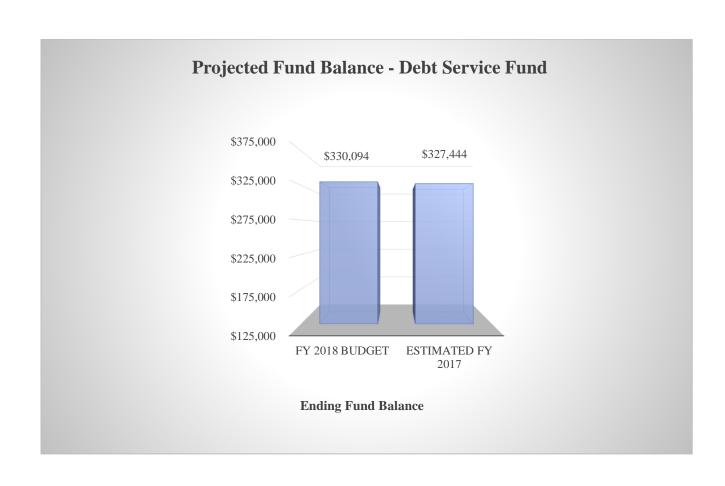
Year Ending June 30,	General Obligation Bonds	Capital Lease Obligations	Compensated Absences	Bond premiums (discounts)	Total Principal	Interest	Total Principal & Interest
2018	2,290,000	37,979	231,496	79,074	2,638,549	586,677	3,225,226
2019	2,620,000	40,635	115,748	79,074	2,855,457	513,669	3,369,126
2020	2,210,000	43,478		79,074	2,332,552	411,784	2,744,336
2021	3,745,000	34,574		79,758	3,859,332	288,099	4,147,431
2022	3,720,000			65,790	3,785,790	152,992	3,938,782
2023	1,955,000			51,138	2,006,138	91,071	2,097,209
2024	1,950,000			26,487	1,976,487	41,775	2,018,262
Total	\$18,490,000	\$156,666	\$347,244	\$460,394	\$19,454,304	\$2,086,067	\$21,540,371



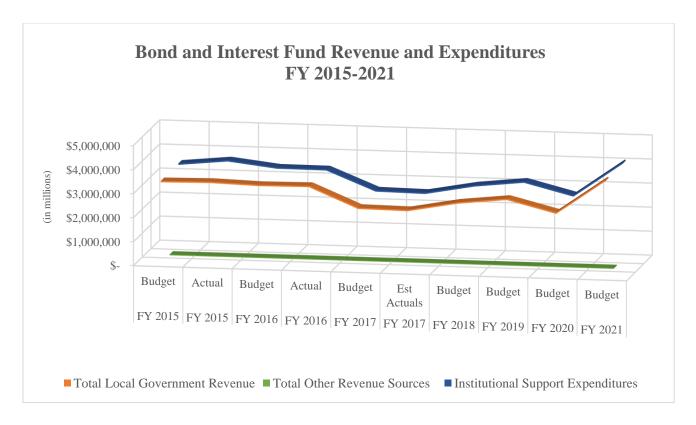


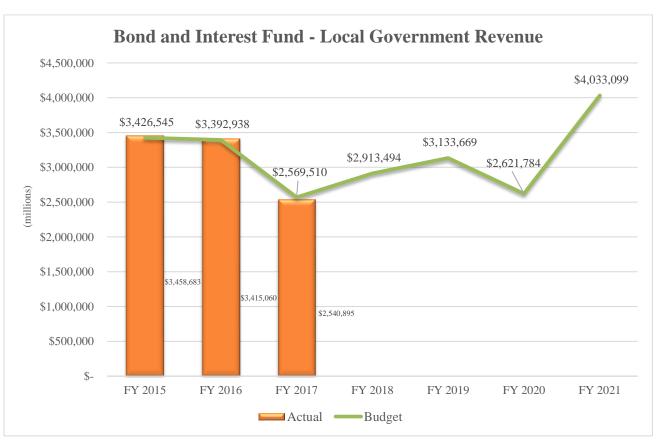
Carl Sandburg College Debt Service Fund-Projected Fund Balance

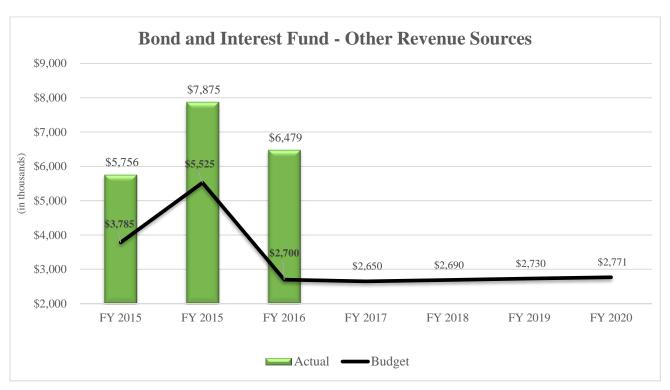
	FY	2018 Budget	Es	timated FY 2017	Change	%
Revenues	\$	2,916,144	\$	2,547,373	\$ 368,771	14.48%
Expenditures		2,913,494		2,542,487	371,007	14.59%
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	2,650	\$	4,887	\$ (2,237)	-45.77%
Transfers		_		-	-	0.00%
Change in fund balance	\$	2,650	\$	4,887	\$ (2,237)	-45.77%
Fund equity (deficit) beginning of year		327,444		322,557	4,887	1.52%
Fund equity (deficit) end of year	\$	330,094	\$	327,444	\$ 2,650	0.81%

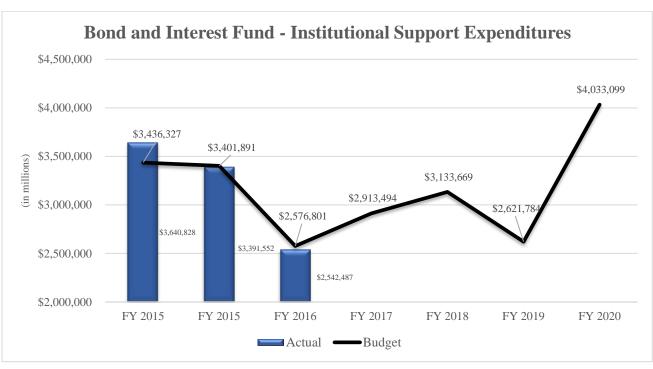


Bond and Interest Fund Revenue & Expenditures Seven Year Comparison









Bond and Interest Fund Revenue and Expenditures Fiscal Year 2015-2021

Orangina Barrana ka Sarrana		FY 2015		FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Operating Revenue by Sources		Budget		Actual		Budget		Actual		Budget	Est Actuals	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget
Local Government:															
Current Taxes	\$	3,426,545	\$	3,458,683	\$	3,392,938	\$	3,415,060	\$	2,569,510					
Total Local Government	\$	3,426,545	\$	3,458,683	\$	3,392,938	\$	3,415,060	\$	2,569,510	\$ 2,540,895	\$ 2,913,494	\$ 3,133,669	\$ 2,621,784	\$ 4,033,099
Other Sources:		2.505						= 0==		2 = 00					
Interest Income	_\$_	3,785	\$	5,756	\$	5,525	\$	7,875	\$	2,700					
Total Other Sources	\$	3,785	¢	5,756	Ф	5,525	\$	7,875	\$	2,700	\$ 6,479	\$ 2,650	\$ 2.690	\$ 2,730	\$ 2,771
Total Other Sources	Ψ	3,703	Ψ	3,730	Ψ	3,323	Ψ	1,013	φ	2,700	Φ 0,472	\$ 2,000	7 \$ 2,090	\$ 2,730	φ 2,771
Total Revenue before	\$	3,430,330	\$	3,464,439	\$	3,398,463	\$	3,422,935	\$	2,572,210	\$ 2,547,373	\$ 2.916.14	\$ 3,136,359	\$ 2,624,514	\$ 4,035,870
Interfunds & Nonoperating Item	ns	-,,		-, - ,		- , ,		-, , ,	·	,,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, ,, ,,	, -,,	, ,- ,-	, ,,
•															
Interfund Transfers		-		-		-		-		-					
Debt Proceeds		-		9,876,043		-		4,070,000		-					
Grand Total		3,430,330	\$	13,340,482	\$	3,398,463	\$	7,492,935	\$	2,572,210	\$ 2,547,373	\$ 2,916,14	\$ 3,136,359	\$ 2,624,514	\$ 4,035,870
		FY 2015		FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
		Budget		Actual		Budget		Actual		Budget	Est Actuals	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget
Institutional Support															
Fixed Charges	\$	3,429,977	\$	3,636,578	\$	3,395,441	\$	3,386,283	\$	2,569,511					
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-		-					
Other Expenditures		6,350		4,250		6,450		5,269		7,290					
T . I T . II.	Φ.	2 42 4 22 7	Φ.	2 < 40 020	Φ.	2 401 001	Φ.	2 201 552	Φ.	2.55.001	A 2542405	A 2012.40		A A 601 FO 4	Ф. 4.022.000
Total Expenditures	_\$_	3,436,327	\$	3,640,828	\$	3,401,891	\$	3,391,552	\$	2,576,801	\$ 2,542,487	\$ 2,913,49	\$ 3,133,669	\$ 2,621,784	\$ 4,033,099
before Interfunds															
Interfund Transfers	\$		\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$						
Discount on bond issuance	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	-					
Payment to refunding bond		-		-		-		-		-					
•				9,745,084				4,012,479							
escrow agent				2,143,084				4,012,479							
GRAND TOTAL	\$	3,436,327	\$	13,385,912	\$	3.401.891	\$	7,404,031	\$	2.576.801	\$ 2,542,487	\$ 2,913,494	\$ 3,133,669	\$ 2,621,784	\$ 4 033 099

Capital Projects Fund

The Operations and Maintenance Fund (Restricted) and The Capital Endowment Fund make up the Capital Projects Fund. These funds account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and technology enhancements. Capital assets include property, equipment, and infrastructure assets, such as roads and sidewalks. Capital assets are defined by the College as assets with an initial unit cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Revenue for the Capital Projects Funds is derived from Local Government and Other Sources of Revenue. These two sources are independent of our operating budget. With the establishment of the STEF fund, we have been able to enhance technology thru the use of accumulated interest income. The original STEF principle remains intact as of the end of FY 2016.

Capital Improvements

As the future of the college continues to change, a new facilities master plan was approved for adoption in January 2012. The campus master planning process began with consideration of the goals set forth in the Strategic Plan 2011-2014. With the understanding of the intended future of the college and under the guidance of college leadership, master planning was executed by means of four steps:

- 1. Assess gaps between existing capacity and design of campus buildings, grounds, and infrastructure and those required to fulfill the College's vision.
- 2. Create development concepts that meet college goals and future capacity needs through improvement of campus land use, open space and circulation.
- 3. Synthesize initial concepts into a cohesive campus-wide master plan.
- 4. Implement campus master plan through identification of general phasing and campus improvements.

Recommendation include strategies to improve overall building space utilization, improve quality of interior circulation between buildings, location of a future auditorium site, invite access by creating additional "community" entries to campus, preserving and enhancing historic views to the lake, and improving ease of access by creating key gateways from the road to main building entries. The master plan presents a comprehensive, feasible, and flexible development plant to guide the college in creating a physical environment that supports a vibrant learning community of students.

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Capital projects that are planned during FY 2018 include:

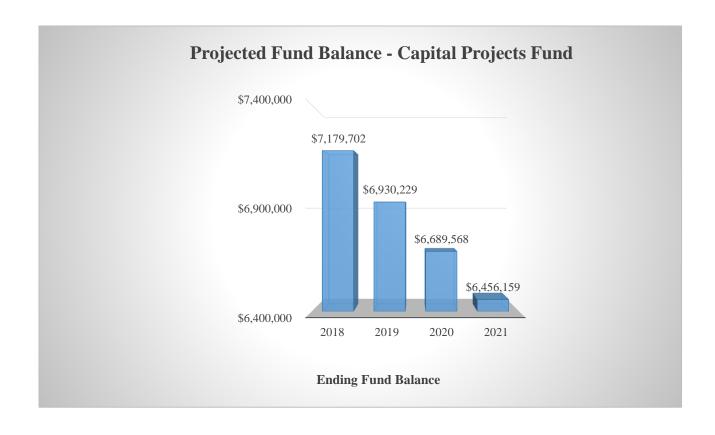
Сарп	al Proje FY 2	ects Budget 018	
			Funding Source
Campus Improvement Plan	\$	15,000	accumulated interest earnings
AA Building - Air Handling Unit Replacement	\$	108,000	Protection, Health, Safety Levy
Main Campus Fire Alarm Upgrades	\$	766,000	Protection, Health, Safety Levy
	\$	889,000	

Carl Sandburg College Capital Projects Fund-Projected Fund Balance

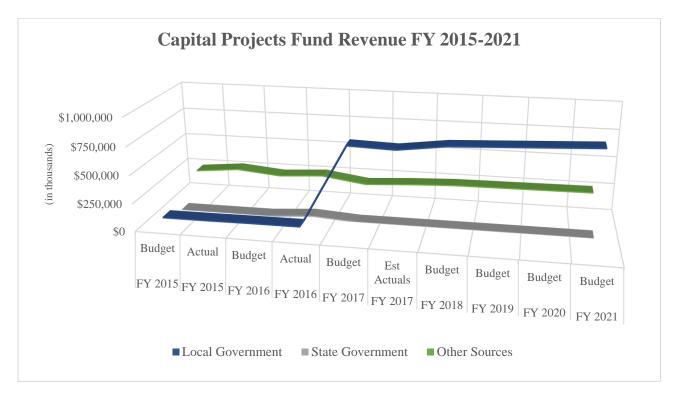
		2018	2019	2020	2021
Beginning Balance	\$	7,443,482	\$ 7,179,702	\$ 6,930,229	\$ 6,689,568
Revenues	\$	1,099,655	\$ 1,120,440	\$ 1,141,624	\$ 1,163,212
Expenditures	-	874,435	\$ 884,913	\$ 897,285	\$ 911,621
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	225,220	\$ 235,527	\$ 244,339	\$ 251,591
Transfers		(489,000)	(485,000)	(485,000)	(485,000)
Ending Fund Balance	\$	7,179,702	\$ 6,930,229	\$ 6,689,568	\$ 6,456,159

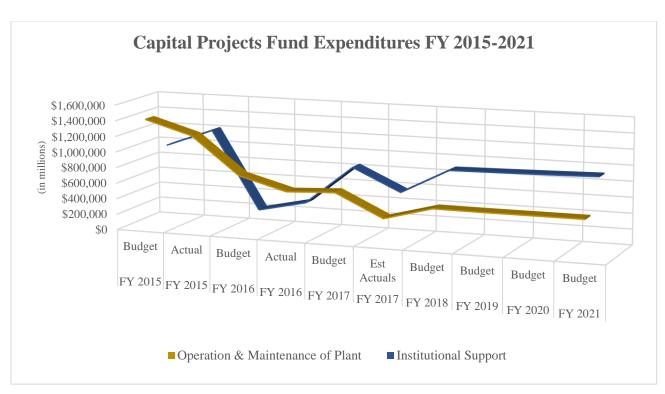
Transfers in for capital expenditures funded from STEF and Working Cash.

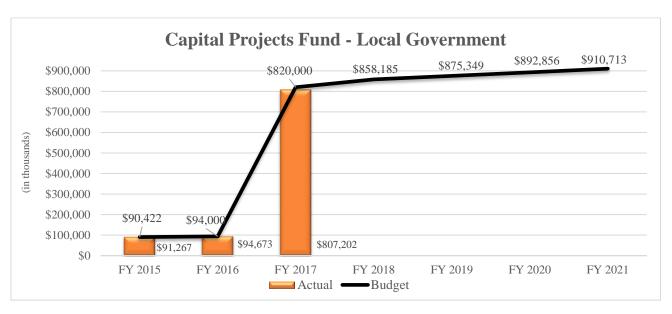
Transfers out for technology.

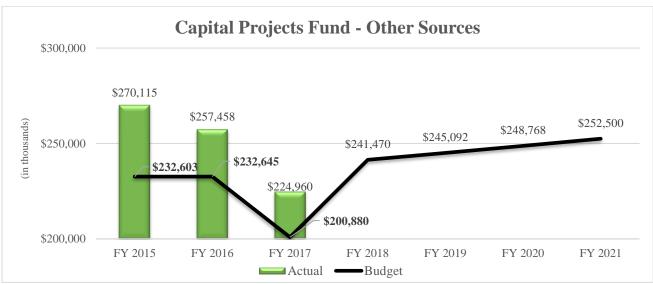


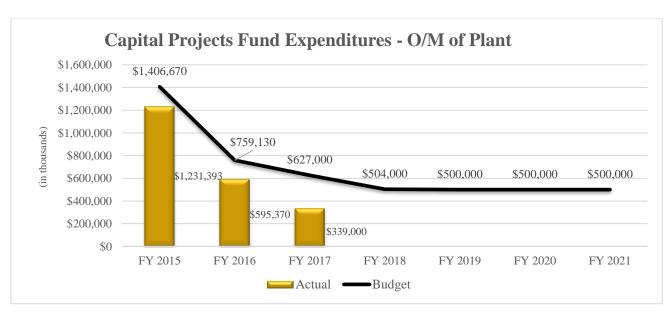
Capital Projects Fund Revenue and Expenditures Seven Year Comparison

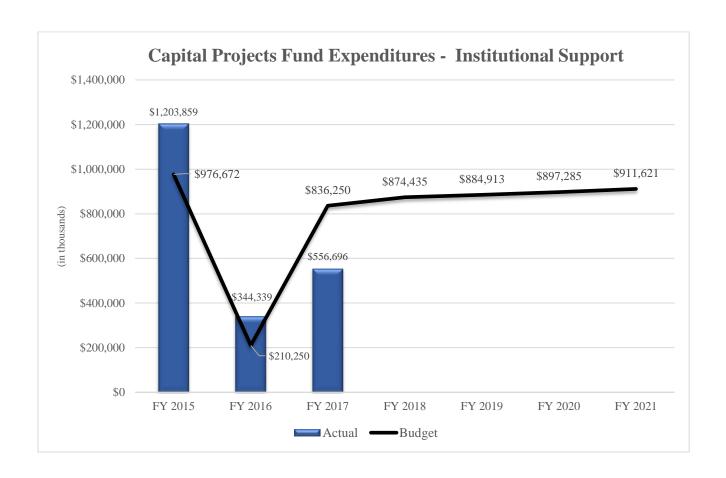


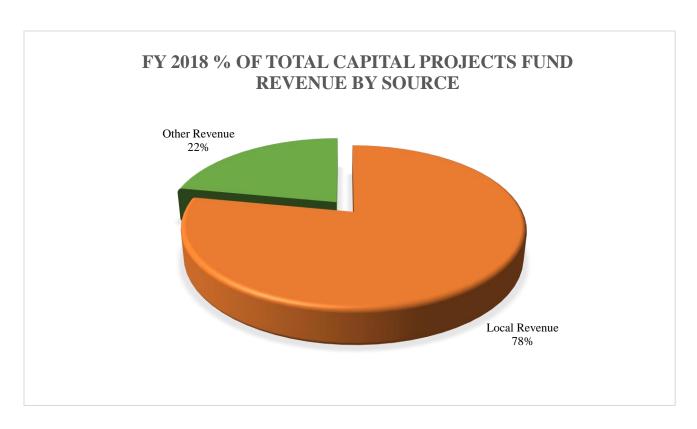












Capital Projects Fund Revenue Fiscal Year 2015-2021

Operating Revenue by Sources		FY 2015 Budget]	FY 2015 Actual	Y 2016 Budget		Y 2016 Actual	FY 2017 Budget	FY 2017 st Actuals		FY 2018 Budget	FY 2019 Budget	FY 2020 Budget	Y 2021 Budget
Local Government: Current Taxes Other	\$	90,422	\$	91,267 -	\$ 94,000	\$	94,673	\$ 820,000						
Total Local Government	\$	90,422	\$	91,267	\$ 94,000	\$	94,673	\$ 820,000	\$ 807,202	\$	858,185	\$ 875,349	\$ 892,856	\$ 910,713
State Government: ICCB Grants Other State sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	27,432	\$ -						
Total State Government	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	27,432	\$ -	\$ -	\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Federal Government: Department of Education	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -		-	\$ -						
	_\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Student Tuition and Fees: Tuition Fees	_													
Total Tuition and Fees	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other Sources: Interest Income Other Non-Government Gifts, Grants	\$	232,603	\$	-	\$ 232,645	\$	-	\$ 200,880						
Other Income				81,687	-	_	76,865	 	 	_		 	 	
Total Other Sources	\$	232,603	\$	270,115	\$ 232,645	\$	257,458	\$ 200,880	\$ 224,960	\$	241,470	\$ 245,092	\$ 248,768	\$ 252,500
Total Revenue before Interfunds Nonoperating Items	& \$	323,025	\$	361,382	\$ 326,645	\$	379,563	\$ 1,020,880	\$ 1,032,162	\$	1,099,655	\$ 1,120,441	\$ 1,141,624	\$ 1,163,213
Interfund Transfers	_	885,000		832,871	115,000		-	15,000	15,000		15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000
Subtotal	\$	1,208,025	\$	1,194,253	\$ 441,645	\$	379,563	\$ 1,035,880	\$ 1,047,162	\$	1,114,655	\$ 1,135,441	\$ 1,156,624	\$ 1,178,213
Less Operating Items*: Tuition Chargeback Revenue		-		-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Adjusted Revenue- (After above reduction)	\$	1,208,025	\$	1,194,253	\$ 441,645	\$	379,563	\$ 1,035,880	\$ 1,047,162	\$	1,114,655	\$ 1,135,441	\$ 1,156,624	\$ 1,178,213

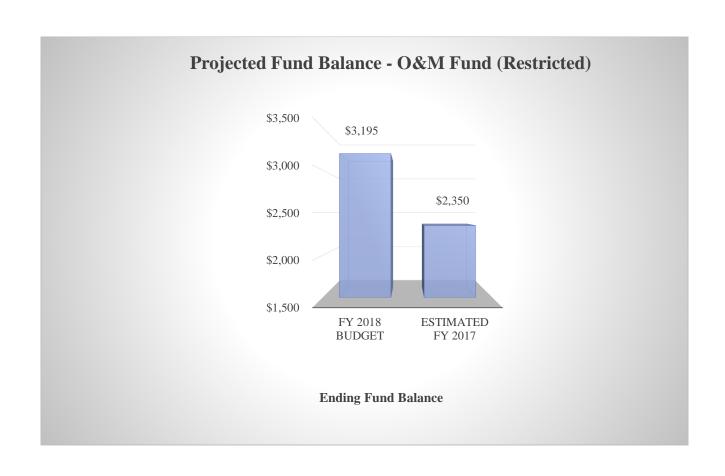
^{*}Interdistrict revenues that do not generate related local district credit hours are subtracted to allow for statewide comparison. On-Behalf revenue is not included.

Capital Projects Fund Expenditures Fiscal Year 2015-2021

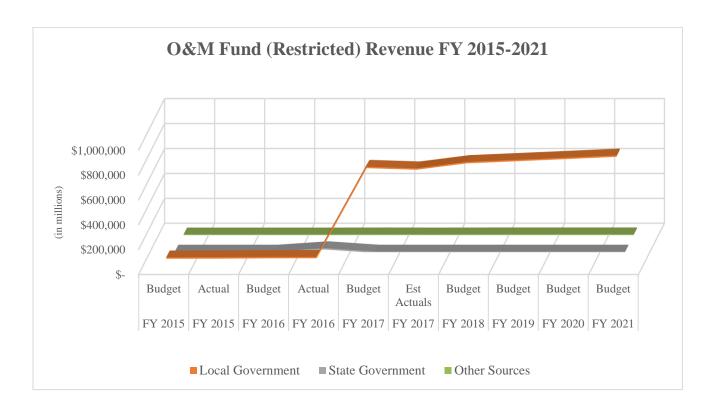
		Y 2015 Sudget	EY 2015 Actual	Y 2016 Budget	Y 2016 Actual		Y 2017 Budget	Y 2017 t Actuals		Y 2018 Budget		Y 2019 Budget		Y 2020 udget	Y 2021 Budget
Operation & Maintenance of Plan	t														
Salaries	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-								
Contractual Services		-	-	-	-		-								
Total Operation &															
Maintenance of Plant	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Institutional Support															
Salaries	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-								
Contractual Services		-	17,705	-	259,903		820,000								
General Maintenance and Supplies		559,000	592,722	100,000	2,260		-								
Capital Outlay		416,422	592,632	109,000	81,375		15,000								
Other Expenditures		1,250	800	1,250	801		1,250								
Total Institutional Support	\$	976,672	\$ 1,203,859	\$ 210,250	\$ 344,339	\$	836,250	\$ 556,696	\$	874,435	\$	884,913	\$	897,285	\$ 911,621
Total Expenditures before Interfunds	\$	976,672	\$ 1,203,859	\$ 210,250	\$ 344,339	\$	836,250	\$ 556,696	\$	874,435	\$	884,913	\$	897,285	\$ 911,621
Interfund Transfers	1	,406,670	1,231,393	759,130	595,370		627,000	339,000		504,000		500,000		500,000	500,000
GRAND TOTAL	\$2	,383,342	\$ 2,435,252	\$ 969,380	\$ 939,709	\$1	1,463,250	\$ 895,696	\$1	1,378,435	\$1	,384,913	\$1	,397,285	\$ 1,411,621

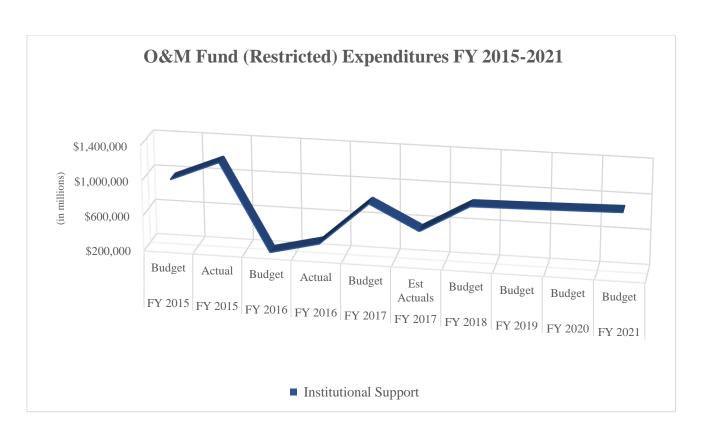
Carl Sandburg College O&M Fund (Restricted) - Projected Fund Balance

	FY	2018 Budget	Es	timated FY 2017	Change	%
Revenues	\$	859,030	\$	807,387	\$ 51,643	6.40%
Expenditures		873,185		556,696	316,489	56.85%
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	(14,155)	\$	250,692	\$ (264,847)	-105.65%
Transfers		15,000		15,000	-	0.00%
Change in fund balance	\$	845	\$	265,692	\$ (264,847)	-99.68%
Fund equity (deficit) beginning of year		2,350		(263,342)	265,692	-100.89%
Fund equity (deficit) end of year	\$	3,195	\$	2,350	\$ 845	35.96%



Operations and Maintenance Fund (Restricted) Revenue and Expenditures Seven Year Comparison





Operations and Maintenance Fund (Restricted) Revenue Fiscal Year 2015-2021

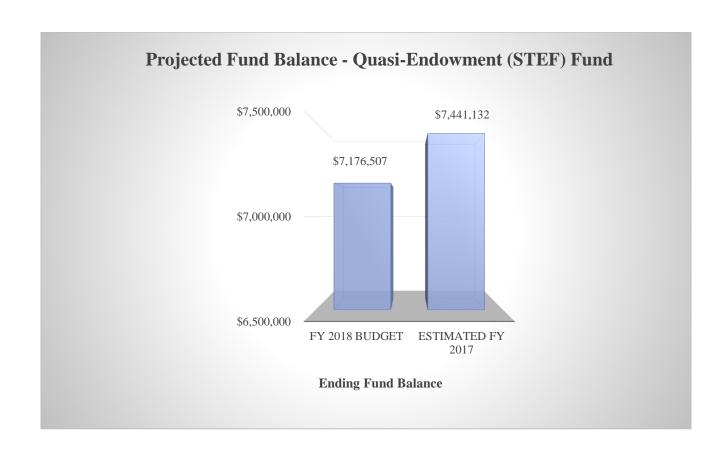
Operating Revenue by Sources		Y 2015 Budget	Y 2015 Actual	Y 2016 Budget	Y 2016 Actual	FY 2017 Budget	FY 2017 at Actuals	Y 2018 Budget		Y 2019 Judget	Y 2020 Budget	Y 2021 Budget
Local Government:												
Current Taxes	\$	90,422	\$ 91,267	\$ 94,000	\$ 94,673	\$ 820,000						
Total Local Government	\$	90,422	\$ 91,267	\$ 94,000	\$ 94,673	\$ 820,000	\$ 807,202	\$ 858,185	\$	875,349	\$ 892,856	\$ 910,713
State Government:												
Other State Revenues	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 27,432	\$ -						
ICCB Deferred Maintenance Grant		-	-	-	-	-						
Total State Government	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 27,432	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 	\$	_	\$ 	\$ -
Federal Government												
Other Federal Revenues	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -						
Total Federal Government	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Other Sources:												
Sales and Service Fees	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -						
Interest Income		103	160	145	268	880						
Other Income		-	-	-	-	-						
Total Other Sources	\$	103	\$ 160	\$ 145	\$ 268	\$ 880	\$ 185	\$ 845	\$	858	\$ 871	\$ 884
Total Revenue before Interfunds & Nonoperating Items	k \$	90,525	\$ 91,427	\$ 94,145	\$ 122,373	\$ 820,880	\$ 807,387	\$ 859,030	\$	876,206	\$ 893,726	\$ 911,596
Interfund Transfers Bond & Lease Certificate Proceed	<u> </u>	885,000	832,871	115,000	-	15,000	15,000.00	15,000.00	1	5,000.00	15,000.00	15,000.00
Grand Total	\$	975,525	\$ 924,298	\$ 209,145	\$ 122,373	\$ 835,880	\$ 822,387	\$ 874,030	\$	891,206	\$ 908,726	\$ 926,596

Operations and Maintenance Fund (Restricted) Expenditures Fiscal Year 2015-2021

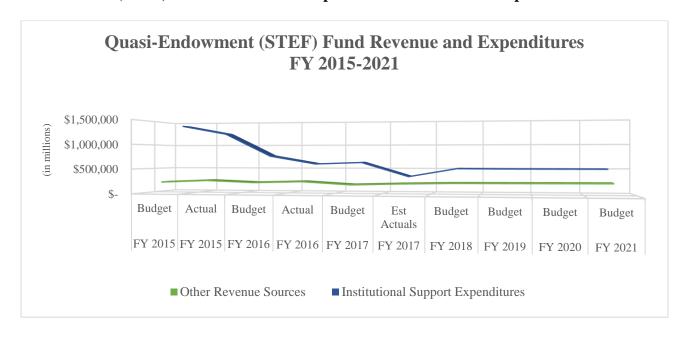
		Y 2015 Budget	_	Y 2015 Actual	_	Y 2016 Budget]	Y 2016 Actual	_	Y 2017 Budget	_	Y 2017 t Actuals	FY 2018 Budget	FY 2019 Budget		Y 2020 Budget	_	Y 2021 Budget
Operation & Maintenance of Plant Salaries	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-								
Contractual Services		-		-		-		-		-								
Total Operation & Maintenance of Plant	\$		\$		\$		\$	_	\$		\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$		\$	
Mantenance of Fain	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	Ψ	Ψ		Ψ	
Institutional Support																		
Salaries	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-								
Contractual Services		-		17,705		-		259,903		820,000								
General Maintenance and Supplies		559,000		592,722		100,000		2,260		-								
Capital Outlay		416,422		592,632		109,000		81,375		15,000								
Other Expenditures				-		-				-								
Total Institutional Support	\$	975,422	\$1	1,203,059	\$	209,000	\$	343,538	\$	835,000	\$	556,696	\$873,185	\$883,663	\$	896,035	\$	910,371
Total Expenditures before Interfunds	\$	975,422	\$1	1,203,059	\$	209,000	\$	343,538	\$	835,000	\$	556,696	\$873,185	\$883,663	\$	896,035	\$	910,371
Interfund Transfers		-		-		-		-		-		-						
GRAND TOTAL	\$	975,422	\$1	1,203,059	\$	209,000	\$	343,538	\$	835,000	\$	556,696	\$873,185	\$883,663	\$	896,035	\$	910,371

Carl Sandburg College Quasi-Endowment (STEF) Fund-Projected Fund Balance

	FY	2018 Budget	Es	timated FY 2017	Change	%
Revenues	\$	240,625	\$	224,775	\$ 15,850	7.05%
Expenditures		1,250		-	1,250	0.00%
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	239,375	\$	224,775	\$ 14,600	6.50%
Transfers		(504,000)		(339,000)	(165,000)	48.67%
Change in fund balance	\$	(264,625)	\$	(114,225)	\$ (150,400)	131.67%
Fund equity (deficit) beginning of year		7,441,132		7,555,357	(114,225)	-1.51%
Fund equity (deficit) end of year	\$	7,176,507	\$	7,441,132	\$ (264,625)	-3.56%



Quasi-Endowment (STEF) Fund Revenue and Expenditures Seven Year Comparison



Quasi-Endowment (STEF) Fund Revenue and Expenditures Fiscal Year 2015-2021

		2015 dget		2015 ctual	_	Y 2016 Budget	_	Y 2016 Actual	_	Y 2017 Sudget	_	Y 2017 t Actuals		2018 dget	FY 2019 Budget	FY 2020 Budget	FY 2021 Budget
Other Sources:																Ť	Ŭ
Federal Grants	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-							
Interest Income	23	32,500	1	88,268		232,500		180,325		200,000							
Net increase (decrease) in																	
fair value of investments		-		81,687		-		76,865		-							
Total before Interfund Transfers and Nonoperating	\$ 23	32,500	\$ 2	69,955	\$	232,500	\$	257,190	\$	200,000	\$	224,775	\$ 24	40,625	\$244,234	\$247,898	\$251,616
Transfers		-		-		-		-		_		-		-			
GRAND TOTAL	\$ 23	32,500	\$ 2	69,955	\$	232,500	\$	257,190	\$	200,000	\$	224,775	\$ 24	10,625	\$244,234	\$247,898	\$251,616
	FY	2015	FY	2015	F	Y 2016	F	Y 2016	F	Y 2017	F	Y 2017		2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
	Bu	dget	Ac	ctual	В	Budget	1	Actual	E	udget	Est	Actuals	Bu	lget	Budget	Budget	Budget
Institutional Support Fixed Charges Other Expenditures	\$	1,250	\$	800	\$	1,250	\$	801	\$	1,250							
Total Expenditures before Interfund	\$	1,250	\$	800	\$	1,250	\$	801	\$	1,250	\$	-	\$	1,250	\$ 1,250	\$ 1,250	\$ 1,250
Transfers	1,40	06,670	1,2	31,393		759,130		595,370		627,000		339,000	50	04,000	500,000	500,000	500,000
GRAND TOTAL	\$1,40	07,920	\$1,2	32,193	\$	760,380	\$	596,171	\$	628,250	\$	339,000	\$ 50)5,250	\$501,250	\$501,250	\$501,250

CAPITAL EQUIPMENT BUDGET FY 2018

Sources	APPLICATIONS 1			
	Instructional Services	Student Services	Business Services	Institutional Support
Working Cash Accumulated		\$7,800 Soccer	\$25,000 CIPS	\$30,000 SURS 6%
Interest			\$15,000 Capital Refresh	\$2,500 Ergonomic
			\$28,000 Rolling Stock	\$20,000 Contingency
Total \$128,300			, ,	
				\$115,000 Contingency
	\$20,000 Instructional			
STEF Accumulated Interest	Technology		\$104,000 Xerox	\$30,000 PC Maint. Non-faculty
\$240,625 int				\$5,000 R&D Tech Staff
\$263,375 prin	\$15,000 Academic Program Eq			\$30,000 IT Infrastruture
				\$185,000 Acces
Total \$504,000				
Perkins 06 Fund	\$50,000 Laptops &			
\$50,000	Equipment			
T 1 F (2) 05 50	#05.020			
Tech Fee (2) \$5.50 SILO	\$95,930			
Total \$58,500	\$58,500			
2001 400,000	φο οίρο σο			

¹ All of these dollar allocations are included in the draft budget.

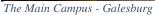
² Tech fee revenue less salaries in dept 3071



CARL
SANDBURG
COLLEGE

REGISTRATION & BUSINESS OFFICE
UNIVERSITY STUDIES CAREER &
TECHNICAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS
COMMUNITY EDUCATION
& ADULT LITERACY
305 SANDBURG DRIVE

The Branch Campus - Carthage





The Main Campus – Galesburg Rooftop project

The Main Campus – Galesburg Rooftop Project



The Main Campus-E/F Parking Lot Project

Proprietary Fund

Auxiliary Enterprise Fund

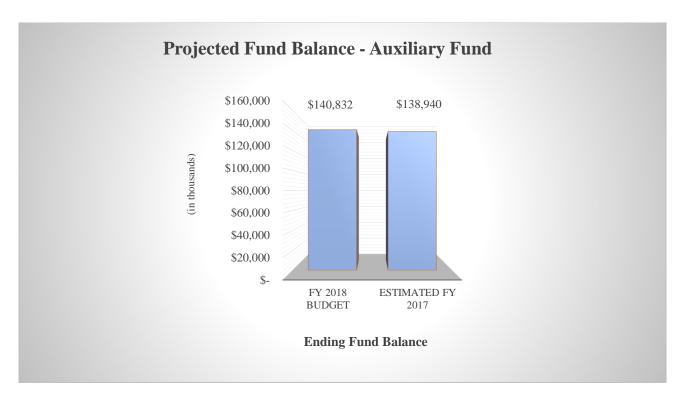
The Auxiliary Enterprise Fund is used to account for college services where a fee is charged to users or allocated to the specific use from revenues and the activity is intended to be self-supporting. Each enterprise/service should be accounted for separately using a group of self-balancing accounts within the fund. Included in this fund are the Auto Mechanics, Food Service, Bookstore, Athletics, and Dental Hygiene Clinic.

A change in Food Service providers hopes to eliminate the need for the College to subsidize an annual loss. The College decided to close the Children's School. The childcare program has been discontinued as the need for a clinical site was no longer needed.

Dental Hygiene Clinic is budgeted at \$25,000. They expect revenues of \$25,000 which will offset the expenses for the supplies and equipment. The College has moved the cost of the dentist to the Education and Risk Management areas.

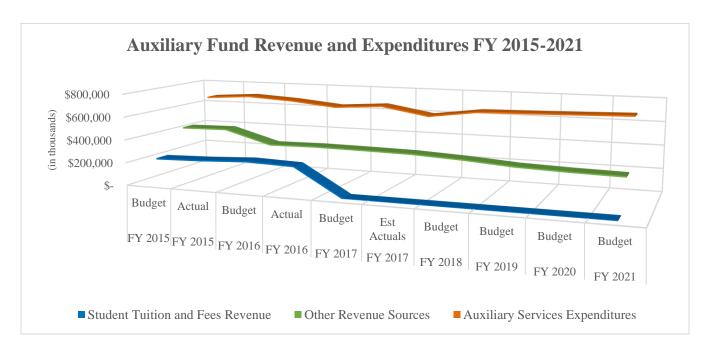
Carl Sandburg College Auxiliary Fund-Projected Fund Balance

	FY	2018 Budget	Es	timated FY 2017	 Change	%
Revenues	\$	303,875	\$	325,065	\$ (21,190)	-6.52%
Expenditures		646,783		590,964	55,819	9.45%
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	(342,908)	\$	(265,899)	\$ (77,009)	28.96%
Transfers		344,800		285,358	59,442	20.83%
Change in fund balance	\$	1,892	\$	19,459	\$ (17,567)	-90.28%
Fund equity (deficit) beginning of year		138,940		119,481	19,459	16.29%
Fund equity (deficit) end of year	\$	140,832	\$	138,940	\$ 1,892	1.36%



Management continues to monitor each area to determine feasibility to continue the program. There is consensus that some programs will run with a deficit and be subsidized with other sources.

Auxiliary Fund Revenue and Expenditures Seven Year Comparison



Auxiliary Fund Revenue and Expenditures Fiscal Year 2015-2021

	FY 2015	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Est Actuals	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget
Student Tuition and Fees:										
Tuition	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Activity Fee Revenue	225,500	236,267	255,600	241,824	-					
T-4-1 64-1-4 T-4-2-4 1 F	¢ 225.500	¢ 226.267	¢ 255.000	¢ 241.924	¢	\$ -				
Total Student Tuition and Fees	\$ 225,500	\$ 236,267	\$ 255,600	\$ 241,824	5 -	3 -	-	-	-	-
Other Sources:										
Sales & Service Income	\$ 189,874	\$ 201,486	\$ 190,646	\$ 215,673	\$ 191,700					
Commissions	164,000	159,481	131,000	113,548	139,323					
Federal Government-USDA Reimburseme	-	111	-	-	-					
Other Income	85,052	85,037	9,323	7,553	1,000					
Total Other Sources	\$ 438,926	\$ 446,115	\$ 330,969	\$ 336,774	\$ 332,023	\$ 325,065	\$ 303,875	\$ 273,488	\$259,813	\$ 252,019
Total Revenue before Interfunds &	\$ 664,426	\$ 682,382	\$ 586,569	\$ 578,598	\$ 332,023	\$ 325,065	\$ 303,875	\$ 273,488	\$259,813	\$ 252,019
Nonoperating Items	Φ 00+,+20	\$ 002,302	\$ 560,507	Ψ 570,570	φ 332,023	\$ 323,003	\$ 303,073	φ 275,400	Ψ237,013	Φ 232,017
Tonoperung Iveni										
Interfund Transfers	45,800	45,800	45,800	45,800	360,170	285,358	344,800	352,088	355,259	358,462
Grand Total	\$ 710,226	\$ 728,182	\$ 632,369	\$ 624,398	\$ 692,193	\$ 610,423	\$ 648,675	\$ 625,576	\$615,072	\$ 610,480
	FY 2015	FY 2015	FY2016	FY 2016	FY2017	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Est Actuals	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget
Auxiliary Services										
Salaries	\$ 203,599	\$ 207,817	\$ 208,561	\$ 202,192	\$ 204,537					
Employee Benefits	-	36,947	38,700	23,512	34,800					
Contractual Services	88,229	66,517	60,452	44,326	55,452					
General Maintenance and Supplies	224,622	216,560	225,503	215,962	227,776					
Travel and Conference/Meeting Expense	48,209	54,955	46,833	46,822	46,833					
Capital Outlay	29,830	33,832	28,200	28,738	28,000					
Depreciation	-	11,477	· -	15,169	· -					
Other	76,912	69,771	65,440	56,936	64,440					
			·		•					
Total before transfers	\$ 671,401	\$ 697,876	\$ 673,689	\$ 633,657	\$ 661,838	\$ 590,964	\$ 646,783	\$ 654,544	\$663,708	\$ 674,327
Interfund Transfers	-	-	-	-	-					
GRAND TOTAL	\$ 671,401	\$ 697,876								
		\$ 697,876	\$ 673,689	\$ 633,657	\$ 661,838	\$ 590,964	\$ 646,783	\$ 654,544	\$663,708	\$ 674,327

Nonexpendable Trust Fund

Working Cash Fund

The Working Cash Fund was established for the purpose of enabling the district to have on hand at all times sufficient cash to meet the demands for ordinary and necessary expenditures. Bonds may be issued, without voter approval, in an amount or amounts not to exceed in the aggregate 75 percent of the total tax extension from the authorized maximum rates for the Education Fund and the Operations and Maintenance Fund combined, plus 75 percent of last known corporate personal property replacement tax allocation.

This fund is used to account for the proceeds of working cash bonds. By making temporary transfers, the Working Cash Fund is used as a source of working capital by other funds. Such temporary transfers assist operating funds in meeting the demands for ordinary and necessary expenditures during periods of temporary low cash balances.

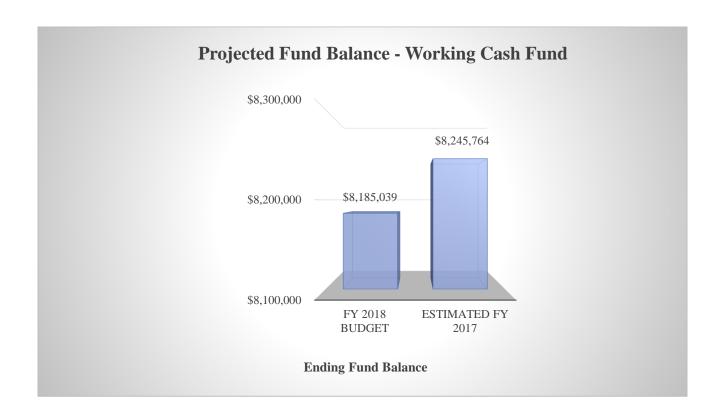
The College currently shows a principal balance of \$8,183,720, which is invested in staggered maturities to insure liquidity and follows the board's Investment Policy. Interest earned in this fund may be transferred to the General Fund with Board approval. The transfer of interest has become an important source of college revenue.

Working Cash Fund Projected Fund Balance

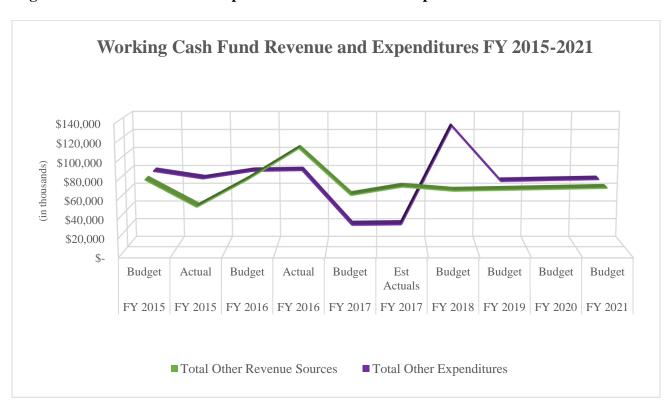
Revenue for this fund is derived solely from investment earnings. For FY 2018, these earnings are projected to remain fairly consistent due to low stable rates on short term investments.

Carl Sandburg College Working Cash Fund-Projected Fund Balance

	FY	2018 Budget	Es	timated FY 2017	Change	%
Revenues	\$	67,575	\$	71,945	\$ (4,370)	-6.07%
Expenditures		-		625	(625)	-100.00%
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	67,575	\$	71,320	\$ (3,745)	-5.25%
Transfers		(128,300)		(20,300)	(108,000)	532.02%
Change in fund balance	\$	(60,725)	\$	51,020	\$ (111,745)	-219.02%
Fund equity (deficit) beginning of year		8,245,764		8,194,744	51,020	0.62%
Fund equity (deficit) end of year	\$	8,185,039	\$	8,245,764	\$ (60,725)	-0.74%



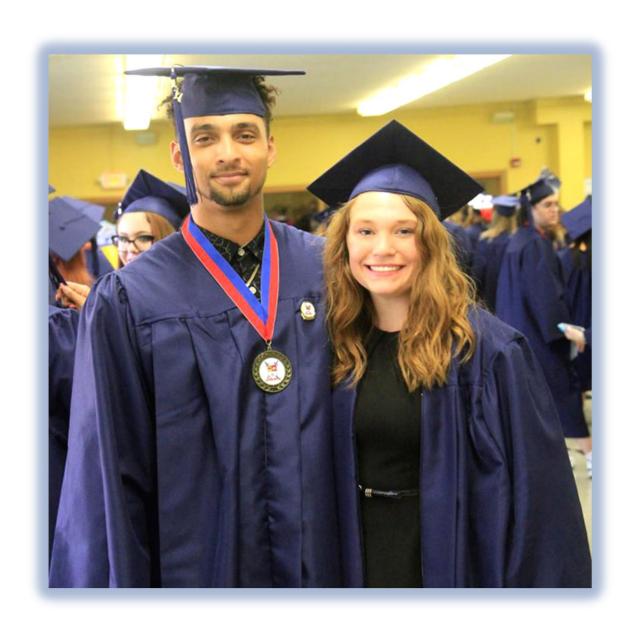
Working Cash Fund Revenue and Expenditures Seven Year Comparison



Working Cash Fund Revenue and Expenditures Fiscal Year 2015-2021

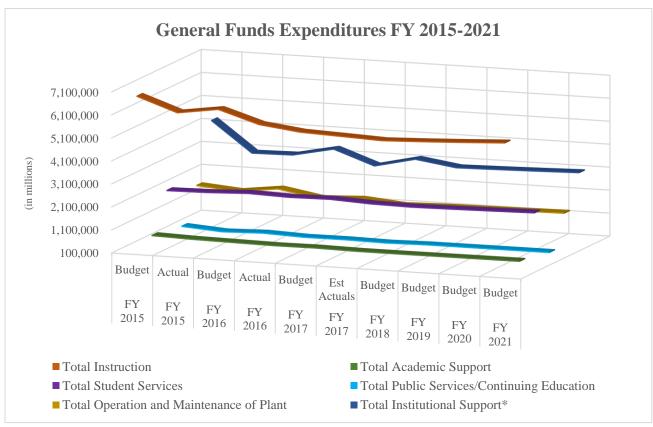
	FY 2015 Budget		FY 2015 Actual		FY 2016		FY 2016		FY 2017		FY 2017		FY 2018		FY 2019	FY 2020	
					E	Budget		Actual		Budget		Actuals	Budget	<u>t</u>	Budget	Budget	Budget
Other Sources: Interest Income Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	\$	79,625	\$	57,310 (6,775)		79,625	\$	68,789 43,542	\$	63,000	\$	71,945					
Total before Nonoperating	\$	79,625	\$	50,535	\$	79,625	\$	112,331	\$	63,000	\$	71,945	\$ 67,57	5	\$ 68,589	\$ 69,617	\$ 70,662
Transfers																	
GRAND TOTAL	\$	79,625	\$	50,535	\$	79,625	\$	112,331	\$	63,000	\$	71,945	\$ 67,57	5	\$ 68,589	\$ 69,617	\$ 70,662
	FY 2015 Budget		FY 2015 Actual		F	FY 2016		FY 2016		FY 2017		Y 2017	FY 2018		FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
					Budget		Est Actuals		Budget		Est Actuals		Budget		Budget	Budget	Budget
Other Expenditures	\$	-	\$	858	\$	-	\$	850	\$	-	\$	625	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total before transfers	\$	-	\$	858	\$	-	\$	850	\$	-	\$	625	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Transfers		79,630		70,525		79,625		79,625		20,300		20,300	128,30	0	68,500	69,600	70,600
GRAND TOTAL	\$	79,630	\$	71,383	\$	79,625	\$	80,475	\$	20,300	\$	20,925	\$ 128,30	0	\$ 68,500	\$ 69,600	\$ 70,600

III. Performance



Check Performance

The primary focus for the FY 2018 budget is dedicated to student success. This begins with recruitment and continues as the student enrolls, attends classes and receives assistance if needed in pursuit of their education. The allocation of resources reflects the dollars for instruction and student support services. The college has also established funds to maintain and enhance technology to meet students varying levels of ability. Performance indicators have been established to assist in evaluating progress toward institutional goals.

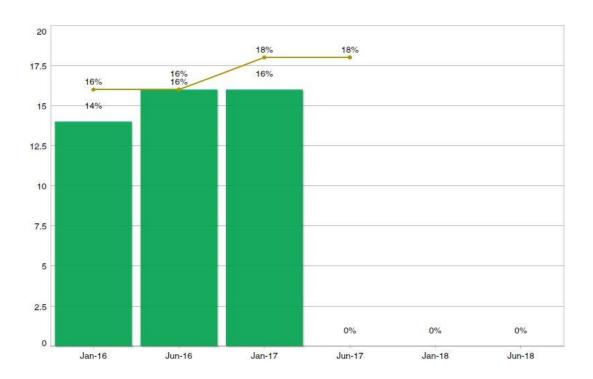


^{*}Excludes State of Illinois SURS on-behalf payments

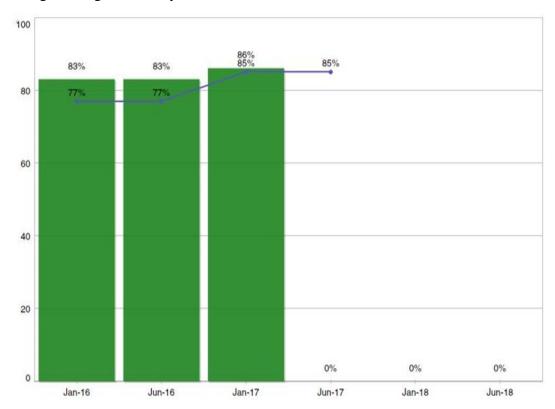
A. Student Access and Success

a) Student Success Academic Support

Increase the usage of tutoring services by the student body to 18% by the end of FY18

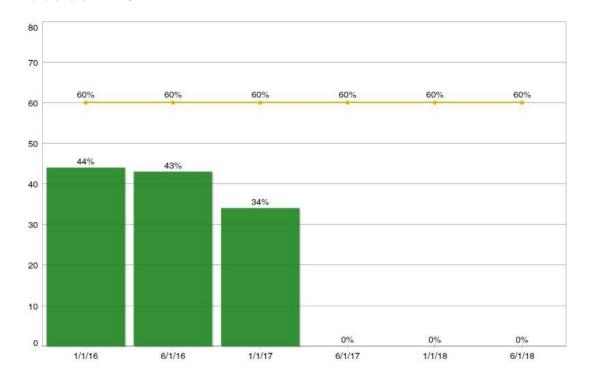


Increase the percentage of students receiving a grade of A, B, or C to 85% as a result of using tutoring services by the end of FY18

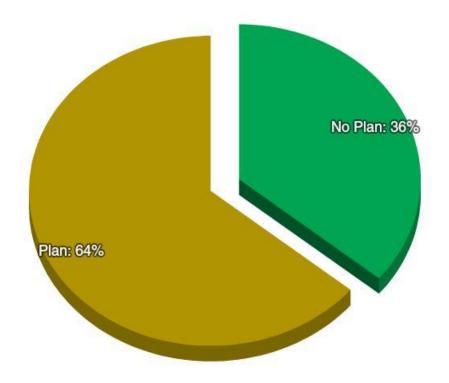


b) Student Success Advising and Counseling

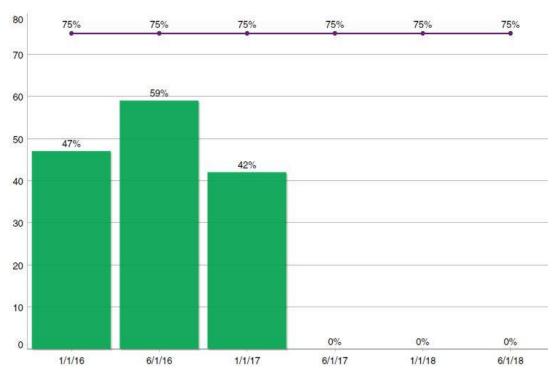
Increase persistence of student with an Academic Improvement Plan (AIP) to 60% by the end of FY18



Develop an educational plan for 100% of FTFTDS students by the end of their $2^{\rm nd}$ semester by the end of FY18

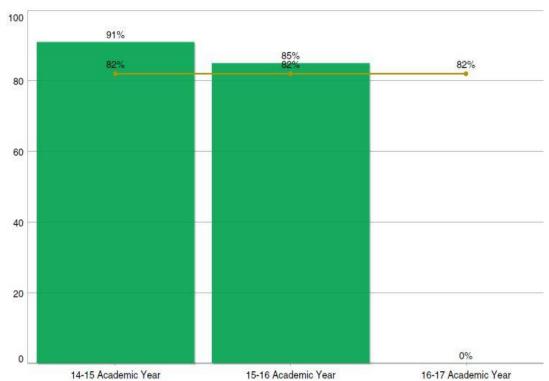


Provide academic advisement of 75% of the students who receive a high concern flag within 7 days by the end of FY18

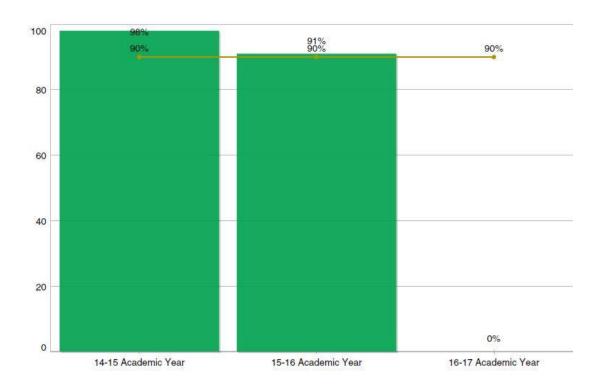


c) Student Success TRIO – SSS

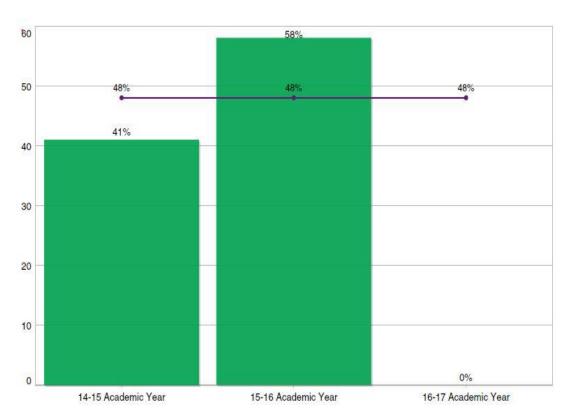
Increase persistence (as defined by grant language) of all TRIO SSS participants to 82% by the end of FY18



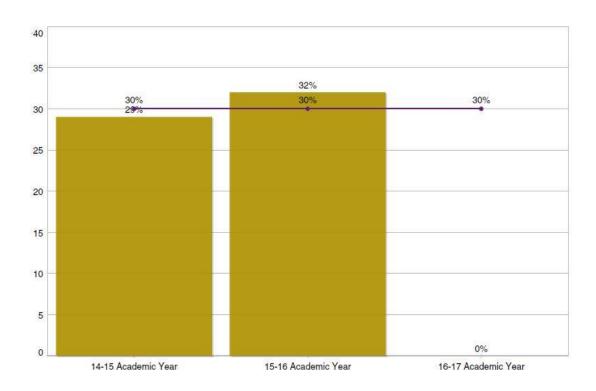
Increase annual good academic standing rates of all TRIO SSS participants to 90% by the end of FY18



Increase 4-year graduation rates of each TRIO SSS cohort to 48% by the end of FY18



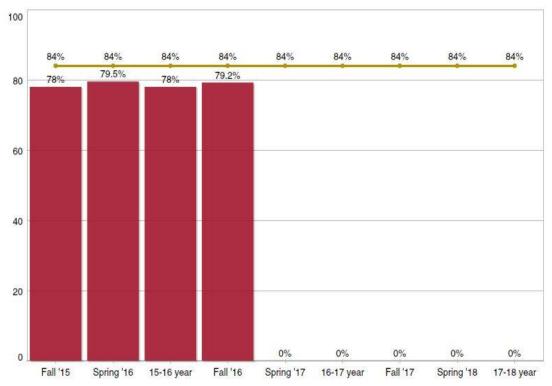
Increase 4-year transfer with degree rates of each TRIO SSS to 30% by the end of FY18



B. Teaching and Learning

a) Math and Natural Science

Increase the number of students passing Math and Natural Science course sections by at least 5% by the end of FY18



b) CTHE

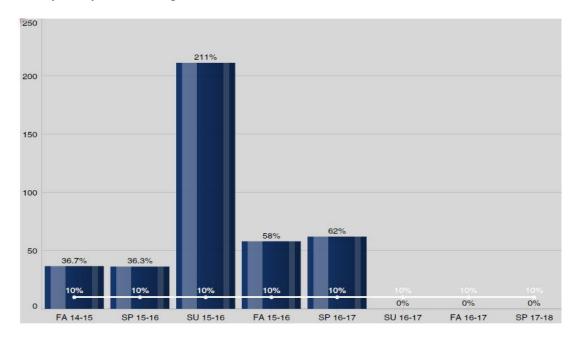
Increase student participation in the ESA (Employability Skills Academy) by 80% by the end of FY17

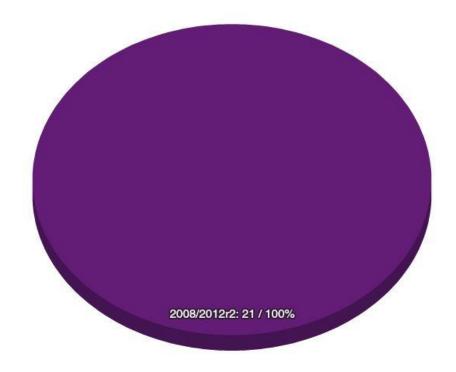


C. Operational Sustainability and Excellence

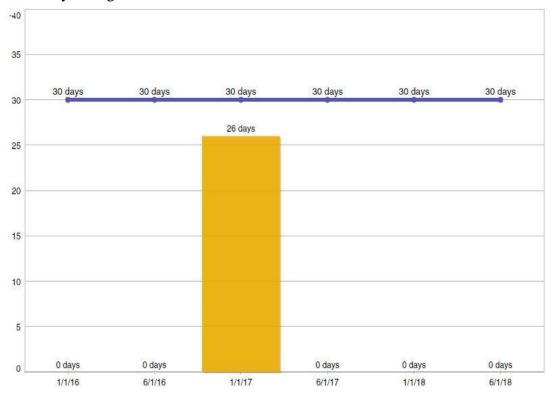
Technology Services

Sandburg Educational Network (SEN) will increase cumulative attendance at events each year by 10% through FY18



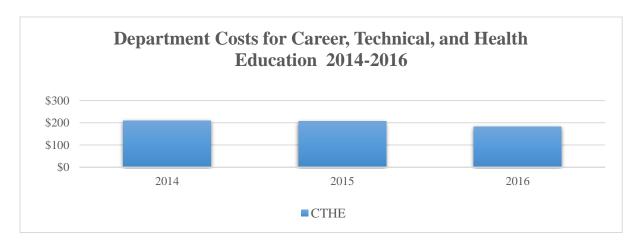


Monitor critical vulnerabilities via a matrix and have resolution within $30\ days$ of discovery through FY18

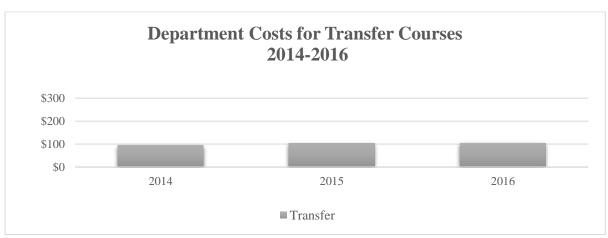


After the first year of tracking information, the college departments reported out to each other in an institutional effectiveness meeting. This was a long day with a lot of information. We have moved to a process of a few departments reporting out to our administrative team each month. This allows for discussion and other thoughts to be presented.

Revenue cost reports have been prepared for more than ten years. These started as a tool to review each department. It has been determined to move this analysis to the program area rather than the larger department. Faculty may teach across departments and will be allocated based on the program. Expenditure tracking has also been started for recruitment/program related marketing materials and in house print jobs. These reports are presented to cabinet and to the program budget officer. Decisions can be made based on data presented.

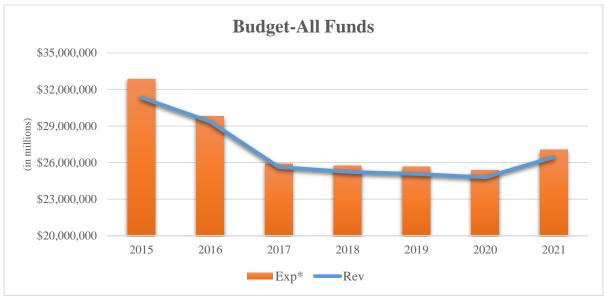




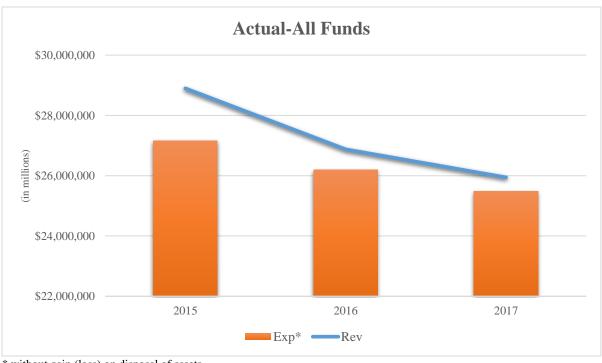


Budget and Financial Summaries for 2015-2017

A balanced budget is a fundamental element of financial accountability. Expenditures in excess of revenues must be covered with accumulated fund balance. This has been budgeted by using STEF funds to cover technology enhancements. Actual expenditures have not exceeded revenues.

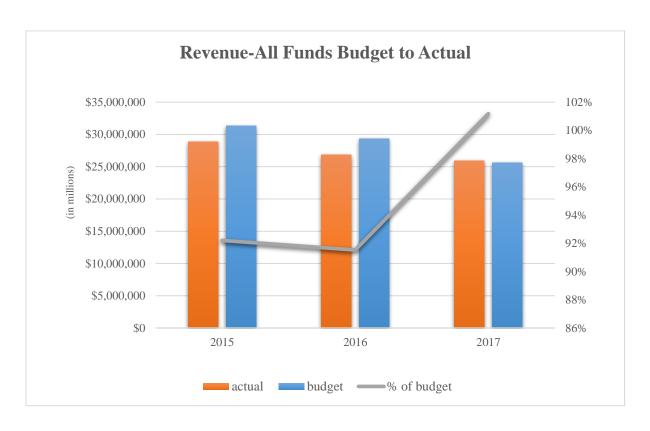


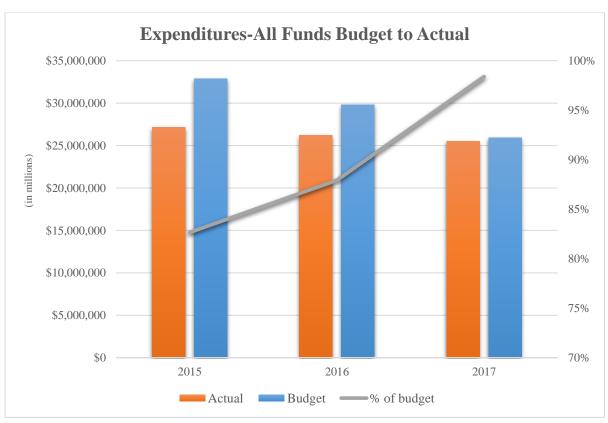
* without gain (loss) on disposal of assets

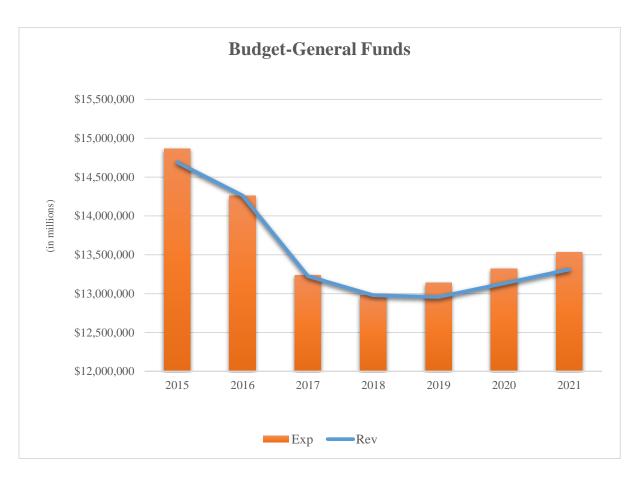


^{*} without gain (loss) on disposal of assets

Revenues have typically been within 90% of budgeted amounts with expenditures staying below 100% of budgeted numbers.







In fiscal year 2016, actual operating expenditures were in excess of revenue. This was a result of lack of state funding.

